

A Plot to Derail Europe's Monetary System? Now, a Suggestion of Maneuvering Economists, Not Amused, Express To 'Torpedo' Single Currency Plan Praise and Disdain for Bundesbank

By Joseph Fitchett and Carl Gewirtz International Herald Tribune

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PARIS --- Chancellor Helmut Kohl, stung by complaints about German interest rates, accused unnamed forces Tuesday of seeking to "torpedo" the European Community's drive for a single currency by speculating against individual currencies.

His charge seemed to echo allegations in France that the United States, with support from Britain, is promoting turmoil in the exchange markets because Washington fears that the emergence of a European currency could dethrone the dollar and undercut U.S. economic power.

The suggestion that Mr. Kohl, too, might entertain what one central banker called "a scapegoat theory about the marketplace" caused consternatioo among U.S. and Euro-pean officials and bankers.

Doubts about European governments' ability to move together economically, along

with a desire for profits, have driven the speculation in recent months against European currencies, according to private bankers. Both the United States and Britain histori-

cally have been more comfortable with the idea of free play by markets than France, which strongly believes in the need for gov-ernment actioo to guide markets. This distrust of markets sometimes in-

cludes a suspicion that, left to themselves, they can become a force undermining nation-al political goals. Specifically, French offi-cials have consistently complained that the weakness of the U.S. dollar has put unfair

pressure on European currencies. U.S. officials acknowledge their reluctance to prop up the dollar's value, but they de-scribe this as a tactic to promote exports and growth, not undermine European currencies. Both Onno Ruding, vice-chairman of Citi-bank and a former Dutch finance minister, and Robert Hormats, vice-chairman of Goldman Sachs and a former assistant secretary of

See PLOT. Page 6

By Brandon Mitchener

ional Herald Tribune FRANKFURT --- Economists across Europe took issue Tuesday with the Bundes-bank president's use of the word "ignoramuses" to describe those who complain that German interest rates are too high. While it is true that German interest rates

as a whole have fallen considerably, the economists said, the short-term German rates that dictate European currency relations are both historically and uncomfortably high and are stilling the European business climate.

On the other hand, however, many econo-mists agreed with the Bundesbank's cautious approach to monetary policy, saying that the longer-term dangers associated with cutting rates too quickly outweigh the dangers asso-ciated with waiting too long to cut. "A diplomat he is not," said Paul Horne,

senior economist for Smith Barney in Paris. "At the very least, you can say it is unfeeling, Technically speaking, he's correct, but he's ignoring the problems of others."

Jim O'Neill, a senior economist at Swiss Bank Corp. in Londoo, said: "There's a lot of evidence to support the line the Bundesbank is taking, if not occessarily their choice of aggressive words,

Io an otherwise carefully worded speech delivered Monday in London, the Bundes-bank president, Helmut Schlesinger, ooted that the average interest rate on long-term German bonds, at 7 percent, was "not high either in nominal or real terms."

Then Mr. Schlesioger, who is widely blamed for having exacerbated the wors of Britain's pound in September with his com-ments, quoted, apparently approvingly, a re-cent editorial in the Frankfurt daily Borsen-Zeitung that labeled talk of a persistently high interest rate policy in Germany "the idle chatter of ignoramuses."

The Bundesbank, when asked whom Mr. Schlesinger had meant, referred to the edito-rial, which cited "repeated assertions by poli-See RATES, Page 6

U.S. Growth Forecast Is the Best in a Decade

But Changing Times Reduce Chance That Indicators Mean Burst of Jobs

By Lawrence Malkin

International Herald Tribune NEW YORK - The U.S. index of leading indicators rose in December at its fastest rate in a decade, the government reported Tuesday. But the White House responded by saying it would still propose some modest economic pump-priming in its first budget and gave some details to leaders of Congress.

The government also reported a healthy 6.3 percent rise in sales of oew single-family homes in December.

These optimistic reports pushed the dollar These optimistic reports pushed the dollar higher in European trading, causing particular damage to the British pound. The dollar rose to 1.6420 Dentsche marks in late trading, up near-ly a pfennig from 1.6350 on Monday, while the pound fell to \$1.4435 from \$1.4540. Despite the sharp rise in the U.S. data, econ-omists warned that growth this year would probably be less robust than the forecasting crusta scared to aradia

gauge seemed to predict.

In the first report, the Commerce Depart-ment said the index of leading indicators jumped 1.9 percent, with gains spread widely among its 11 components. It was the largest gain since April of 1983, when the economy was also emerging from recession, but it did bitle to also energing from recession, out it and that of change the consensus economic forecast of roughly 3 percent growth for this year, with a small effect on unemployment. The strongest push came from a rise in con-sumer confidence and a boliday drop in claims for unemployment, both of a thick through the star-

for unemployment, both of which returned to more moderate paths in January and therefore will drag the index for last month.

Dee Dee Myers, the White House press sec-retary, called the figures "good news" but said President Bill Clinton remained "very, very concerned about a recovery without job growth." She said the data did oothing to lessen the need for ecocomic stimulus. Treasury Sec-retary Lloyd Bentsen echoed this in a speech to Treasury employees but said no decisioo had been made,

Reports from Capitol Hill indicated the administration has been trying its stimulus pro-gram on for size. Coogressional leaders said it would be split between spending and investment tax credits. George Stephanopolous, the commu-nications director, said the total would be "in the ballpark" of \$30 billion and could generate 200,000 to 500,000 jobs. The plan, as reported by members of Congress, would include spending not normally considered stimulative but impor-

tant to Mr. Clinton and his wife, Hillary, such as summer jobs for youth, education aid for young people and immunizations for children. (Page 3) Little of this is likely to be inflationary, since President George Bush left a small fiscal breathing space by pushing into an election year early cuts of \$25 billion in withholding taxes and advanced transfer payments such as

weterans life insurance dividends. Mr. Bush "threw everything he could at the economy, although he didn't boast about it," said Aubrey Zaffuto of AZ Advisory, an ecooomic consulting firm. "The result was a con-

Sound consuling itrin. "The result was a consumer spending boom, and that's one of the things pumping up the leading indicators." Most economists are wary of the indicators as a forecasting aid. "They foretold the 1988 recession, which oever happened, and they did not tell about the 1990 recession, which did." sid David Mura of DBU/McCare, Jill. said David Wyss of DR1/McGraw Hill.

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Ms. Zaffuto said the series makes more sense when viewed as a coincident indicator - a group of statistics mirroring what is actually happening rather than what will happen six to nine months ahead. A principal reason for this, she said, is that U.S. industry has dramatically shortened its delivery times through computer-ization and inventory control. The turnaround time on new orders now is so short."

Her explanation helps understand this month's index, which was bolstered by the surprising 9.1 percent jump in durable goods orders already reported for December. A decade ago, that would have been a harbinger of increased production in the spring and deliveries in the summer, but now, she said, "the orders are not for mainframes but personal computers, and they take those off the shelf and ship them the same day."

The index therefore was widely accepted as confirmatioo that the economy was moving ahead steadily ahead. On Monday, the index issued by the National Associatioo of Purchasing Management for January rose 2.6 points to 58. David C. Munro of High Frequency Eco-nomics described this as "thumbs-up, but be-low boom-like readings." The Purchasing Man-agers index of employment in their companies remained mired at 47.4 points, or below expansioo levels.

In its home-sales report, the government said the rise for the entire 1992 year was 19.2 percent above the deeply depressed sales level of the



2 KILLED IN JOHANNESBURG — A man pleading with the police Tuesday not to use their guns as they advanced on protesting taxi drivers in Johannesburg. The police opened fire, killing two drivers. The anthorities gave the police special powers to break at forcing an eventual black government to respect liberties and property rights. Page 6.

Flurry of U.S. Trade Actions Masks a Policy Vacuum

By Keith Bradsher New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — During last year's election campaign, Bush administration trade officials fretted over what they saw as Bill Clinton's protectionist oratory, and in Mr. Clinton's first two weeks as president there have been a flurry of trade decisions, including the imposition of steep tariffs on steel imports.

But the course of Mr. Clinton's trade policy has not yet been set, or even seriously considered, U.S. officials and Washington trade experts assert.

The new administration's actions so fat are mainly an outgrowth of Bush administration initiatives, they said in interviews last week. And the early outlines of a Clinton trade policy trace a course that may end up remarkably similar to President George Bush's, for all the difference in the words used to describe them.

On Monday, the Clinton administration announced it would

bar companies from the European Community from bidding on U.S. government utility and service contracts in the United States, responding strongly to new EC restrictions on U.S. sales of electrical and telecommunications equipment. In the last two weeks, word has leaked that the auto industry is preparing to seek broad tariffs against imported cars, while

NEWS ANALYSIS

the new U.S. trade representative, Mickey Kantor, hinted at a

confrontational trade policy in his Senate confirmation hear-

To a great extent, this combination of events and oratory is a coincidence, trade specialists inside and outside the government agree. But it also reflects the pressures both from business and from the trade bureaucracy that made the free-trade Bush administration something less than purist, and may well moderate the actions of Clinton officials who sometimes sound protectionist

"It's probably going to be a very tough policy from a rhetorical point of view, which may make for tough negotiations, but I think Clinton is ultimately a free-trader and his policies may not differ much from the Bush administration's," said Representative Robert T. Matsui, Democrat of California. Mr. Matsui, one of the House's trade specialists, also is close to the Clinton administration.

Mr. Matsui said that at meetings on Thursday and Friday in Baltimore between Clinton cabinet officials and Democratie members of Congress, trade policy was never directly men-tioned. The president's senior economic advisers only alluded to the nation's competitiveness in world markets as a possible target for funds that might he spent in any effort to stimulate the economy, be said.

To be sure, the Clinton administration is under pressure from many industries seeking help against foreign competi-

See TRADE, Page 13

Iraqi 'Change of Behavior' Is Acknowledged by U.S.

By Thomas L. Friedman New York Times Service

WASHINGTON --- The Clinton administration said Tuesday that the Iraqis had "changed their behavior" and halted harassment of U.S. planes policing the oo-flight zones over north-

ern and southern Iraq. The administration's public acknowledg-ment of the change in Iraqi behavior appears to reflect the mutual interest that both parties have in toning down the Iraqi-U.S. conflict for the moment.

The Clinton administration, anxious to focus attention on solving problems at home, can ill afford to get distracted by Iraq, especially after having been diverted in its first week by the dispute over whether to lift the ban on homo-

sexuals in the military. The Iraqi leader, Saddam Hussein, has a strong incentive to explore whether the signals President Bill Clinton has sent — that be is ready to tolerate Iraq if it behaves itself -- will lead to a different relationship.

A Defense Department spokesman, Bob Hall, said in response to questions at a Penta-gon briefing Tuesday that Iraq had not used targeting radars or fired on allied planes in the zones since Jan. 23, three days after Mr. Clinton's manguration.

Mr. Hall's declaration that "what has changed here is the Iraqi behavior," echoed the language that Mr. Clinton used in an interview on the eve of his inanguration, when he said

that if the Iraqis "change their behavior" they could expect to have a different relationship with the United States.

That statement caused an uproar because it appeared to contradict the Bush administration's view that American relations with Iraq could not improve as long as Mr. Saddam remained in office.

Senior administration officials said that the similar language was just a coincidence. And Mr. Chinton has said that he is simply continuing the Bush administration's policies toward

But Iraqi officials have said they believe that there is a difference between the two men -that while Mr. Bush was committed to removing the Iraqi leader. Mr. Clinton is ready to ignore him, provided that he abides by United Nations resolutions and does not threaten American aircraft.

On Tuesday, the Clinton administration offi-cials said they believed that for the moment Mr. Saddam had made a tactical decision to go on good behavior for a while and see how that is requited by the new administration.

Administration officials generally suggest that while Mr. Saddam is behaving himself for the moment, they do not believe this will last. Their analysis of Mr. Saddam is that his character and his predicament dictate that he will sooner or later test Mr. Clinton, perhaps in abiding by all of the UN cease-fire resolutions, while challenging the no-flight zones, which do not have explicit UN authorization.

In Tokyo, Glimpse of the Invisible Hand

By Paul Blustein Washington Post Service

TOKYO - For months, a remarkable calm has descended over the Tokyo stock market, contrasting starkly with the nerve-wracking dechine last summer. But the tranquility may be deceptive, for it is largely the result of a government scheme to prop up share prices, according to market participants and government officials.

In a striking illustration of interference in the marketplace to further the national interest, the Japanese government has been punping bil-lions of dollars into stocks through giant public pension, insurance and savings funds. These funds often issue a flood of buy orders to keep

market indices from falling below key psychological barriers, traders say. As well, the Ministry of Finance is effectively

blocking private insurance companies, trust banks and other major investors from selling large amounts of stock with subtle messages the institutions do not dare disobey because of the bureaucrais' enormous regulatory powers.

"They never say, 'Don't sell,' " said one in-surance company executive. "But we have had phone calls in which they ask things like, What are you planning to do with your long-term holdings? We understand the situation. It means we shouldn't sell."

This sort of bureaucratic manipulation of investment firms would evoke scorn or even outrage in New York or London. Here, it is

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shrugged off as a fact of life, a compromise with laissez-faire principles that the authorities make as a matter of course when the market's stability is threatened.

Officially, the Finance Ministry denies that it is engaged in propping up the stock market.

The ministry contends that it is simply trying to avoid practices that might needlessly drive share prices down.

But privately, officials acknowledge that they are deliberately trying to buoy the market, and that this represents an important shift from previous policy.

The market stabilization effort is drawingattention as questions arise over how much

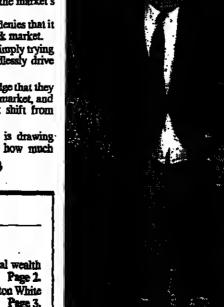
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Jürgen Holtz, making his debut as Motzki.



By Marc Fisher

Washington Past Service BERLIN - Friedheim Motzki, the Archie Bunker of Germany, considers the fall of the Berlin Wall a "black day in history." East Germans, he says, are money-grubbing ingrates who should be forced to wear cloth patches identifying them as despicable Ossies.

Germany has managed to stumble through the collapse of communism, a frightening wave of anti-foreigner violence and a deepening recession. But now comes a creature from the country's deepest subcoascious: Motzki, a Teutonic TV tyrant who is played for laughs but who some fear may end up splitting the two Germanys as even the wall couldn't.

"Motzki," the sitcom, began a 13-week run on Tuesday, and critics, politicians and ordinary citizens were worrying that the foulmonthed grouch will exacerbate already strained relations between West Germans and their troubled cousins in the formerly Communist East.

A bald, flabby widower who is a recently retired driving instructor, Motzki fires resentments from his tacky throne in a relentlessly brown living room. His inevitable foils are Edith - ring a bell? - the quiet, suffering and

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noble sister-in-law from the East, and Gulusan Ukzknutz, a Turkish shopkeeper who worships Motzki as the consummate German and who speaks like Tonto, despite having been in Germany for 19 years. It being Germany, home to 2 million Turks, the Turk is played by a Romaman actor.

Motzki, who debuted in Episode 1 with his pants dropped to his ankles and a roll of toilet paper in his hand, rails against women, foreigners, bad drivers and, above all, Ossies, slang for East Germans.

"You've been German for three years now," Motzki, played by Jürgen Holtz, tells Edith. "When will you finally catch on?"

"We were Germans before, too," Edith responds. "We're at least as German as you."

A shopkeeper tells Motzki that "your friend is waving to you" from across the street. Motzki glances over and says, "That's not a friend. That's a Turk."

Recailing the courageous East Germans who took to the streets of Leipzig in 1989 to protest against their regime, Motzki says, "I thought, uh oh, hold on to your wallets! They're going to go for your money.'

The government-controlled TV network is

See TV, Page 6

Calling the peace plan "the only act in town," the European Community mediator said the Muslims would not join the Serbs and Croats in agreeing to the settlement "while they think Washington may come into it on their side any day now." (Page 2)
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noral News aggiers' paradise: In Russia vast mineral wealth ms there for the taking. occoli is in, and smoking is out at the Clinton White use. An interview with the first lady.

eli rightists assailed the government's offer to ng back 100 Palestinian deportees. Page 5. siness / Finance Datch unchmaker DAF was forced to seek tection. an's jobless rate is climbing.

A Spy Plane Scandal? Germans May Finally Land a Biggie

By Craig R. Whitney New York Times Service

Page 2

BONN - This is such a small town that even political scandals don't usually meet the standards set by Washington, London and Paris.

A few weeks ago the German economics minister had to resign over a letter he wrote on behalf of a cousin's company, which made plastic tokens to spring shopping carts loose in supermarket chains. The housing minister was accused of writing letters for a big real estate investment company

But an affair is brewing that has the ingredients of a major scandal: European-U.S. aerospace rivalry, charges of bribery reaching high into Germany's governing party, big-spending contractors, lavish trips to South America; everything, so far,

except sex. The world has not yet paid much atten-

connaissance system.

A U.S. company, E-Systems of Greenville, Texas, is the prime contractor for the system, known as Lapas.

The Defense Ministry has already spent more than \$500 million on the project, but last month temporarily halted the next phase, worth \$220 million, after prosecutors here brought bribery charges against the main German subcontractor.

According to the prosecutors and to ress reports, the owner of Grob Air and pace Travel GmbH of Mindelheim, the German company, was generous to officials who were in a position to see to it that

be got the contract. The company makes the nonmetallic turboprop Egrett D-500 aircraft that carries the airborne part of the system to heights above 15,300 meters (about 50,000

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late 1980s.

General Eberhard Eimler and Governor accepted with pleasure. Max Streibl have vigorously denied that they took any money from the company. "I am not bribable, and I have never been bribed," Mr. Streibl said last week in a Bavarian parliament session in which he was repeatedly called upon to resign.

Smugglers' Paradise: Russia and Its Vast Mineral Wealth

General Eimler said he saw nothing

electronic equipment that goes with them. fore the general retired in 1990. Mr. Streihl

lavish parties at an estate in Brazil in the to procure the system, but that Mr. Grob the prosecutors." was an old friend whose invitation he had He said that E-Systems fully expected to

tions about," he said.

officials in Munich said.

General Eimler could not be reached, a long run.

tion to charges centering on a \$1 billion feet). The ministry has ordered 10 of them, wrong with accepting Burkhart Grob's in- and the Grob company said it had no contract for a high-altitude electronic replus the extensive air- and ground-based vitation to visit Brazil at his expense, be- comment about the reported charges. Mr. Grob's companies also contributed The system, according to Jane's Defense said he had gone to Brazil twice at Mr. 105,000 Deutsche marks, more than Review in London, can be used for every- Grob's invitation, which he said he regard- \$65,000, to Mr. Streibi's Christian Social thing from environmental monitoring to disarmament verification. The prosecutors and press say the owner of the company invited the former senior of the Company invited the former senior of the Company invited the former senior

of the company invited the former senior officer of the German Air Force general and the conservative governor of the state of Bararia where the factory is lower to do with the conservative governor of the state of Bararia where the factory is lower to do with the conservative governor of any investigation of the conservative governor of the state of Bavaria, where the factory is located, to thing to do with the government's decision us, and we have never been contacted by

continue with the contract.

"Perhaps that was a mistake, because the But with the opposition Social Demotrip came to a sum one could raise ques- crats raising charges that unfair methods had steered the contract into U.S. hands Mr. Grob did not even write off the costs and away from German companies such as as business expenses on his tax returns, Domier, also in Bavaria, the affair sceme as Der Spiegel magazine said, destined for

Danes Press for Maastricht Approval COPENHAGEN (Reuters) — Prime Minister Poul Nynup Rasmussen of Denmark said Tuesday that his government would give priority to ensuring that Danes voted "yes" in a second referendum on the Maas-tricht treaty. "It is crucial that Denmark remains an active and commit-

ted member of the European Community," he said in a speech opening the new session of parliament. Danes narrowly rejected the Treaty on European Union in a referendom in June. Deamark then negotiated a deal with its 11 EC partners allowing it to be exempted from joint EC currency and defense plans.

WORLD BRIEFS

In London, former Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher and a crossparty group of politicians launched an informal "dial-in" referendum on Maastricht. Members of the public can telephone one of two numbers to register whether they oppose or support the treaty.

Mobutu Foe Calls for Intervention

KINSHASA, Zaire (AFP) — Zaire's transitional government appealed for military intervention by Belgium, the United States and France to restore "order and security," and said that noting by army troops left more than 1,000 dead.

The estimate of the death toll, given by an official of the government of Prime Minister Etienne Tshisekedi, which was dismissed in December by President Mobutu Sese Seko but has refused to step down, is double the rresacent Moduru Sese Seco out has rerused to step down, is addre the estimate reported by the Zairian Human Rights League. Foreign Minister Willy Claes of Belgium has said that about 300 people died in the noting. The transitional government rejected responsibility for the riots, saying the Mobutu regime was "solely to blame." The violence began last week when the Mobutu government paid soldiers in new bank notes that merchants refused to accept. About 1,800 foreigners have fled the country since the violence began.

China to Build Airport in Guangzhou

HONG KONG (AP) - Apparently in a challenge to Hong Kong's planned multibillion-dollar airport project, Chinese officials confirmed Tuesday that they would build another international airport in the southern city of Guangzhou.

southern city of Guangzhou. The official Xinhua press agency quoted Li Ziliu, mayor of Guangz-hou, as saying that the airport, schechiled for completion by 1997, would cost up to \$695 million and probably be located in the suburb of Panyu. Mr. Li said the airport would help ease the increasing air traffic at Guangzhou's Baiym International Airport and other airports in southern Chine There is the Li said the airport would be an airport biomer Kanada

China, Though Mr. Li said the airport would complement Hong Kong's planned airport, Chinese officials have previously indicated a willingness to build more airports in case the Hong Kong project falls through.

Dutch Move to Permit Euthanasia

THE HAGUE (Reuters) - Parliament on Tuesday backed plans to allow doctors perform enthanasia under controlled conditions. Overwhelmingly supported by the governing Christian Democrat and Labor parties, the measure is subject to a formal vote next week.

The law would virtually guarantee doctors immunity from prosecution as long as they followed strict guidelines. The main condition is that the patient be terminally ill and in unbearable pain.

3 Americans Kidnapped in Panama

MEXICO CITY (WP) - Armed men believed to be Colombian guerrillas have kidnapped three American missionaries from a remote village in the southeastern Panamanian province of Darien, and there has been no word from the kidnappers since the incident occurred, late Sunday.

The wives and children of the missionaries witnessed the kidnappings, in the village of Pacuro, but they escaped unharmed with the help of local Kuno Indians, said Nancy Mankins, wife of David Mankins, one of the kidnapped missionaries. Speaking by telephone from Panama City, she declined to give other details of the kidnapping, referring all questions to the New Tribes Mission headquarters in Sanford, Florida.

Mel Wyma, spokesman for New Tribes, identified the three as Mark Rich, 23, Rick Tenenoff, 36, and Mr. Mankins, 43. He said New Tribes had heard nothing from the kidnappers and did not know why the three were abducted. A Panamanian government spokesman, Victor Acosta, said military helicopters and police units had flown to Darien to begin earch efforts.

TRAVEL UPDATE

One of Belgrade's main transport unions began in indefinite strike Tuesday, stopping about a quarter of the city's bus and tram network. More than 1,500 of Belgrade's transport employees stayed away from work, demanding wage increases to match cost-of-living rises and greater pay flexibility. (Reuters)

1.0 MOSCOW - When he was finally arrested and charged with murder, an Estonian truck driver aston-ished Russian prosecutors with the claim that he had personally earned a half-million dollars smnggling raw Every few days at the ancient Russian trading post 12 of Pskov on the border with Estonia, Yaak Ryassa would pick up a trailer loaded down with nickel or

Last in a series

materials out of Russia.

By Michael Dobbs and Steve Coll

Washington Post Service

aluminum and then cross the border along forest roads to the Estonian city of Tartu.

Because metals are far cheaper in Russia than in the West, Mr. Ryassa's cargo doubled or tripled in value during the 50-mile (50-mile) journey. He told prosecutors that for each trip, he received

\$2,000 to \$5,000 in crisp \$100 bills.

All went well until a day in September when two armed men dressed in army camouflage uniforms flagged him down. He offered them \$1,000 to melt back into the forest.

They wanted \$2,000. Unwilling to bargain, Mr. Ryassa took an automatic pistol out of his jacket pocket and shot and killed the two men, according to A northwestern city once renowned for its medieval

churches, Pskov has become a key transit point for an increasingly cutthroat, multibillion-dollar sungging business that is contributing to one of Russia's most difficult economic problems

At a time when capital is desperately needed to revitalize the economy, billions of dollars earned by Russia from sales of raw materials is flowing in the wrong direction - back to the West.

Competing networks of shady businessmen, corrupt officials and unscrupulous middlemen have taken advantage of the chaos to make fortunes overnight by buying cheap raw materials in Russia and exporting them illegally to the West.

The profits on the illicit trade in oil, metals and . strategic materials such as gold and titanium are staggering.

The Russian Security Ministry, successor to the KGB, estimates that trading companies in the newly independent Baltic states turned a \$3 billion profit in 1992 alone by snuggling raw materials out of Russia.

The 'Unofficial Channels'

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One of every three barrels of Russian oil and one of every two tons of nickel that reaches the West arrive through "unofficial channels," according to the

ministry. The Russian government's refusal to free prices for oil and other raw materials has created buge financial incentives for smuggling. Russian officials argue that complete price liberalization would bankrupt tens of thousands of factories, resulting in mass unemployment and a possible social explosion. But most Western economists believe the alternative of keeping a distorted price system is even worse. This is merely an indication of the fact that you can't have half-hearted reform," said a World Bank economist. "It leads to corruption. The system gets undermined very rapidly. Much of the illegal trade in raw materials is fun-neled through the Baltic nations of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania, which traditionally have served as Russia's window to the West. Over the past two years, Latvia and Estonia have become leading exporters of nonferrous metals such as aluminum, nickel and copper, which they do not produce. The smuggling trail begins in the resource-rich re-gions of western Siberia and the Ural Mountains, where the official prices of oil and other minerals are a small fraction of the world prices. As the minerals come out of the ground, a portion is creamed off by local officials, who bully or bribe

officials in Moscow to issue them export licenses, law enforcement officials say.

These local factory managers, mine directors and politicians, who in many cases operate as minor barons ruling vast Bolshevik industrial fieldoms, are seizing their freedom from the Communist state's once smothering power with gusto.

Andy Smith, a London analyst who follows Russian gold sales for UBS Phillips & Drew said Russian gold producers, for the first time in 70 years, "can smell dollars, and there's nobody with a machine gun in

said Bill Newman, assistant general manager of Rus-sia's state-owned Moscow Narodny Bank in London, deposit it into their Swiss bank accounts or for more "That, in turn, has given incentive to fairly shady

Western firms to move in, particularly at the local level. These people are there to cream off profits and they're not interested in the long-term development of the country."

Police arresting suspected organized crime figures in Moscow. The soaring crime rates have led city authorities to ask the armed forces for help.

Such systematic corruption has produced some-times bizarre effects in the West.

One of the most striking examples is in Eastern Europe, long dependent on Soviet oil exports to fuel

noble ends like plowing money back into producing communities," said Reinhold Booysen, a senior editor at the Petroleum Intelligence Weekly newsletter. When central control in Russia broke, these indi-

Viktor Koncever/

vidual oil producing associations started trying to take control of the foreign carrency. Western oil companies moved in and bought it directly. The ignorance of the market provided a massive opportunity to get the oil dirt-cheap."

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Instead of producing manufactured goods that no one wants to buy, many Russian factories now simply resell their raw-material quotas to middlemen at much higher prices, according to Russian officials.

Much of this material is then smuggled or otherwise re-exported illegally to the West,

At the end of the smuggling trail, in places like London and Rotterdam, where sellers can get hard currency on the spot for any metal they manage to carry out, docks and warehouses are overflowing with Russian materials

World Metals Affected

World metal prices, already slumping because of recession, have been badly hit by the unchecked flows of smuggled Russian products, falling in some cases by half since the collapse of communism. Scores of aggressive Western traders are flocking to

the former Soviet Union for a piece of the action. The face of Western capitalism they present to Russians just learning about life in a free market is not always attractive.

"The problem at the moment is there hasn't been the incentive for the largest Western firms to move in,"

factories and heat homes.

When communism collapsed and Soviet oil trade suddenly converted from incestious, subsidized barter deals among friendly Communist countries to Westem-style hard-currency transactions, East European oil buyers panicked.

For the first time, they had to pay cash dollars for Russian oil - and dollars were scarce.

But early last year, state oil buyers in Poland, Hungary and Czechoslovakia at the other end of the "Friendship Pipeline" from Russia found themselves awash in millions of barrels of oil available at prices cheaper than anywhere else in the world.

The main reason, according to oil traders and analysts: So much artificially cheap Russian oil was being siphoned illegally down the Friendship Pipeline that it reated a glut of smuggled crude in Eastern Europe. That allowed East European oil buyers to bargain with a surplus of sellers, driving prices down as much

as \$4 below world benchmark levels. "The first lesson to learn about the free market is

never to be surprised at anything," said an East European state oil buyer who benefited.

"Virtually anyone in Russia who can lay their hands and other commodities.

in Eastern Europe late last year, according to state oil buyers in the region, ranged from fly-by-night opera-tors to giants such as British Petroleum and Royal Dutch/Shell to large independents such as Phibro Energy AG, a Salomon Brothers Inc. unit, and Marc Rich & Co. Ltd.

High Profit, High Corruption

Those companies declined to comment specifically about their East European sales, but oil traders in-volved said some acquired their oil after it left Russia, while others scoured the former Soviet Union to arrange supplies.

The latter approach can plunge Western traders into a thicket of corruption but promises the highest profits.

One Western trader with a high profile inside Rus-sia is Marc Rich, the reputed billionaire who lives in Switzerland after fleeing a 1983 federal indictment in the United States concerning tax and oil trading fraud

Mr. Rich, a major player in the international metals and oil markets, has established webs of joint ventures in Russia to produce and export oil, nickel, aluminum

Heavy rains and flooding have forced the temporary closure of Ambosch National Park, Kenya's most popular game park, officials said. (AP)

The Smithsonian Institution will begin asking visitors for donations at four of its Washington sites next month. The one-year experiment will have contribution boxes inside the National Air and Space Museum, the National Zoo, the National Museum of American Art-National Portrait Gallery and the Anacostia Museum. Admission remains free. The institution is nearly 85 percent government-supported. (WP)

A mouthlong celebration of homosexuality began in Sydney on Tues-day, culminating in a nightlong gay and lesbian parade and a party Feb. 27 expected to attract 500,000 people. The Sydney Gay and Lesbian Marth Gras, in its 16th year, is estimated by organizers to carn the Australian city about \$11 million. (AFP

China's trains and main railroad hubs were jammed as hundreds of thousands of peasants left their villages during the hull in farming just after Chinese New Year on their annual exodus to seek temporary jobs in coastal citics, official press reports said Tuesday. (AFP)

Severe winter storms hit Russia's far north on Tuesday, disrupting power supplies to about a half-million residents. Regional train and air crvice was affected. (Reviers)

Shots fired at an American Airlines jet last month at Lima's airport were claimed by Shining Path guerrillas, a Peruvian magazine reported. The weekly Si said the attack Jan. 22 on the A-300 Airbus was aimed at sabotaging government efforts to win foreign investment. (Reuters)

TO OUR READERS IN BUDAPEST Hand delivery of the IHT is now available on the day of problem: We can't get the Musli on board. And that's largely the fault of the Americans, because the publication. Call today: 175-7735 Muslims won't budge while they think Washington may come into it on their side any day now. "What do they want down there, a war that goes on and on? This isn't just the best act in town, it's the only act in town, it's the best settlement you can get, and it's a bitter irony to see the Clinton people block it. Cyrus R. Vance, the former U.S. Herald Eribune.

Owen Prods U.S. to Back Bosnia Plan as 'Only Act in Town' By R.W. Apple Jr. New York Times Service NEW YORK - Lord Owen, their peace plan, but he pointedly declined, confining himself to praise for their "tireless, couraone of the two international mediators in the Balkans, charged Tues-day that the Clinton administrageous effort " tion's reluctance to back the effort Two of the three factions inthreatened to "scuttle the chances of ending the war" in Bosnia-Her-

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volved in the war, the Serbs and the Croats, have agreed to a plan that divides Bosnia and Herzogovina "Against all the odds, even into 10 autonomous republics - in against my own expectations, we effect, ethnic enclaves. Russia and the EC have also endorsed it. The have more or less got a settlement," Muslim-dominated government headed by President Alija Izetbethe former British foreign secretary said in an interview. "But we have a govic has held ont. ШS

Secretary of State Warren M. speaking on condition of anonym-Christopher on Monday to endorse ity, said that Mr. Clinton continued to have questions not only about the practicality of the plan, such as whether it could be enforced, but also about the justice of embedding in any agreement what be called "ill-gotten Serbian gains that result

from ethnic cleansing. Nevertheless, there were veiled suggestions in Washington that Mr. Chinton and Mr. Christopher might be preparied might be preparing to work toward an accommodation with the negotiators, perhaps trying to further reduce the con sts the Serbs are

A senior administration official, permitted to keep, rather than seek-

ing UN authorization for lifting the embargo on arms shipments to the Bosnian government or commit-ting the United States to air strikes

on Serbian supply lines. Lord Owen said be had the feeling that Mr. Christopher "didn't really hear what I was saying." His sense, he said, was that because Mr. Clinton had promised bolder ac-tion in Bosnia during the campaign, "and because they've had to pull back on so much already, they're afraid to do so on this, too." But he said he and Mr. Vance continued to hope that "eventually, they'll get it and help us."

Britain, France and Russia stop all this loose talk about using would probably veto any attempt force, make it clear to Izetbegovic to win Security Council approval that he's got no real alternative to for arms shipments to Bosnia, Lord the negotiations, work with us on Owen argued, and if not, such shipimproving the map, and then send ments would trigger arms shipments would trigger arms ship- American troops in there under ments from Russia and Belarus to NATO auspices." the Bosnian Serbs.

While be did not oppose air U.S. Gives Karadzic a Visa strikes to enforce an eventual

agreement, be said, Western mili-The State Department said Tues-day that it had granted Radovan tary intervention before such an agreement would constitute "an ir-Karadzic, the Bosnian Serb leader who it wants to put on trial for war crimes, a visa so he can take part in a talks at the United Nations, Repwants a new policy, then he should ters reported from Washington.

"This could be the big prize for Clinton," Lord Owen said. "If he

UN Finds It's Powerless to Warm Up Sarajevo

By Christine Spolar

Washington Past Service SARAJEVO, Bosnia-Herzegovina ----Jim Finlayson had worked the phones for four days and carried a cease-fire agreement in his pocket that he thought gave him a few hours to patch a power line to bring warmth and light to thousands who have had neither for months.

The New Zealander and about two dozen other United Nations peacekeepers got to the damaged lines, within about 30 meters (90 feet) of the front lines, when

builtets started flying. Within seconds, the UN forces saw Bos-nian soldiers lob two grenades toward their Serbian enemics. One exploded 10 meters from the peacekeepers; another ripped into the ground nearby. Small-arms fire flashed from both sides, trapping the UN troops until they were able to crawl to safety.

Thus, another electrical repair mission collapsed.

Major General Philippe Morillon of France, chief of the UN forces in Bosnia, has canceled additional forays to fix power lines along the front, situated near Zuc, until "both sides can be counted on" to obey temporary cesse-fire agreements. Mr. Finlayson, a mission commander

line in Relievo that could better distribute electricity to this besieged city, said the failure underscores just how frustrating the peacekeeping effort can be.

planning, and signed agreements from military commanders on both sides, there was no way we could do any of the work at all. The soldiers at the front obviously hadn't been told," he said.

Sarajevo once was served by two power main stations and 10 electrical substations. Then the war began and, steadily, the battle stripped the countryside of the cables that carried power into town.

Today, the city relies on one power line from one substation. About 20 percent of the city receives power. Hospitals and govemment buildings have priority. Residen-tial areas remain a patchwork. Many homes have no electricity, water or central heat.

Lepa Mijukovic, 80, has lived in her third-floor apartment for four months without power. She wears layers of clothing according to the day's temperature. When temperatures dropped recently to several degrees below freezing, and a brisk breeze whiled through the statiway of her apartment house, Mrs. Mijnkovic wrapped herself in four sweaters, five pairs of socks, a woolen petticoat, two skirts, two dresses and shoes.

She said she stays in her apartment in the day and sleeps at night in a neighbor's apartment. Her neighbor doesn't have heat either, Mrs. Mijukovic said, but she has family. Six bodies generate more heat

than one so the group sleeps in one room to stay warm

UN forces have been constantly frusrated in their efforts at repair. The peace-keepers undertook an ambitious power-line repair schedule in October. The first couple of months brought some early successes that lent promise to the idea that minimal living conditions could be main-

Then came a new Bosnian offensive, and UN forces found themselves caught between the two sides.

Electric company officials in Sarajevo have been critical of the UN effort. The forces have repaired only 18 percent of the lines and transformers that they had planned to fix in October.

The New Zealander says be understands the frustration. Soldiers on both sides have told him they like it when they see UN peacekeepers repairing the glass transformers atop of power lines.

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who has tried 20 times to repair the single

"We approached this mission very, very carefully," he said. "And after all that



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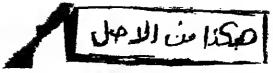
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INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1993

Page 3

FIRST 100 DAYS / FIRST LADY'S IMPRINT

* POLITICAL NOTES* At Home With the Clintons: Broccoli Is In, Smoking Is Out

White House Pulls the Plug on TV Briefings

WASHINGTON --- Back to where we started? The White House communications director, George Stephanopoulos, who broke with tradition to allow his daily briefings to be broadcast on television and radio, has pulled the plug.

Without explanation, or even much warning, the White House returned to the pattern of previous administrations, in which the daily briefings were for the record but not on camera or with live

Actually, oo explanation was needed. It is a truism of press Actually, oo explanation was needed. It is a truism of press coverage that television needs pictures for many of the stories it does, and pictures of Mr. Stephanopoulos explaining the withdrawal of Zoë Baird as attorney general-designate, explaining homosexuals in the military several days running, and talking about Social Security benefits cuts are not the kinds of pictures any White House wants. What White House officials mark is the maxident doing streiden What White House officials want is the president doing presidential things on camera. (WP)

Bill Clinton is Out-Polarizing Ronald Resgan

WASHINGTON - It is a rare American who does oot already love or hate Bill Clinton. After two weeks in office, he seems to be ont-polarizing even Ronald Reagan in early polls. His disapproval ratings are the highest on record. But his approval ratings are higher than Mr. Reagan's and George Bush's were at this stage. Relatively few people have no opinion of him. At this point in Mr. Bush's presidency, 43 percent of Americans

At this point in Mr. Bush's presidency, 43 percent of Americans had go opinion of him — even though he'd been vice president for eight years. Only 16 percent of those in a CNN-USA Today poll issued Monday night had no opinion of Mr. Clinton. The poll said 54 percent approved of the way Mr. Clinton was handling his job, down from 58 percent last week; and 30 percent disapproved, up from 20 percent last week. Mr. Percent and Mr. But has a percent disapproved of the transfer of the bus percent disapproved of the transfer of the bus percent last week. percent last week. Mr. Reagan and Mr. Bush, by comparison, started out at 51 percent approval. Only 6 percent disapproved of Mr. Bush's performance and 13 percent of Mr. Reagan's. (AP)

Military Bases May Sheiter the Homeless

WASHINGTON --- The Clinton administration is drafting a plan that would use decommissioned military bases and other federal facilities to house the homeless, Housing Secretary Henry Cisneros said Tuesday.

"It's critical as we wind down the military machinery of the Cold War that we make every effort to make that conversion to those most needy in our society." Mr. Cisneros said on the NBC News program "Today."

Major Schedules Clinton Meeting for Feb. 24

LONDON - Prime Minister John Major of Britain will meet President Clinton in Washington on Feb. 24, government officials said Tuesday. Mr. Major will be the first European leader to meet the new president. (Reuters)

Quote/Unquote

President Clinton, describing his first two weeks in office: "I know that it defies the momentary conventional wisdom, but I think we're off to a pretty good start. If you just want me to do things that are easy, you should have elected somebody else president." (UPI)

· Punxsutawney Phil, dragged from his burrow in Punxsutawney,

cellular phones and cancer, but there is no cause for alarm in the meantime, experts told a congressional panel. There is virtually no. likelihood that radio waves from cellular phones cause cancer, though some studies indicate they may accelerate existing cancer growth, said Dr. Mays Swycord of the Food and Drug Administration.

By Marian Burros New York Times Service WASHINGTON - Hillary Rodham Clinton says she and President Bill Clinton

hope to open the White Honse to all Americans. But they will not let them smoke. In her first interview since the inanguration, Mrs. Clinton agreed to speak last Friday only about the traditional duty of the first lady - taking care of her house-hold - and not about her responsibilities for helping shape policy in areas like health

care. a part of government by opening the Exec-utive Mansion to the public on occasion. If visitors to the White House want to utive Mansion to the public on occasion.

emphasize American food rather than a Chinton said. French-style menu and restaurant chefs For the governors' dinner, Mrs. Clin-

Since November 1991, smoking has been prohibited in the kitchen, locker rooms and maintenance areas of the White House, but dent, oeither of whom ever smoked, hope to make the ban complete.

"We did it at the Governor's Mansion and it took some people some adjusting," she said. "We tried not to be too harsh In addition to banning smoking entirely about it. The big issue about health is so was an apple sherbet terrine with Apple-in the White House, she said she and the paramount to me that I don't think we jack mousse and hot cider sauce. The wines should permit amoking." came If visitors to the White House want to gon.

ed and events involving children and fam-ilies. In a departure from past practice, Mrs. Clinton said, the White House kitchen will advise d multi full and a mark in the finite of the said. In a departure from past practice, Mrs. Clinton said, the White House kitchen will advise us inter form past practice, Mrs. Clinton said, the White House kitchen will advise us inter form past practice, Mrs. Clinton said, the White House kitchen will advise us inter form past practice, Mrs. Clinton said, the White House kitchen will advise us inter form past practice, Mrs. Clinton said, the White House kitchen will advise us inter form past practice, Mrs. Clinton said, the White House kitchen will advise us inter form past practice, Mrs. Clinton said, the White House kitchen will advise us inter form for the will thouse the museumlike public rooms on the inter form for the will thouse the museumlike public rooms on the inter form for the will thouse the museumlike public rooms on the inter form for the will thouse the museumlike public rooms on the inter form for the will thouse the museumlike public rooms on the inter form for the will thouse the museumlike public rooms on the inter form for the will thouse the museumlike public rooms on the inter form for the will thouse the museumlike public rooms on the inter form for the will thouse the museumlike public rooms on the inter form for the will thouse the museumlike public rooms on the inter form for the will thouse the museumlike public rooms on the the thouse the museumlike public rooms on the the thouse the museumlike thouse the museumlike public rooms on the the thouse the museumlike public rooms on the the museumlike thouse the museumlike public rooms on the the thouse the museumlike public rooms on the the thouse the museumlike th

will be consulted about menus. And in a ton's social secretary, Ann Stock, consult- fresh American food," Mrs. Clinton said.

reversal of policy from the Bush adminis-tration, broccoli will be on White House eventive chef, and three restaurant menus. the first for their American cooking to the president George Bush. family-oriented, creative ways of using it. come up with a menu. The final result was

all-American. To start, there was smoked marinated not in the family quarters, offices or public shrimp with mango horseradish chutney, rooms. Mrs. Clinton said she and the presi-dent, oeither of whom ever smoked, hope a zucchini basket and Yukon Gold potatoes with Vidalia onions.

These were followed by a salad of winter greens with a hazelnut dressing and goat cheese from Massachusetts. The dessert came from Virginia, California and Ore-

The chefs who were consulted were There may be more open houses like the said. There may also be daylong meetings to which ordinary Americans will be invit-ed and events involving children and fam-ilian

ton said.

"We are trying to move toward healthy,

lot of fiber and a lot of fruit." That includes the president.

"You know he gets an unfair rap. An occasional trip to a fast-food restaurant is not the worst of all possible sins." A typical Clintoo family meal, she said,

might be broiled chicken breasts, steamed usually fruit-based - a sorbet or apple crisp. As soon as the Clintons moved into the

White House, the pastry chef, Roland Mes-nier, began to make doughnuts and bagels for their breakfast. "I decided that the Clintons are oot the

April 25th

"We are big broccoli eaters." Mrs. Clin- And then we want to use the grounds. ton said. "We do a lot of vegetables and a We're still in the preliminary planning phases." Mrs. Clinton said she was surprised that

"I have to defend my husband," she said. "I have to defend my husband," she said. You know he gets an unfair rap. An would be combining the traditional role of first lady with her work as head of the president's Task Force on National Health Reform

She said she was no different from "evand iced tea. If dessert is served, it is gets breakfast for her family and goes off to gets breakfast for her family and goes off to a job of any sort where she assumes a different role for the hours she's at work, who runs out at lunch to buy material for a costume for her daughter or to buy invita-

tions for a party that she's going to have and after work goes and picks up her children and then maybe goes out with her

"Our lives are a mixture of these differ-

"I'm still always a little bit amazed at used for formal entertaining. "We're trying to make the whole house usable," Mrs. Clinton said. "We want to

Clinton Set to Spend \$31 Billion for Jobs

equipment, probably retroactive to purchases made in December. Mr. Clinton has emphasized that

any short-term stimulus would be

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WASHINGTON - Determined to create jobs quickly, President Bill Clinton apparently hopes to spend \$16 billion for public works projects and offer another \$15 billion of tax credits for U.S. business expansion.

By Paul F. Horvitz

ional Herald Tribune

Word of the \$3t billioo shortterm stimulus program, which would require congressional approval, came from governors and members of Congress who have met this week with the president and his economic advisers. No official announcement is expected until Feb. 17, in the State of the

Union Message. The stimulus plan appears to reflect a firm White House view that, despite promising oews on the economy, corporate layoffs send the opposite signal. As one Clintoo aide put it Tues-

"You have to have job day: growth." In a speech to the governors

Monday night, Mr. Clinton did not seem convinced that encouraging economic signs are translating into an expansion of the job base. With all this so-called ecocomic recovery of the last six months. we're oot creating jobs yet." he themselves don't think much of it said. "And we've got to find a way to put people back to work. That is welfare are yearning for another the ultimate and first test of wheth- alternative, aching for the chance

er life is working in America." to move from dependence to digni-Mr. Clinton hopes to create as ty. And we owe it to them to give many as 500,000 jobs within a year them that chance." at about 180 miles an hour and has through the spending and tax cred-Under his proposal, Mr. Clinton gone as fast as 300 mpb in tests. its, said his spokesman, George said, recipients would be given training and help with job place-ment, Mr. Stephanopoulos added, meat, but would have to take jobs Stephanopoulos. "The president hasn't made any after two years. If oo private-sector final, firm decisions." job was available, the recipients The tax credits would go to busi-nesses that invest in job-creating government work.

HOMOSEXUALS DEMONSTRATE - Washington homosexuals demonstrating in the capital urging President Bill Clinton to end the ban against homosexuals in the armed forces. The demonstrators say he should carry through his campaign promise on the issue.

A New Metroliner Passes the Coffee Test

By Martin Tolchin New York Times Service ABOARD THE X-2000 - Ian

Campbell boarded the train at Amtrak's luxurious high-speed Amtrak officials say it will do so if speed of 125 miles an hour. arguing a copyright case before a single round trip daily between places the entire Metroliner fleet, for France's Train à Grande Vi-nounced his surroundings "very three-month crossinger. The case of Tivy which according to the control of the co

presented to Congress in an overall economie plan. That plan would include longer term "investment" spending oo education and job training plus spending cuts and tax increases designed to cut the feder-al deficit by \$145 billioo over the oext five years. In the coming year,

however, the stimulus program would increase the federal debt. The Search for Support The New York Times reported

from Washington: Mr. Clinton has decided to use this week to solidify support for his

domestie program among political leaders who share his goals. His proposal to restructure welfare, which would place a limit on how long recipients would get benefits without working, is particularly popular among state leaders in

both parties. "No one likes the welfare system as it currently exists, least of all the people who are oo it," Mr. Clinton said Tuesday during a speech to the winter meeting of the National Governors' Association. "The taxpayers, the social service employees



Away From Politics

Pennsylvania, in subzero temperatures, saw his shadow, meaning six more weeks of winter he ahead for the United States, American folklore holds that a groundhog seeing its shadow means six more weeks of winter. No shadow means an early spring. · More research needs to be done on the possibility of a link between

They were among 200 travelers ing that the Metroliner cannot do. But limited by the restrictions of who made railroad history this The X-2000 is capable of making week on the first commercial run of the trip in 2 bours 15 minutes, and to the Metroliner schedule at a top

• Faced with a court order to ban many important farm chemicals, the administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency said she would ask Congress to relax a law that prohibits trace amounts in food of chemicals that cause cancer in laboratory animals.

• Navy planners have proposed casting 125,000 personnel from the service and eliminating 140 warships and scores of older aircraft by 1999, The San Diego Union-Tribune reported.

• Tensions are running high in Los Angeles ahead of a new trial that opens in a federal court for four white police officers acquitted last year in the beating of Rodney G. King, a black man clubbed by the policemen after a high-speed chase for a traffic violation. The four officers were acquitted in a state court.

• Crae Pridgen, a homosexual who said three Marines beat him up because of President Bill Clinton's push to lift the ban on homosexnals in the military, is seeking a meeting with the president to urge him to establish a task force on gay bashing.

• Three top editors and a columnist have left the New York Post to work for the New York Daily News amid growing anger toward the man who might be the Post's next owner, Steven Hoffenberg.

•A crewman on a boat confiscated with explosives, machine guns and ammunition aboard said the arsenal was headed for Cuba, according to a federal affidavit. The arms were found aboard the ishing boat Angelina, which a Coast Guard vessel encountered 50 miles (80 kilometers) off the Cuban coast on Friday. The five men aboard were arrested for illegal possession of antomatic weapons, authoritics said.

AP, NYT, WP, AFP, Remers

pendent contractors.

Short Takes

federal appeals court, and pro-nounced his surroundings "very plush, very good for working and trak's Metrolimer. relaxing.

Juanita Jackson boarded in Bal-timore, after meeting with an or-chestra board, and said: "I thought The five-car train left Washing-ton at noon and arrived at New reach 155 miles per hour (250 kilo-York's Penn Station at 2:43 - 12 meters an hour) and travel at an I'd stepped onto a cloud."

By Anthony DePalma

New York Times Service

for someone they hope will guide Columbia University

securely into the 21st century, the university's trustees have named George E. Rupp, a Presbyterian minister who is president of Rice University in Houston, the

Mr. Rupp, a 50-year-old scholar originally from Springfield, New Jersey, will succeed Michael L So-

18th president of Columbia.

NEW YORK - Reaching far outside their campus

three-month experiment. The one-way fare is \$90, the same as Am-The train, whose undercarriages

have moveable axles that enable it minutes ahead of schedule - noth- average speed of 96 miles per hour.

Unlike its rival, however, the X-2000 can use existing electrified tracks. The locomotive, four passcnger coaches and a café car -manufactured by ABB, a Swedish conglomerate - will cost Amtrak **Rice's Ex-Chief Will Head Columbia**

unalloyed success, some passengers were quick to note. Although it was relatively quiet and smoother than the usual Metroliner, especially rounding the curves, there was of-

ten a perceptible rocking and an occasional jolt.

Henry L. King, said that Mr. Rnpp was ideally suited to "meet the challenges and seize the opportunities" Columbia was facing. Those "challenges" include a substantial budget shortfall, low faculty morale, an increasingly crowded campus, tensions with the Har-lem neighborhood next door and a faculty that often falls short in comparison to those carber in Columbia's history.

Autough Mr. Kupp began ms careet wanting to be a minister, his interest soon turned to academic ad-ministration. After serving at two small experimental institutions, he became dean of the Harvard Divinity School in 1979, where he revitalized the curriculum and increased enrollment. In 1985, he became president of Rice, an academi-

\$15 million to \$20 million a set. The trip on Monday was not an

The train also passed the coffce test. Delighted passengers filled their cups and ooted that, unlike the Metroliner, there were no spills

when the train rounded a curve. The X-2000's luxurious touches include large, plush seats, wheelchair lifts, carpeting, coffee sta-tions in each car, telephones, fax machines, and electronic displays on both ends of each car that gave the time, speed, and messages. Passengers are served beverages in their seats.



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AMERICAN TOPICS

Independent Contractors: The Good, Bad and Shady

The U.S. work force now includes at least 5 million independent contractors, according to the federal government's Small Business Administration. They in-clude consultants, free-lancers, handymen, hair stylists and others who work, at least in theory, for themselves.

Like part-time and temporary workers, independent contractors have little or no job security, health insurance, paid vacations or unemployment benefits. The legal definition of an independent contractor is fuzzy. Most experts say the test is who controls the "manner and means" of a person's work.

When workers control when, where, how and with whom they work, they probably are independent contractors. If an

workers probably are employees. Employers say they gain competitive advantages from using independent con-tractors who can be hired and fired freely requent breaks. and who receive oo benefits. Some workers like the freedom of self-employment. But authorities say that people such as construction workers and auto mechanics often are misclassified by bosses who want

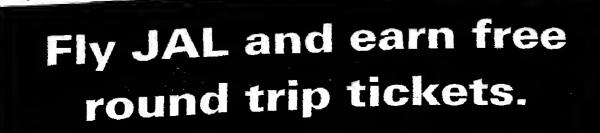
Harcourt Brace Jornmovich, the New York publishing house, will be known heaceforth as Harcourt Brace & Co. That to foist legal habilities and business exis the name it bore from its founding in 1919 by Alfred Harcourt and Donald Brace until William Jovanovich, president of the company from 1954 to 1990, added his name in 1970. He left the company in penses onto them. In fact, unscrupulous companies have reportedly dismissed workers and brought them back as inde-Concerns about such abuses have 1990, and it was bought by General Cineprompted officials to find ways to tighten ma in 1991. A spokesman said General Cinema has decided to "simplify and the employment laws. Two bills that modernize the corporate identity" of the publishing house. Jovanovich is "difficult stalled in Congress last year are expected to be reintroduced this year. to pronounce," he said, adding that most people call it Harcourt Brace anyway.

Out-of-shape or overweight people risk heart attacks when shoveling snow. For other people, the chief hazards are sore muscles and a strained back. The Wash-ington Post suggests warming up with gen-

and Thunder's Mouth Press is offering Paul Perry's "Fear and Loathing." Also scheduled is Peter O. Whitmer's "When the Going Gets Weird: The Twisted Life and Times of Hunter S. Thompson (Hyperion).

Dan and Marilyn Quayle moved out of the vice presidential residence months ago, but Al and Tipper Gore are staying in their own house in the Washington suburbs for now. The U.S. Navy, which is responsible for the building's maintenance, is making some much-needed renovations, accord-ing to U.S. News & World Report magazine. The porch has rotted through be-cause of termite damage, the heating and cooling systems need to be replaced and the wiring is antiquated and dangerous. The kitchen is in the basement, forcing waiters to carry meals up a narrow spiral staircase with such a low ceiling that carpeting now cushions the spots where they often hit their heads. The work is expected to take at least another month.

Arthur Higbee



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vern, 61, the president of Columbia for the last 13 years, who is resigning on June 30. Although Mr. Rupp began his career wanting to be a minister, his interest soon turned to academic ad-

cally select, independent institution where he is credit-ed with attracting more highly regarded faculty and better qualified students. The chairman of Columbia's board of trustees,

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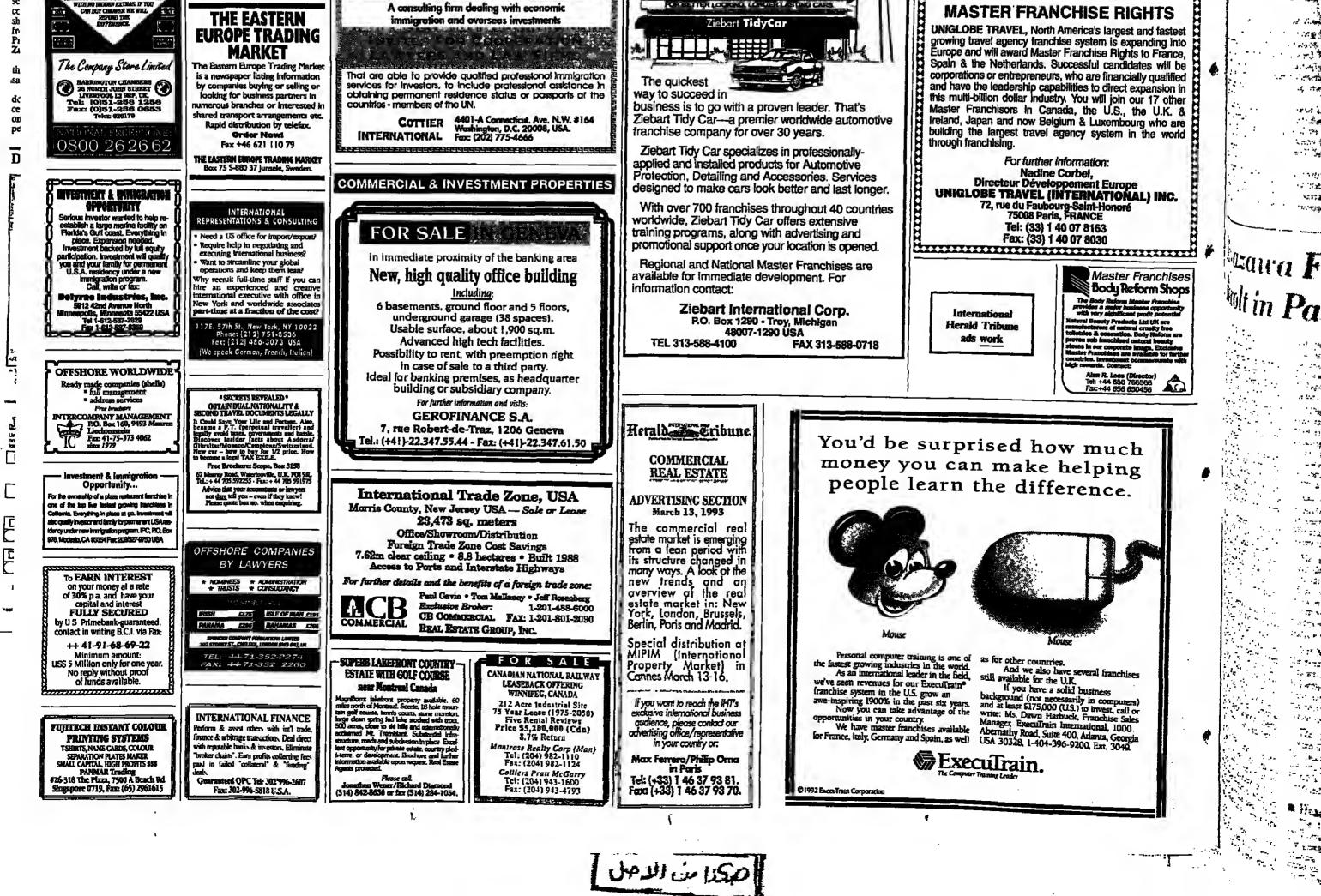
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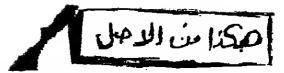
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Cambodia Halts Drive on Rebels

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By Philip Shenon New York Times Service PHNOM PENH - Prime Minister Hun Sen of Cambodia said Tuesday that he had ordered an end to a major military offensive against the Khmer Ronge rebels and had asked the United Nations to use multinational peacekeeping troops to create a buffer zone beween the Maoist-inspired guerrillas and government soldiers.

"If we can create a buffer zone, there is no problem," the prime minister said after meeting UN peacekeepers who had protested the government's new offensive as a major cease-fire violation. "Our intention is to withdraw our forces."

He insisted that the government had no plans to overrun the nominal Khmer Rouge headquarters in Pailin, western Cambodia, although he acknowledged that gov-criment soldiers had moved to positions close to the gem-mining

city. "It is one in 1,000 that we will attack Pailin," he said. "We have

UN Aide Puts Off Murder Trials Of 2 in Cambodia ٩ų,

PHNOM PENH — The head of UN peacekeepers in Cambodia said Tuesday that he had ordered an extension of the detention of a government policeman and a Khmer Ronge guerrilla accused of murder,

A government court last week refused to hear the case against the guernila, whom the United Nations says has admitted taking part in the massacre of Vietnamese civilians. The UN Transitional Au- Tokyo Concerned thority in Cambodia accused the Justice Ministry of obstructing the case in order to also stop the trial of the policeman, Em Chan, accused of murdering an opposition party official

The UN is trying to bring the cases to court to stem a wave of political violence before elections in May under peace accords signed by the Cambodian factions in Paris in 1991. 14

Yasushi Akashi, chief of the UN body, said after meeting Prime Minister Hun Sen that he had decided to extend indefinitely the de-tention of the two to allow further legal discussions. UN officials believe the government is wonied

no intention of attacking Pailin. We are only exercising our right to schi-delense."

The Japanese diplomat who is leading the 22,000-member UN peacekeeping operation, Yasushi Akashi, said after the meeting with Mr. Hun Sen that the governme request for creation of a UN buffer zone was an "interesting proposal" that required additional study. The UN has described the gov-emment's new attacks on Khmer

Rouge forces as the largest military offensive in Cambodia since UN forces arrived in 1991, and Mr. Akashi joined in condemning the government, saying the offensive "clearly goes beyond self-defense." Mr. Hun Sen said that the gov-

ernment had launched coordinated attacks against the Khmer Rouge to protect farmers as they harvested their crops in north-central and western Cambodia, and to take back land that the Khmer Rouge had occupied since October 1991 when the government and the Khmer Rouge signed a peace treaty brokered by the UN.

"We want only to destroy the Khmer Rouge ability to expand further," Mr. Hun Sen said. "If we do not fight, I don't think the farmers can go back to their farms and harvest their rice." The government said that 51 Khmer Rouge soldiers

and five government troopers had

died in the recent fighting. UN military officials said that although sporadic exchanges of guafire continued Tuesday be-tween the government and the Khmer Rouge, the offensive did appear to be largely over. UN officials and diplomats in Phnom Penh

had been worried that, had the offensive continued, it would interrupt planning for internationally supervised elections scheduled for May.

Japan expressed concern Tuesday about the safety of its peace-keeping troops in Cambodia and ruled out sending another such force to war-torn Somalia, Reuters reported from Tokyo.

Prime Minister Kiichi Miyazawa and his spokesman said they were worried that Japan's 600 army en-gineers now in Cambodia might be caught in the latest fighting. But Mr. Miyazawa said he was not ordering a withdrawal.

Mr. Miyazawa has appeared intent on reming in his generals and ruling party hawks who are keen to send more "blue berets" abroad, this time to Somalia and Mozambique. "The current situation in Soabout the consequences of trying maha does not meet our condi-tions," Defense Minister Toshio structing the other trial as well.



Palestinian deportees voting on Tuesday to reject Israel's offer to return 100 of them from a no-man's-land in southern Lebanon.

State Department to List Hamas as 'Terrorist'

Los Angeles Times Service

WASHINGTON --- The FBI has stepped up its scrutiny of Muslim militants in the United States who are raising funds for the Palestinian organization Hamas, and the State Department has decided to add the group to its official list of terrorist factions, officials said.

The FBI has confirmed that Hamas supporters engage in fund-raising and propaganda in the United States, but has found no evidence to support Israeli claims that the group's "command and control" is exercised from the Washington area, the officials said.

"There is fund-raising, propagandizing and publishing" in the United States, a State De-partment official said. "But the command and control of Hamas is still in the occupied territo-ries," meaning the Israeli-controlled West Bank

and Gaza Strip, where 2 million Palestinian Arabs make up most of the population.

The FBI has been monitoring Hamas sup-porters' activities in several areas, including Washington, Chicago, Detroit and Dallas, an-other official said.

It is not clear that any of the Hamas supporters' activities in the United States are illegal, one official said. Raising money expressly for terrorist acts is against the law, but raising money for political or social programs is not.

The State Department said it planned to label Hamas officially as a "terrorist organization" in its annual report, due in April. [Hamas on Tuesday condemned the State Department's plan to label it as a terrorist

group and said it was ready to explain its aims

to the West, Reuters reported from Amman,

["We are not a terrorist group." said Moham-med Nazzal, the Hamas representative in Jor-dan. He said the group's activities had all been directed against military targets in the Israelioccupied territories.

["There is no justification for including Ha-mas among organizations sponsoring terror-ism," he said. "We are an Islamic national liberation group and all international covenants allow us to use legitimate methods to fight the occupation."] Both the FBI and State Department moves

came largely in response to information sup-plied by the Israeli government indicating that Hamas is becoming increasingly violent, the officials said.

Israeli Right Assails **Offer on Deportees**

Israel.

The Associated Press JERUSALEM - Israel's offer to bring back 100 Palestinian deportees, already rebuffed by the deporters, was criticized by Israeli rightists Tuesday as capitulation to Arab extremists.

Former Prime Minister Yitzhak Bowing to U.S. pressure, the government of Prime Minister Shamir said Tuesday on army radio that the government "shouldn't have handled matters in such a way that Israel would lose prestige and itzhak Rabin offered Monday to allow 100 of the deportees back within four days. It also agreed to permit the most radical Arabs to shorten the exile of 300 others. But the Palestinians, who were rear their heads and dictate actions.

deported to a no-man's land in outhern Lebanon by Israel on Dec. 17, voted Tuesday to reject the offer. The deporters' spokesman, Ab-dulaziz Rantisi, said that Israel

must allow "a wholesale return." If not, he said, "we shall stay on here." "There will be no solution as

long as a single tent remains," he

cepted the offer.

ist leaders.

But he said the group would accept an Israeli offer to let sick deporters be taken by the Red Cross for hospitalization. The Red Cross has said that at least 15 of the deportees need hospitalization.

Mr. Rabin said he had secured a romise from the Clinton adminisration to shield Israel from sanctions or further condemnation in dio interview the UN Security Council, regard-

less of whether the deportees ac-Peres acknowledged errors in the handling of the deportations, but added: "What matters is the sub-

The rightist Liked party said the and revive the Middle East peace and revive the Middle East peace taken "to pave a way to incriming" and revive the Middle East peace and revive the Middle East peace taken "to pave a way to incriming" and revive the Middle East peace and the case of the second second

The Israeli newspaper Ha'aretz the call for reported that the head of the coun- deportees. the call for the return of all the

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Court last week, are activists belonging to Hamas and Islamic Ji-had, militant Muslim movements that it blames for a wave of attacks on Israeli soldiers. Mr. Rabin said Monday night that the plan was made to make peace, to continue the war against Hamas, and to create "an infra-

structure of understanding" with the new U.S. administration. He defended the arrangement as "a package deal" that would give Israel U.S. protection from United

try's internal security agency had warned cabinet ministers on Mon-

day that Arabs would probably in-

terpret a compromise as weakness

and may step up violence against

Israel has asserted that the de-

portees, whose expulsion was up-

held by the country's Supreme

Nations sanctions. Foreign Minister Shimon Peres also defended the decision in a ra-

Asked whether the government had not retreated too much, Mr.

But the compromise drew much criticism in Israel, particularly from military specialists and rightstance. The decision, he said, was taken "to pave a way to the future"

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Heart Operation to Keep **H**EEZ Patten Out for 2 Weeks

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

HONG KONG — Chris Patten, Hong Kong's governor, will enter a hospital Wednesday for a heart operation to treat two narrowing coro-nary arteries, the government announced Tuesday. The governor, 48, who first complained of chest pains two weeks ago, will undergo what the government described as a "common form of

treatment under anesthetic" involving the use of balloon catheters to dilate his arterics.

mate his artenes. Dr. Jonathan Ho, a surgeon at Chinese University, said the operation, though routine, requires patients to carb their activities for several weeks. Ho said the condition can be triggered by high cholesterol, smoking or high blood pressure in "a stressful society like Hong Kong." Chief Secretary Sir David Ford will be acting governor while Mr.

Patten is off work.

A government spokesman said doctors believed Mr. Patten could handle the stress of his job after the treatment and would return to work. The governor is expected to remain hospitalized for four days and need an additional 10 days of rest before resuming his dutics.

(AP, Reuters)

🔹 Miyazawa Faces **Revolt in Party**

By T. R. Reid

Washington Post Service TOKYO --- The most powerful among the younger leaders of Ja-pan's long-dominant Liberal Dem-ocratic Party has warned that Prime Minister Kiichi Miyazawa could face a party revolt and loss of

of just how serious our intentions are," said Ichiro Ozawa, the force behind a breakaway faction of par-ty members threatening to bolt the Liberal Democrats and form a new

political party. Mr. Ozawa's comments could be another fusillade in the factional

wars that are part and parcel of Japan's governing party. But they might also indicate that a change of historical dimensions is in the offing for Japan's system of one-party involve new limits on campaign democracy.

The Liberal Democratic Party has elected every prime minister and formed every cabinet since its founding in 1955. The various opposition parties have never been strong enough, singly or in coali-tion, to wrest control of the Diet, Japan's parliament, away from the Liberal Democrats. The dominant party, in turn, is split into several

the Diet. But after a new round of interparty turnoil last year, Mr. Ozawa who is 50 and a young man by deserted. who is 50 and a young man by the standards of Japanese politics

- and former Finance Minister Hearing on Scandal Set Tsutomn Hata broke away from the party leadership to form a new on Tuesday to opposition demands

tion parties, and emerge as a seri-ous, somewhat more liberal alternative to the ruling Liberal Democrats, the most conservative of Japan's major parties despite its name.

ocratic Party has warned that Prime Minister Kiichi Miyazawa could face a party revolt and loss of the party's governing majority if he fails to enact "real political re-forms" by summer. "I don't think he is quite aware forms to review out intentions crushed if he doesn't stand up and form a new party."

Mr. Ozawa declined to say if he intended to do that. He said his decision would depend on Mr. Miyazawa's performance on these issues in the current Diet session.

He also declined to provide a clear description of what he would consider "real political reform." Most of the plans floating around contributions and spending, and reapportionment of Diet seats to reduce the cost of campaigning.

But Mr. Ozawa did get clearly to the point when he noted that if the Ozawa-Hata faction left the Liberal Democrats it would, for the first time, strip the dominant party of a majority in the powerful lower house of the Diet.

The Liberal Democratic Party selves but normally vote together in currently has 275 seats. It would fall below the 256 seats needed for majority control if the Ozawa

The Liberal Democrats yielded for a hearing on a major comption for a hearing on a major comption Many analysis here say Mr. scandal in the hope of avering a Ozawa's actual plan is to form a new party, align with some opposi-from Tokyo.

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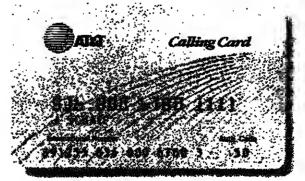
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German Says Russia Seeks a Policy Ally

BERLIN - Russian leaders have suggested that Germany join them in forming a counter-weight to the United States, which the Russians say has been ignoring Moscow's interests on issues ranging from the confrontation with Iraq to the war in the Balkans, a senior German legislator said Tuesday.

Karl-Heinz Hornhues, deputy majority leader of the Bundestag, said top foreign policy advisers to President Boris N. Yeltsin appealed to him this week in Moscow for German help in preventing international military intervention againsi Serbia.

Mr. Hornhues said in an interview that by suggesting a common policy against the United States, senior Russian officials delivered "a cry for help" that "can't be taken completely seriously, but also shouldn't be totally dismissed." He would not specifically identify the officials who suggested a common German-Russian policy, but said they were high-ranking aides speaking for Mr. Yeltsin.

"It was meant as a signal to the United

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States," Mr. Hornhues said. "The Russians want to live with us in the West. We will have to pay bitterly in the future for mistakes we make now" in relations with Russia.

Mr. Hornhues said he had recommended to his fellow Christian Democrat, Chancellor Heimut Kohl, that Germany needs to pay more attention to Russia.

But while he said many Russians view Germany as the one Western country on which they still have considerable influence, he cantioned that "it is too deeply against Germany's inter-ests to consider" joining Moscow in any such "counterweight."

A Foreign Ministry spokesman in Bonn said Tuesday no such approach has been made to Germany through official channels.

"No change in relations has been sought and none is being considered," the spokesman said. "There are many discussion partners in Russia today and of course we understand there are different political pressures. Our position toward our allies remains clear and unchanged. We and the other Western countries want to be

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FEBRUARY 14th

Herald Eribune.

dependable and helpful partners for Russia." The Russian interest in Germany as a potential ally against the Western powers is a traditional reflex that has brought both economic success and political disaster to both countries. Many politicians and intellectuals in both countries have an image of their countries as embattled, misunderstood societies only beginning to take a rightful place as leading nations. But if some Russians now seek an ally to help them stand up against the surviving superpower in Washington, few Germans are eager to dis-tance themselves from the Western ties they have so carefully cultivated over four decades. Nor is Germany equipped to provide the Russians with an effective balance against U.S. ominance.

Mr. Hornhues said that because the Russians are reluctant to use their veto in the United Nations Security Council to halt a Western move against the Serbs, Moscow wants German help in making the case that military force in

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PAKISTAN DRUG WAR -- Policemen in Attock, Pakistan, burning more than 100 tons of drugs. Pakistan's narcotics control minister, Rana Chandar Singh, said his country was beginning a war on drugs not because of foreign pressure "but to save our nation."

PLOT: Are Some People Trying to Derail the European Monetary System?

(Continued)	from page	I)
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state for economic policy, scoffed Tuesday at the idea of political motivations driving currency markets or any hint that there was a British-American plot to destabilize the European Community's bid for closer economic unity.

"Clearly, the market tries to read political signals, but traders are the last people to have political objectives," Mr. Hormats said.

This view was also expressed, on condition of anonymity, by a Bank of England official: "It's quite clear to us that participants in the foreignexchange markets are driven not by political goals but by quite unsentimental commercial

The British pound was among the first currencies to succumb to a mounting tide of international financial pressure starting in September, when French voters' near-rejection of the Treaty on European Union sowed doubts about political support for monetary union. Speculators have also successfully targeted

forces, came in response to questions in the European Parliament in Strasbourg, France, about the responsibility of high German interest rates for Europe's current economic difficul-

"There's no use looking for culprits, but some parties are provoking turbulence to torpedo the process of European monetary union, Mr. Kohl replied.

Asked for clarification about his comment, officials at the chancellery in Bonn said that they could provide no guidance until Mr. Kohl returned home.

But several European bankers saw Mr. Kohl adding his voice to recent statements by Prime Minister Pierre Bérégovoy of France, who has accused Washington of attempting to undermine European currencies as part of a U.S. drive for global economic hegemony.

Mr. Beregovoy invoked this political argument for the first time last month as France entered a national election campaign with the franc under renewed attack.

tugal, Italy and, last weekend, Ireland, Mr. Kohi's remark, attributing these curren-cies' woes to political actions, not financial undermining the credibility of the franc by Europe.

calling for a devaluation -even though conservative party leaders are committed to a strong currency.

Last month Mr. Beregovoy said that Americans had been fighting the creation of a unified. European currency that could rival the dollar. But Mr. Hormats rejected this view, saying, "I don't think there are any who regard the Eca.

as a threat to the system; they regard it as one more major currency in which to invest." Added Mr. Ruding: "I never sensed that the

U.S. government has been or is against monetary integration of Europe." Any view that Washington was orchestrating the market, be said, was "out of line with reality."

But spreading French mistrust of matket forces surfaced Tuesday in remarks by Ray-mond Barre, a former conservative finance minister and prime minister, who said that the link between the franc and the Deutsche mark was "the target of speculative attacks inspired by political motives."

Beyond breaking the monetary link, Mr. Barre said, the aim was to undermine the political ties between France and Germany, who see their teamwork as the motor of a stronger

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RATES: Economists Express Both Praise and Disdain for Bundesbank

(Continued from page 1) for allegedly ignoring its interna-tional responsibilities in its never-ending vendetta with inflation. ticians and professors in Germany Such criticism always irritates For example, the Munich-based

the Bundesbank, whose charter Ifo Institute for Economic Remandates that it protect the value search, in its latest report on the of the Deutsche mark against inflaeconomic outlook for Europe, on tion at any cost. Tuesday repeated its conviction

"In setting our policy, we always have the consequences for our neighbors in mind, but it would not disappoint expectations of "a measored, ongoing decline in interest be doing Europe any favors if the D-mark were to lose its character as Another recent critic was Daiman anchor corrency," Mr. Schle-

singer said. The Bundesbank justifies its cur-"The Bundesbank's unreasonrent policy of tight short-term inably restrictive monetary policy is terest rates as a necessary tool to still hindering a recovery in de-mand in those countries whose currestrain a sharp monetary expansion that followed German unificarencies are linked to the D-mark, as tion.

Mr. Schlesinger said the probcompany said in a recent report. lems some countries have with the The Bundesbank has also been mark's anchor status would dimin-

and British members of Parliament system reach a similar stability.

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Wolfgang Grebe, a senior for-cign-exchange dealer at Crédit Lyonnais in Frankfurt, agreed.

"If the Bundesbank cut interest rates by 2 percentage points," he said, "that would of course help Germany's neighbors. But you'd very quickly have inflation rates of

8 to 10 percent, and those would have to be fought with interest rates over 15 to 20 percent, That's what the Bundesbank wants to avoid at any cost"

Thomas Mayer, an economist at Goldman Sachs in Frankfurt, said that current interest rate levels "don't prevent investment activity" in Eastern Germany, as is often alleged. But he added that."it would probably be difficult to argue that French rates are historically low, in either real or nominal

French interest rates are tethered.

decision to live with high interest rates dictated by the Bundesbank "for reasons having to do with a commitment to European monetary union." As a result of that decision, "the French are the ones who are probably suffering the most right now," he added.

France and Germany form the core of Europe's so-called hardcorrency bloc, with Britain, Italy and Spain among the soft, periph-eral members. The Bundesbank has maintained that countries not willing to submit to the monetary discipline of the European exchange-rate mechanism always have the option of leaving it, as the pound and lina were forced to do last year. Mr. O'Neill said he sympathized with the Bundesbank's difficult task.

"The obsession with short-term terms. deposit rates is pretty silly," he said. "In the sophisticated world in to German rates through the Eurowhich we live, most of the German interest rates that matter are ach Mr. Mayer said France made the ally relatively low."

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ammogram Guidelines ept for Women Under 50 New Yark Times Service W YORK - It would be premature to recommend that an in their 40s stop getting regular mammograms, experts and by the American Cancer Society concluded Tuesday. even-member panel agreed there was no firm evidence that

women benefited from mammograms, but said there was h presumptive evidence to make them leery of changing the ing guidelines.

acer authorities recommend that women in their 40s have nograms every year or two, and that women in their 50s have annually. But it has been surprisingly difficult to prove that in their 40s who undergo the tests have a lower death rate those who do not. Studies consistently indicate that older a benefit from mammograms.

panel met after a Canadian National Breast Cancer Study, ng nearly 40,000 women, failed to show that younger women ted from mammograms.

e Klerk Proposes **Bill of Rights** "To talk of adopting a bill of rights in a situation when 75 per-

TOWN - President Frecent of the people do not have the vote is quite grotesque," said Dul-lah Omar, a legal adviser to the de Klerk's government a bill of rights Tuesday forcing future black gov-African National Congress. Leaders on both sides said that if to honor human liberties

landscape. the government insisted on enacting a bill of rights, the issue could impede a negotisted end of the white monopoly and delay the first universal elections, now expected by April 1994.

Under Mr. de Klerk, the governactivity, restrictions on ment has purged the major apart-heid-era laws that sharply limited esidence, detention withrandom searches, exile or and an array of other contacts among the races and kept that were routine during blacks in a state of isolation and servitude. But the current constinution is still based on a doctrine of verament said it would hat some version of these racial separation, blacks are still s be enshrined in the con-disenfranchised, and many other efore it would hand over remnants of the old system remain

a more democratic order. in practice. ament appeared to have Moreover, South Africa has no ses: to reassure followers bill of rights for any of its citizens, verning National Party and no constitutional court to ride-scale retribution un- which citizens can appeal,

ted apartheid and an at- sors under the proposed bill of intreach ill-gotten white rights.

in the guise of human the notion of a bill of almost universal support, it halvest minute leaver of a support, it halvest minute leaver of a bill through parliament allowing state officials to seek annesty for ically elected new govern-thalvest minute leaver of and consider themselves superior. In October, Mr. de Klerk forced a bill through parliament allowing state officials to seek annesty for ical motive. The proposed bill of rights would prohibit any future and consider themselves superior. In October, Mr. de Klerk forced a bill through parliament allowing state officials to seek annesty for ical motive. The proposed bill of rights would prohibit any future and consider themselves superior. A few days are 1 drove from In October, Mr. de Klerk forced in the guise of human the last-minute legacy of government from indemnifying "a ng party elected when person in the service of the State" ng party elected when re denied the vote. for killing or injuring civilians.

TV: East vs. West on German Screens

(Continued from page 1)

nervous about reaction to the program. "There will be lots of talk about dividing the country," said Michael Schmid-Ospach, a net-work official. "And there will be applause from the sports place applause from the wrong places. ha. But there will also be conversations

But there will also be conversations within families and throughout so-nomic and psychological divide becicty, and that discussion can only be healthy

Jutta Hoffmann, the East German actress who plays Edith, put it

The magazine Der Spiegel pre-dicted last week that "Motzki" will further embitter a people who are "just too sensitive" to langh about their plight. "It was unification." the magazine says, "that really broke the nation in two." In the 1970s Wolfgang Menge, Motzici's creator, oversaw the Gen- second you can laugh at your prob-nen version of the British show lens, they are half over." In the 1970s Wolfgang Menge,

Tetziaff was piqued primarily by describe the huge transfer pay-politics; he found everything awful ments from the rich West to the m life to be a product of West poor East, and explodes; "I don't Germany's then-governing social- ever want to hear that word again. ists. Just as Archie Bunker was Always share, share — with 16 milcredited with giving tolerance a lion wild men! Who's going to good name, Tetziaff's ravings are share with me?" often said to have helped the Social Democrats survive a rough patch.

Now Mr. Menge returns with a character he says is less of a caricature than Tetzlaff. Motzki, he says, is as real as the tax increases that Radio Berlin. "I was quite amused West Germans have been hit with as Boan pumps countless billions black humor of course. You have to into the East to fulfill Chancellor be able to laugh about it."

Helmut Kohl's promise of a West-ern standard of living. Many lines in the series are lifted ried about the show's comedy defi-

tion. It would be hard to find an But in the East, at least, many arhe party's new reformist imment pointed out that as recently coming elections. Ilayed the proposal as the hypocrisy of the party ted apartheid and an at-Motzki's retort is that of the ar-chetypal Wessie: "Yes, like Adolf Hitler built the autobahns." Motzki is, to a fair degree, Mr. Motzki is, to a fair degree, Mr.

"A few days ago, I drove from Hamburg to Berlin," Mr. Menge said. "If I had hair, it would have him up.

tunned gray after the old border" separating the Germanys. "If the philosopher Toynbee was right that

tween Germans, east and west, will last "well into the next millennium." He says he aims to build symman actress who plays Edith, put it more bluntly: "I don't see how the scries can divide us more than we already are." The magazine Der Spiczel pre-ting the blunt of the obside and their produces over the top and by making Edith the program's only likable character.

"I haven't a chue what the reaction will be," Mr. Menge said, "but I'd be pleased if my Western comtrymen, after seeing the show, say, Even if they get on our nerves, the Ossics have been dumped on.' The

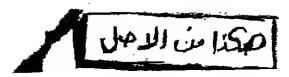
"Till Death Do Us Part," the pro-gram that had inspired CBS to character than Motzki, no match make "All in the Family." Mr. for his bluster. She tries to commu-Menge's original Bunker character nicate the hardships Easterners — a rightist loudmouth named Al- lived with for 40 years, telling a nghist ioudmouth named Al-fred Tetzlaff who sent his wife to the kitchen to fetch him a beer, then called her an ignorant cow — revolutionized Germany's staid TV

Edith quietly responds, "I'd like to, but we don't have anything." "O.K., she's weaker, but that's

reality," says Dietmar Ringel, an Easterner who is a TV critic for

The press on "Motzki" has been mixed. Some critics are more worfrom everyday German conversa- cit than about its political impact.

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STAGE/ENTERTAINMENT

BRITISH THEATER

and a second strain and

In 'Last Yankee,' **Miller Is Taking** America's Pulse

By Sheridan Morley International Herald Tribune

ONDON - Unquestionably our greatest living dramatist, Artbur Miller returns to the Young Vic in London, the theater that over the last 10 years has ensured that be remains a prophet with honor in this country if not always his own, with "The Last Yankee." Opening simultaneously at the Manhatian Theatre Club, the play, like much of his earlier work, takes the pulse of an America nn longer in the best of spiritual or emotional health.

The setting is a state mental home in Connecticut, and as his

7

Zoë Wanamaker in "The Last Yankee."

brief 90-minute quartet for four voices opens, two husbands are on their way to visit their mentally disturbed wives.

One of them, the Last Yankee of the title (craggily well-played by Peter Davison) is a \$27-an-hour carpenter who comes from one of the oldest families in the land, but has rejected their power and influence to set up on his own as a handyman. The other (David Healy) is a self-made millionaire who has driven his wife into deep de-pression by his atter inability to

focus on anything but his work. Once again, we are on the bor-derline of Miller's crossing, where

of her husband's refusal in move anywhere but down the social ladder, and Helen Burns, reduced to mute fury by her husband's refusal to acknowledge that she exists. Through their duets and occa-

sional bedside quartets, Miller goes back on the road with the ghost of Willy Loman, his smile and his shoeshine. "Anybody with any sense has got to be depressed in this country," asserts Wanamaker as she tries to urge her husband to grab the dream and go for it, in-stead of remaining so laid-back as to be effectively horizontal.

But when the dream is grabbed. when Helen Burns at the last asserts ber God-given right to put on her top hat and tap shoes and end the evening with a fast buck-andwing chorus of "Way Down Upon the Swance River," all that her re-luctantly banjo-playing husband can do is to stare at the floor in deep despair.

Evidently we are meant to see the contrasts here and their ironies: one couple torn apart by poverty and too many children, the other by wealth and no children. Does Miller wish us to see all of America as the twilight mental home? Is there eco-nomic shame in remaining a carpen-ter like Jesus, or is it socially one of the more useful callings a true-born American can pursue as his life's work? Has the country gone to hell in a hand basket because (as Heaiy claims) there are too many blacks and carpenters are too expensive even at \$27 an hour, or because (as Davison believes) it has lost the dignity of the old artisans?

a playwright not to involve us in the

characters as well as what they symbolize, and through his painful observance of them he feels the pulse of people who have long since ceased to feel their own. He also hids a slow, languid farewell to the dream of a better land. The smile is now frozen, the shoeshine no longer enough, and attention must be paid to the heirs of Willy Loman, for they have not inherited the carth and, meanwhile, they are pa-tiently about to fall apart at the seams of their own self-imposed straitjackets.

where he has done so much to maintain Miller's reputation, Da-



The Beatles in their Sgt. Pepper incarnation -maybe not their best but considered a rock transition point.

Sgt. Pepper's Lonely Hearts Film Beatles Producer Is in the Spotlight for a Change

By Mike Zwerin International Herald Tribune

ANNES - Last week, MIDEM, the annual international music business trade mart, featured souk-charging number-crunchers spouting slogans like "sellavision" and "in-formmercial" in pursuit of Hot Product and The Deal. Music also occasionally received some attention. "The Making of Sgt. Pep-per". per," a documentary film starring George Martin, won MIDEM's International Visual

studio into a musical instrument in its own right. One record company executive said that none of us would be here in the first place if it weren't for George Martin, Al-though he does not consider "Sgt. Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band" either his or the Beatles's best album ("the world has made more of 'Pepper' than it deserves"), it has nevertheless come to be considered the tran-

up in 1970. He had the knowledge, experience, confidence and diplomacy necessary to harative electronics (sophisticated layering with

years." After studying oboe and composition at London's Guildhall School of Music, he produced Baroque, jazz and pop recordings. His experiments with sound effects working And it's not rock 'n' roll. I don't care what with Peter Sellers, Spike Milligan, Beyond the Fringe, Jonathan Miller, Peter Cook, Dudley Moore and Stan Freberg served him well later with the Bearles. His score for "A Hard Day's Night" was nominated for an Oscar. He is an adventurer who tempered new dimensions and changed our cars. Martin learned shortly before the official. prize presentation that the film would be winning: "Oh my!" he exclaimed. "Really? That's fantastic." I was taken aback by his enthusiasm, wondering how much of it was for real. Reservations gradually vanished as I realized I was facing what I had been told by friends to expect — a rather hipper-than-life English gentleman (he is certainly no sergcant).



George Martin

because he defines the game. The time he flew from Cap d'Antibes to Saint-Tropez with Herbie Hancock and Quincy Jones in Eddie Barclay's helicopter sure sounded like fun. Some names he has worked with: Dire Straits, John McLaughlin, Jeff Beck, Jimmy Webb, Neil Sedaka, Anthony Hopkins, He produced a recording of Dylan Thomas's verse play "Under Milk Wood." Speaking of a suite he wrote for string quartet and clari-net, he said: "You can't call it classical music. And it's not rock in' call it classical music.

James Bond really to crash through a plate glass window. And you do not expect John Lennon to be able to sing harmony with himself. But if it can be done, why not do it?" He likes building music, "But you must be extremely careful not to get involved building other people's music. You have to plow your own furrow, Doing something unusual is often a good reason in itself for doing it. You must ignore the 'Star Trek III' syndrome. I can't understand that. What a way to live." Ironically, he gave birth to a similar syndrome himself, considering the recycling of his studin technology by others. "I regret that," he said. "It's a total misreading of what I stand for. I use technological tools, but now tools are using people, We've lost so much live music. This might seem carious coming from someone who has spent their entire life making 'dead' music, but still I feel that real music only happens when people play with people and listen to each other and something happens from heart to heart."

thing happens from heart to heart." A "very well-known drummer" he worked with spent days programming his drum ma-chine to construct a perfect reference track. He played it through earphones, "accompa-nying" himself: "It was perfect all right, per-fectly sterile." Martin begged the drummer to forget the tape, because "I want the music to come directly from you." But "he couldn't play it oo his own. I asked him if there was a hinge on his face and if I pull it ocen will I hinge on his face and if I pull it open will I find a computer inside. He didn't think that

Martin's Air Studio complex on the Carib-bean island of Montserrat was one of the world's prime recording facilities until the island was devastated by Hurricane Hugo in

Single Entendres: The Candid Stage Bumps, Grinds and More At Bobby Brown Concert

By Jon Pareles New York Times Service

EW YORK --- Midway Babby tbrnugb Brown's set at Madison Square Garden, a bed ascended on an elevator. Brown was on it, face down and fully clothed, atop a woman in a leotard whose high heels waved in the air; then they rolled over so the woman could writhe astride the singer. It was only one of the bumps and grinds in a concert devoted to

come-ons and boasts of prowess. The aptly titled "Humpin' Around the World" tour includes Brown, the Jamaican dancehall rapper Shabba Ranks, the three-won pop hip-hop group TLC and the singer Mary J. Blige. The directness of hip-hop has

shaken up the way songs talk about levd exploits, presenting himself as sex. Suave double-entendres are a sexual superman. Onstage, he now jostled by single-entendres, and nnstage, performers like two dancers (wearing black baby-Brown act out blunt connotations doll nighties) and with a backup of lines like "I will not stop/ Till I singer, who moaned into her microknow you're hot."

Perhaps in the era of AIDS, freewheeling sex has become one more fantasy to be acted out by pop stars. But before Brown climbed into his elevator bed, he announced

prisingly little change: Men conquer and brag, and women acquiesce while they look for "real love." "TLC stands up for the ladies," a member announced, but then the group sang "Ain't 2 Proud 2 Beg." Brown navigates the new pop

territory as adeptly as any perform-er now working. He emerged from New Edition, a vocal group modeled on the Jackson Five, to establish himself as a hip-bop-genera-tion sex symbol, a song-and-dance man and ballad crooner who

dipped into hip-hop. Brown's new album, "Bobby" (MCA), which followed a fourand-a-half-year hiatus, and his current show invoke an even broader pop palette than his 1988 album, "Don't Be Cruel" (MCA). With his producers and songwriting collabo-rators, primarily Teddy Riley and

the team of L. A. Reid and Baby-face, Brown cannily borrows from three decades of pop and soul, lift-ing a Parliament-Funkadelic phrase in "Getaway," echoing a Marvin Gaye vamp in "Good Enough." For a hip-hop touch, his set included solos for a mediocre rapper and a disk jockey.

Brown works with a troupe that includes a dozen dancers, and he runs through costumes from shiny leatherette outfits (for the funk of his recent single "Hampin Around") to a stylized homeboy's hooded sweatshirt to a boulevardier's suit, hat and cane. He dances, leaps, crawls, struts and impor tunes, drawing female squeals For Shabba Ranks, lust is a big

bawdy shared joke. In a rough, exhortatory voice, be raps or chants in a thick Jamaican patois about lewd exploits, presenting himself as mimed sexual connections with

> O reach a wider pop au dience, Ranks has collaborated with pop singers,

world's best-known dancehall performer. He is unapologetic about his raunchiness, but he did distance himself from some of his hip-hop colleagues. He complained that while people call his songs dirty, he never uses rap's typical misogynist

put-downs. Each of the three women in TLC has her own role; a nasal lead singer, a sweet-voiced obbligato singer and a rapper. In a short set, their mix-and-match music came across as cheerful but contrived. Mary J. Blige, who opened the concert.

brought a big, melismatic voice to songs with hip-hop's stark underpinnings; she's a pop singer pitch-ing old-fashioned romance above the latest rhythms. Her voice is impressive, but her style doesn't qualify her to be, as she proclaimed, "the queen of hip-hop."



In his farewell to the theater the American dream turns into its vid Thacker offers a thoughtful own worst self-fulfilling nightmare. resonant production with an im-This is not, by any standards, ma-jor Miller. But neither is it a minor cr to debate "The Last Yankee" late-life comedy like his last, "The than to play it. Ride Down Mount Morgan." In- At the Tricycle At the Tricycle in Kilburn, Gavin stead, it returns to many of the Kostick's "The Ash Fire" is a cuimost important thenes of its can-er and greater and longer plays, as if revisiting them to see, from the perspective of his three-score years and then some, whether anything then to see, from the mistaken impression that they are approaching New York. Their attempt to survive in an Iremost important themes of his carlious family album about a group of and soul of the nation for which land with Troubles of its own make Miller has always been the best diagnostician. for a tragicouncedy of illegal immigra-tion and the clash of religious, racial and historic doctrines, but as a drama this one never quite recovers kee's with no less than seven chil- from Kostick's fatal indecision dren), who is inside for the third about which of his family album time, in a deep depression because snapshots to show us next.

ILLER is too experi-

enced and too crafty

Music Awards Grand Prix.

sition point.

Martin signed the Beatles to EMI in 1962 and produced all their records until they broke

only four channels) and acoustic tradition (the string quartet on "Yesterday"). He defines himself as "a musician who just happened to be involved in recording for 42

More than any one person, Martin is re-sponsible for the conversion of the recording

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The incarcerated wives here are Zoc Wanamaker (the Last Yan-

By Henry Pleasants

And none is more worthy of resuscitation than Verdi's "Stiffelio," at the Royal Op-era, Covent Garden, in a new performing edition by the conductor, Sir Edward

ONDON - Revivals, rediscoveries, excavations have been the order of the day in the opera world for the past three decades.

It has had a curious history, not least graph was lost or destroyed.

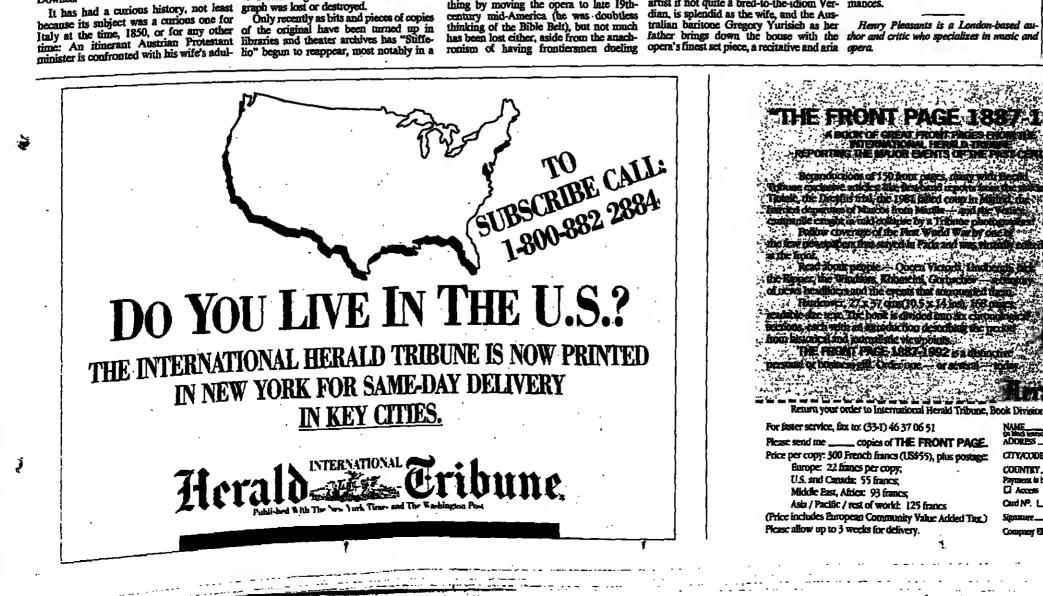
Commercial without compromising his in-tegrity, he knows how to draw the line in a viable space. He can be a winner up-front at it like film and the stage. You don't expect

At Covent Garden, a New Lease on Life for Verdi's 'Stiffelio'

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Baroque, jazz and pop recordings.	net, he said: "You can't call it classical music.	island was devastated by Hurricane Hugo in		
ments with sound effects working	And it's not rock 'n' roll. I don't care what	1989. He designed a new compound in	AMSTERDAM	PARIS 8th
Sellers, Spike Milligan, Beyond the	you call it really. It's just my music."	Hampstead, North London, which opened in		
nathan Miller, Peter Cook, Dudley I Stan Freberg served him well later	He listens to the impressionists, particular- ly Ravel, sometimes jazz, rarely to pop music.	December. The 500-square-foot (45-square- meter) control room is a hub surrounded by	HAESJE CLAES Real Dutch Cooling, Open from lunch until	FRANKY'S BAR
carles. His score for "A Hard Day's	"I am a musician," be kept repeating, as	three studios ("residential facilities, full ca-	michight. Spuistroot 275.	Near Champs-Bysées.
s nominated for an Oscar. He is an	though in need of reassurance. "I hate ac-	tering, parking for 25 cars").	Tel: 624 99 98. Reservations recommended. Al major credit conds.	Piono-Bor and company_
who tempered new dimensions	countants and lawyers, but you've got to have	Specifications read like Post-Industrial po-	and the second se	16, avenue Friedland, Tel: 4561 11 27,
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learned shortly before the official, entation that the film would be	much energy getting them on my side, but I'm becoming freer now, I'm getting old (he's 66),	Channels, with Flying Fader Automation and Recall. It can be transformed by a	CARR'S AUGERGE	
"Oh my!" he exclaimed. "Really?	I have certain privileges."	straightforward mode selection to suit a vari-	French and Irish cooking. Brunch Saturday	LE TOIT DE PARIS
lastic." I was taken aback by his	His privileged position as trend-forger and	ety of roles, including film and video post	and Sunday 70 F., drinks not included.	Dance Parties every Saturday right starting at 8 p.m., with gastronomic sec-
n, wondering how much of it was	ear-changer helped him convince the Beatles,	production with LCRS monitoring and	1, rue du Mant Thabar. Tel.: 42.60.60.26.	food buffet and live music at Le Tait de
eservations gradually vanished as I	who had tired of touring, that they did not necessarily have to perform recorded materi-	Dolby Surround Sound"	PARIS 4tb	Paris on the 10th floor of the hotel fea- turing a salandid view of the city and
was facing what I had been told by expect — a rather hipper-than-life	al on stage.	The building, called Lyndhurst Hall, was originally constructed as a church and mis-	LE RELAIS SAINT-LOUIS	the Eiffel Towar.
atleman (he is certainly no ser-	"Something like Glean Gould?" I said.	sionary school in 1880. Just as Martin was	New in the heart of Paris, Excellent sidoin	FF 350 incl. buffet and doncing. Paris Hilton 18, av. Suffren, 11,: 42,73,92,00,
	"Exactly!" he agreed. "It's a good parallel.	telling me that Dr. Livingston was one of the	stock served with a mountain of french fries	
cial without compromising his in-	At the beginning people said it was cheating	missionarics who trained there, his press	Candi secret home-made sauce. (Menu 93 F) Every day. S, rue Budit, Tel.; (1) 40.51,84,30.	PARIS 17th
knows how to draw the line in a ce. He can be a winner up-front	to record things you cannut do live. But I look at it like film and the stage. You don't expect	agent entered to say, "time's up." "I presume," he concluded.	PARIS 6th	CHARLOT Roi des Coquilloges
a ne can be a winner up-nom	at it has then and the stage. For our t expect	I presente, ne evenested.		Real bouillaboisse from Marseille, Sea food
			L'ARBUCI	and fish specialities. Manu at 200 FF. Til 1 a.m. 81, Bd de Clichy, Tel. (1) 48,74,49,64
T b	F + 0 0 TT - 1 + 9		The grill room at the best price. In a justy	LUIE (1, 00 00 CIDIT. 100 (1) 4074/1724
Lease on	Life for Verdi [*]	's 'Stiffelin'	atmosphene in St Germain des Pites. Open until dawn. 25, rue de Buci, TL (1)44.41.14.14	
House on J		s ouncho	LE PROCOPE	CHEZ FRED Lyonnois bistra, traditional French coolding
Parma production in 1968 and	a Philing, with swords. In every other respe-	ct the (contemplating suicide) and cabaletta	Fashianable Rive Gauche "Cafe", traditional	daily dishes. 190 bis, bid. Persing.
recording in 1979. Downes has	had even production is traditional and excelled	nt, in- (contemplating revenge).	and creative cooling. Excellent sea food, 13	Tel.: 45 74 20 48.
more recent discoveries to draw	upon for cluding Michael Yeargan's stage de	esigns Although relatively short at just over two	R. Ancienne Comércie. Tel: (1) 43.26.99.20	ROME
the edition at Convent Garden.	and Peter J. Hall's Victorian costume erdi's top surtitles, too, are helpful in straight		YUGARAJ	
Not all of "Stiffelio" is from Ve drawer, but much of it is, include		it was given as part of a double bill with	Hailed as the best indian restaurant in France	DA MEO PATACCA
shadowings of "Un ballo in masch		under "Aroldo." With some cutting it might be	by the leading guides foir conditioned), 14,	Traslevere, Rest. famous for fun food, music
gallows scene) and "Otello." It is	s melodi- Downes, an eminent Verdian, and v		rue Douphine. T 43.26.44.91.	& folidore. 00153 Rome, Ficzaci de Mercanti 30. Tel.: 06-5816196, 5892193, Fore: 582552
ous from beginning to end, but			PARIS 7th	
missing are the memorable melod operas that came immediately aft				VIENNA
Elijah Moshinsky has not gai	ned any- cuckold. Catherine Malfitano, an exc	ellent places Carreras for the last two perfor-	THOUMIEUX	KERVANSARAY
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tery, and after Othello-like expressions of jealousy, indignation, denunciation and

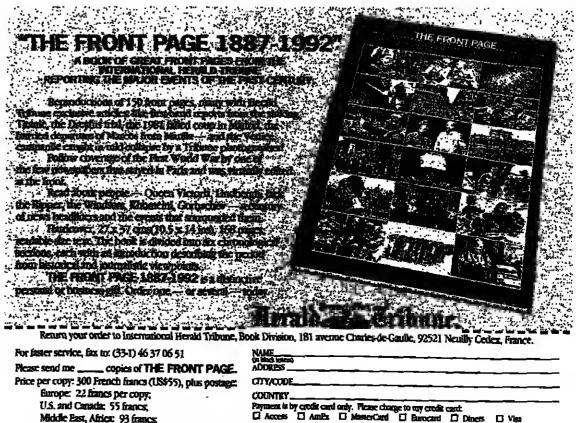
threats of vengeance, he turns to the Bible and, from the pulpit, forgives her. The censors didn't like it, and insisted on major alterations when it was first per-

formed in Trieste, just before the first pro-

duction of "Rigoletto" in Venice. It failed.

Verdi subsequently reworked it as "Aroldo" (Rimini, 1857), setting the story back to the time of the crusades and removing the locale

to Saxon England. The "Stiffelio" auto-



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OPINION

Herald Eribune.

Say No to Vance-Owen

cil now confronts a genuinely terrible choice. Should it support the plan worked out by its orgotiators to break Bosnia into 10 autonomous provinces divided more or less along ethnic lines? There is one important thing to be said for that plan: Nobodyhas much else to suggest. But it also has one enormous drawback. It gives very little promise of establishing a peace that will endure. To the contrary, it raises a vision of a larger and more violent Lebanon -- a land in which there is no rule of law and daily life is incessant throat-cutting and border warfare among the heavily armed tribes, each operating from its own strongholds.

Page 8

The peace plan has been worked out in Geneva through long and arduous mediation by Cyrus Vance, the former American secretary of state who represents the United Nations, and David Owen, the former British foreign secretary representing the European Community. Having failed in Geneva to persuade the Serbs and Muslims to accept it, the two negotiators have returned to New York to ask the Security Council for stronger measures to enforce it.

The question is whether the Security Council should now commit itself to an accommodation that contains so many concessions to aggression and so few assurances of justice - and which, as a practical

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As it works warily to bring peace to Bosnia, the United Nations Security Coun-tion in the Vance-Owen plan because it would make them give up territory they now hold, and because it would require many Serbs to live as minorities in provinces dominated by their enemies. The Muslims resist it because it gives the Serbs land that they have taken by naked force, and accepts some of the results of the ethnic terrorism committed by Serbs. In their plan's behalf, the negotiators can argue that without the United Nations' intervention, the killing will continue and may well get worse. All three factions are now sufficiently well organized and supplied that they are capable of continuing to campaign actively in midwinter. Muslim

countries are already pressing the Security Council to lift the arms embargo that at least one of them, Iran, has already violated. In America there is some sympathy for lifting it, since so far it has mainly worked unfairly to the disadvantage of the Muslims. Unfortunately, more arms going into the area threat-en not only more deaths there but a wider war spilling into other countries.

All these ugly possibilities need to be acknowledged. But a peace plan has to offer some reasonable prospect of introducing a peace that will last more than a few weeks. The Vance-Owen proposal does not adequately meet that test.

- THE WASHINGTON POST.

Clinton's Trade Man

When historians take the measure of the Clinton presidency the verdict might well depend heavily on the performance of Mickcy Kantor, the new trade representative. The world is struggling to complete an epic agreement, the Uruguay Round of international trade talks, that could add trillions of dollars to the world's economies through increased trade by the end of the decade. Nothing President Bill Clinton is likely to do to spor economic growth can come close to packing the wallop of a completed trade pact.

Mr. Kantor's foremost responsibility is to resume and complete the Uruguay Round. His next responsibility is to put the finishing touches on the North American Free Trade Agreement with Mexico and Canada. And he needs to fend off protectionist efforts hy the antomobile, textile, steel and other industries seeking to win in the political marketplace what they could not achieve in the economic marketplace.

Mr. Kantor starts out with virtually no familiarity with the subject and scant direction from Mr. Clinton, who downplayed trade policy throughout the campaign. Bot Mr. Kantor's inexperience oeed not be a serious liability. Carla Hills, President George Bush's trade representative, was similarly unschooled in trade policy when she took office, but she tapped a strong deputy, Julius Katz, and she proved a shrewd negotiator. Her office brought steady progress on the Uruguay Round, completed a North American accord and avoided a trade war with the European Community by orgotiating a compromise on agriculture policy.

The Uruguay Round would for the first services, III tellectual property and foreign investment to live by his lofty pro-growth rhetoric. under international rules. The United States

would come out a winner on almost every score - gaining vast markets for its exports. The North American agreement, the first free trade pact between a developing and an industrial country, would establish innovative provisions on resolving disputes, protecting the environment and eliminating nontariff trade barriers. Mr. Clinton promised to improve upon the labor and envi-ronmental provisions of the accord; they could stand improvement. But the agreement would be fine even as is.

Mrs. Hills's job was made easier by the. fact that President Bush gave her clear marching orders to negotiate free trade pacts. So far, President Clinton has revealed no such resolve. Some of his advisers preach the virtues of unfettered trade. Others propose that the United States take reprisals against trade partners even if the action violates international rules. The mixed messages have led a number of industries - steel, autos, textiles, semiconductors, oil and motion pictures - to pressure the administration to crect tariff walls or, worse, block the pending Uruguay and North American accords.

These pressures go well beyond legal sanctions against unfair trading practices - like those imposed on Monday by the Clinton administration on the European Community for discriminating against U.S. telecommunications and electrical suppliers. Mr. Clinton will soon have to decide whether he will be the new-generation, pro-market Democrat he proclaimed throughout the campaign - or will pander to powerful constituents clamoring for protection. Mr. Kantor can do his boss, and all Americans, izug vg dog Mr. Um

-THE NEW YORK TIMES.

A Strong UN Military Presence in Bosnia, Indefinitely Croats, Bosnian Muslims, Albani- And after Bosnian secession, the By A. M. Rosenthal

N EW YORK - The UN Securi-ty Council will be meeting in New York to talk about Bosnia. It should be meeting in Sarajevo.

.

For its entire existence, almost a half-century, the council that is charged with dealing with peace-or-war crises has not picked itself up to see one. The delegates have stayed rooted to their chairs and chamber. never seeing one drop of blood, never hearing one scream. No decent human who has seen or

heard a people in agony can be the same afterward. The change in the delegates would seep through the dispatches of the delegates to the foreign offices that instruct them. At least they would have tried. Possible site: Somewhere near the

PARIS-If the United Nations is incapable of enforcing Security Council resolutions with respect to the Serbian-conquered territories of

Croatia, no one can be surprised that the Croats choose to carry them out. The Security Council a

year ago resolved that seized Croatian territory

should be returned and refugees resettled, the

Serbian irregulars who held the region disarmed.

This was pious wish. It was apparent that nothing like that would be accomplished without

the use of force. The deployment of UN soldiers

and police in and near Krajina, in Serbian-con-

trolled Croatian territory, gave the beleaguered

Croatian defenders opportunity to suspend fight-ing and prepare for revenge. It gave the Serbian conquerors reason to think that UN mediation

and the peace talks that subsequently began in

Geneva would leave them in permanent control of the areas they had taken from Croatia. This probably would have happened, to judge

from what thus far has gone on in Geneva. Hence

a Croatian counteroffensive was simply a matter

of time. As the Croatian government already had said that it wanted the UN mandate withdrawn

when it expires on March 8, the present Croatian

attack amounts to a tactically advantageous an-

The UN forces still on the ground may here or

there protect civilians and limit the damage, but

they oo longer serve even a theoretical peace-keeping purpose, and are in very considerable

dead, various body parts scattered by Serbian shell fire. Yes, I know it is unlikely that delegates so long anchored on the East River will order up UN planes and hold meetings on Bosnia in Bosnia. I bring it up because the proposals for a settlement put forward by Cyrus Vance and David Owen add up to the best deal the battered Muslims of Bosnia are likely to get. But the plan would make continuous on-the-spot attention by ontsiders more important than ever --

The Least the West Could Do Is Arm the Bosnians

By William Pfaff

danger themselves. Their positions and presence

The Geneva talks and a succession of Security

Council resolutions all have unwarrantedly pre-

sumed that a willingness to make peace existed among Serbs and Croats. This was true only on

mutually irreconcilable conditions. The Serbs are determined to keep what they have taken, be-cause most of the seized territory has a Serbian

population majority. These regions are meant to

be connected with Serbia proper in a new and ethnically purified Greater Serbia.

The Croats have been equally determined to

recover these parts of a Croatia recognized by the

international community within the borders that existed before the Serbian attack in 1991. Theirs is the valid legal claim. The Serbs' is a political

claim, that Serbs should be governed by Serbs,

but one which they themselves have devastated

by military aggression and a brutal ethnic cleans-ing of the villages and farms they have seized in Croatia and Bosnia-Herzegovina.

You cannot make peace between people deter-mined to have what the other refuses. The only

visible settlement between Serbia and Croatia

today is that which war will produce, and those

who govern the two countries seem determined to

carry matters to that point. In these circum-

are open to exploitation by both sides.

military, political and personal, The first barrier to a better set-

plaza I saw in December and where tlement for Bosnian Muslims is

the other day men and women lay that it would mean full Western military involvement in the Balkan war - and on the ground, not just up in the air. That means America. Without U.S. forces, Europe will not fight what it should have made its own battle. If President Bill Clinton wants to

go to war in the Balkans, he will have to tell Americans his goals and solutions. That is the second barrier. Even a military victory would not provide a political solution.

If the goal is to establish boundaries or regimes that would end the

ans, Macedonians, Slovenes dream on. That has not been achieved by centuries of foreign or domestic rulers in rich variety. To try to impose that goal now would involve the United States in a hard war and years of occupation. Bosnia has not been sovereign since the Turkish conquest in the

mid-15th century. The Turks made converts of some Serbs and Croats living there — forefathers of the people now killing each other. But in 1992, Bosnian Muslims, then something less than half the population, saw independence as the only way to escape brutalization within a union with Serbs.

Their fears were not fantasies.

stances, UN resolutions demanding restoration of the frontiers and communities that existed

before the war broke out, like the American

nia-Herzegovina. Not only did the majority there

want no war, but despite extremist elements in

their ranks (reinforced by the West's indifference

to the Bosnians' cause), they have thus far man-

aged to maintain a commitment to the principle of multinational, secular, democratic government.

values that are those of the United States and

Western Europe. It is the weakest of the three

contenders in this war, and clearly is the potential

victim of the two others, who envisage Bosnia-Henzegovina's partition, possibly with a power-less "Muslim" enclave left in the middle.

One thing the West might do is supply the arms

that would pennit the Bosnians adequately to

defend themselves. This would at least give the

only community in Yugoslavia that did not want this war means to survive, which they lack today.

International Herald Tribune.

C Los Angeles Times Syndicate.

The Bosnian government still is committed to

ness in the West to enforce such demands.

Serbian "ex"-Communist leaders who had become born-again nationalists slaughtered, raped and expelled Muslims. For cruelty, its like has not been seen even in Europe - except maybe once every couple of decades.

Western rhetoric that hints more than it could deliver adds to the cruelty.

The Vance-Owen plan is cumbersome — a Bosnia separated admin-istratively into Muslim, Croatian and Serbian areas, and a jointly run Sarajevo. It may not work. And it does not strip the Serbs of all gains. But: It conceivably could save Muslim society in Bosnia before it is

destroyed, therefore hold out some hope of rebuilding it, and avoid hugely expanding the war for the goal of Balkan ethnic and religious harmony that is unobtainable now. If the Western goal is what it should be - to save and protect Muslims so that they can live honor-

ably in Bosnia and not just die there -- a strong United Nations military presence will be needed, indefinitely. The Vance-Owen plan would permit that force, which should be strong enough to relieve and protect

more war, but at least the political goal is reasonably attainable. Almost as important as military pre-sence would be a constant flow of Western civilian witnesses - politicians, clergymen, intellectuals, ev-erybody who cares whether people are murdered in their own plazas.

In the end, I suppose, the peoples of what was Yugoslavia have to hold themselves and their leaders responsible for not surrendering their hatreds, and for so being unable to live in peace with their own cousins, together or separately. For all nations with more than

one history, face or religion, that is the result of demanding the satisfactions of diversity without paying the price - the restraints of unity. The New York Times.

Americans Need Immigrant Workers

WASHINGTON - Zoe Baird -and the new president's reputa-tion - were ambushed by U.S. immi-soften law, Was would have thought it? The law against employing illegal aliens was directed presumably at small business owners to protoct the wages and jobs of the American worker and to ensure against exploitation. of the immigrant worker. It was never intended to trap the class that wrote it.

ticipation of the inevitable.

What is particularly unfortunate about Ms. Baird's situation is that this particular law is wrong — and that, before eventually withdrawing her candidacy, she had to apologize for breaking it and swear to enforce it if she became attorney general. There was no discussion about changing it. The law makes a lawbreaker out of

By Jean Lujan

mination Control and Reform Act. Unfortunately, there is not a big lobby for unskilled laborers in Washington. So little support is there for this group that only at the last minute when revising the law in 1990 did Congress agree to include a provision for 10,000 visa. numbers for unskilled laborers - out of approximately 750,000 immigrant

visas issued per year! It is not generally understood that this law applies to families seeking care for an elderly or disabled member who may have no other choice but live-in help. It also applies to thousands of small businesses that depend on unskilled laborers - to

workers without breaking the law because the Immigration and Natural-ization Service has given temporary apployment and outsation to most Salvadorans in the area. But presumably that will end - and we will have to fire these workers, or Congress will have to enact another amnesty to benefit the Salvadorans.

Doesn't it make more sense to change the law so that, once employers have shown that U.S. workers are not available, an immigrant visa can be obtained for a prospective employee, including the unskilled dishwasher as well as the live-in housekeeper - right away? Thereby the government can ensure that wage laws are complied with and employees are not exploited. If the public is unwilling to increase

legal immigration to accomplish that,



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government's proposals for was crimes trials, partake of fantasy, given the lack of any willing-As Serbia has inherited the principal elements and armament of the old Yugoslav army, however, Mushim population centers. That would still carry the risk of and Croatia seems to have rather successfully rearmed itself, the community left out is the one which never wanted a war in the first place, Bos-

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Guns in the Classroom

"Gumman Shoots 9th Grader in L.A." .. "English Teacher, Janitor Killed in Kentucky" ... "Fillet Knives Confiscated From Students in Ohio" ... "Student, 14, Shoots Security Guard in D.C."

These and similar headlines from around the country offer a startling collage of violence in the classroom - violence that threatens not only children and teachers but schooling itself. The Justice Depart-ment estimates that 100,000 students now carry guns to school -- some to do harm, others as ostensible protection. They carry them to schools in the inner city, to schools in the suburbs and to schools in rural America. This is not an urban problem; it is a societal one. Fear keeps students, and oftentimes teachers, away from school, adding to absenteeism and disorder. While the anecdotal evidence certainly

suggests that in-school assaults have increased, there are no reliable statistics on the subject. The federally funded Nadonal School Safety Center relies on state data and surveys, all of which suggest that the crimes today are more grisly than they were 20 years ago if not more numerous.

What can schools do? Many have added

metal delectors and security guards, though these are hardly fooiproof. A few schools have reinstituted the "duck-and-cover drills" reminiscent of those conducted during the Cuban missile crisis - except that the object is to dodge bullets, not bombs. Still other schools try to get at the problem through the curriculum, by teaching conflict resolution and mediation skills. But these lessons must seem awfully irrelevant in gangland.

The National Education Association has called for more federal funding, in part to enforce laws prohibiting firearms in schools. in part for pilot programs that would help schools cope with and prevent the violence. But even the teachers association admits these steps would not come close to solving a problem that is beyond the education estabshment's ability to handle alone.

Even costly safety and security plans will not keep all troublemakers and potential killers away from school. Part of the answer is finding a place for young thugs the teachers are desperate to kick out of class and the police want off the streets. It may be the key to school survival, but so far it has been a very hard place to find.

- THE WASHINGTON POST.

Other Comment

Yugoslavia: The Clinton Trap

The Clinton administration may have to clarify its stance on the war in ex-Yugoslavia sconer than expected. Lord Owen and Cyrus Vance, in asking the UN Security Council to review the peace negotiations they have been leading for the past five months in Geneva, surely want to know whether it is worth the effort to pursue their laborious mission, or whether other scenarios are being written behind their backs, notably in Washington.

Mr. Clinton's advisers, from Secretary of State Warren Christopher ou down, have not hidden their disagreement with the for lack of any better option. Vance-Owen plan for the division of Bos-

nis-Herzegovina, which, in their view, unduly favors the Serbs, enshrining the effects ethnic cleansing

America's new leaders are now in a trap. If they decide on a military intervention in Bosnia, along with their French and British allies, they will need the cover of a UN Security Council resolution. It is hard to see how they could obtain this in the face of Moscow's strenuous opposition.

But if Washington ends up rejecting the idea of a resort to force, which most Americans oppose, it will be left with no choice but to support the Vance-Owen mission --

- Le Monde (Paris).

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE KATHARINE GRAHAM, ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER

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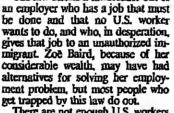
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There are not enough U.S. workers willing to live-in and perform child care or elderly care or care for the disabled. There also are not enough U.S. workers willing to wash dishes and mop floors. The Labor Department routinely certifies that fact when it approves applications submitted by employers seeking immigrant visas for these workers. Zoe Baird obtained that certification on behalf of the Peruvian couple in her employ. I have obtained that certification on behalf of dishwashers in my employ. One would think that, having ascer

tained that no U.S. workers would be adversely affacted, the United States would allow the alien to take the job. Instead, the employer must wait years before lawfully employing that person. The children will be in graduate school and the business will be long closed before immigrant visas are issued.

This scenario is true for all so-called unskilled laborers under the 1986 Imwash dishes and mop floors. Perhaps there is oo sympathy for

business cannot afford to pay more.)

fact that this is not a solution.

then Congress and the administration should have the political will to move our predicament because most Americans know that the wages paid for these jobs are low and the job is hard. I the dishwashers and live in housekeepers to the front of the line and tell pay the cleaning person at my bakery \$6.50 per hour, and he works very others to wait. Our small businesses and working mothers need the help. hard for his pay. What good U.S. worker would want such a job? (This

The writer, owner of Heller's Bakery job paid \$16,000 last year, three paid and the restaurant Avignon Frères, holidays, three paid sick days and two weeks of paid vacation. We pay 50 percent of health insurance for those both in Washington, and a former immigration attorney at the Department of Justice, contributed this comment to employees who wish to enroll. The The Washington Post.



NEW YORK - Candidate Bill Clinton condemned the Bush We are a small business in the inner city. The rare U.S. applicant for these administration for a "cruel policy of menial jobs is almost always on drugs, alcoholic or just out of jail looking to returning Haitian refugees to a brutal dictatorship without an asylum bear-ing," and promised to give them the elected government." stronger than both of us. I have a

Haitians construed this promise to tation center; we are struggling to sur-vive. I need honest, reliable, reasonmean that Mr. Clinton would admit them all. In making it he evidently underestimated Haiti's economic and For the time being, many small business owners in Washington have been able to overcome the shortage of political desperation and the mass migrations it has produced for decades. Perhaps one-fifth of all Haitians

Time to Look at Alternative Medicine

with similar cancer and treatment

The Stanford study is one of doz-ens of clinical experiments in recent

who were not in the group.

business to run, and it is not a rehabili-

ably hardworking employees.

N EW YORK — The medical establishment is failing its pa-tients. A study reported in the New England Journal of Medicine dis-closes that a third of Americans are turning to alternative medical ther-apies. For too long, doctors, hospi-tals, insurance companies and the government have ignored alterna-tive healing techniques.

Placing a greater emphasis on treating the emotional and psycho-logical dimensions of illness will help solve the health care crisis by improving well-being lowering costs and conserving valuable resources. Arthur Kleinman, professor of psychiatry at Harvard, argues for distinguishing between "disease," a medical condition, and "illness," a person's experience of that disease. Only a portion of suffering comes from disease; the rest comes from a sense of helplessness and fear, The high-tech, profit-center mentality that rules much of medicine

focuses almost exclusively on discase. But there is convincing evidence that treating illness as well as disease is more humane and achieves better results at inter costs. A support group for women with terminal breast cancer, led by David Spiegel, a Stanford psychiatrist, met weekly for a year. Participation improved the quality of the women's follow-up 10 years later, Dr. Spiegel found that group members lived

twice as long on average as women

years to demonstrate the benefits of "mind-body" techniques - including support groups, deep relaxation, meditation and psychotherapy. At Harvard's Deaconess Hospital Boston and at the University of Massachusetts Medical Center in Worcester, patients are taught how to handle the emotional dim of their illnesses. More than 14,000 patients passed through these programs in the last year alone. Most report a lessening of medical symp-toms and a reduced need for expen-

sive medical care. These programs make fiscal and medical sense.

Dean Ornish of the University of California Medical School at San Francisco developed an innovative alternative to bypass surgery. Using a combination of group support, meditation, diet and exercise, his paticuts have been able to reverse schonary artery disease. And his program costs far less than the \$40,000 required for a single bypass.

These techniques free up medical resources. At Mount Sinai Medical Center m New York City, elderly hip-fracture patients given mental health counseling in addition to normal medical care left the hospital an ment to The New York Times. .

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average of two days earlier than those who received no counse If an experimental medication had brought about these results, had brought about mese results, drug companies would be racing to get it to market. Yet insurers balk at reimbursing alternative treat-ments, even if they have been pro-

vided by hospitals. Few hospitals offer such services; medical schools rarely teach mind-body therapies. What should be done? The National Institutes of Health recently

established an Office of Alternative Medicine, but its \$2 million research budget is woefully inadequate and should be increased. Insurance compames and health maintenance organizations should cover mind-body methods of proved efficacy.

Together with increased emphasis on disease prevention and compassionate primary care, mind-body medicine poses a challenge and an opportunity to health policy planners and the industry. As long as we continue to treat disease in the old way, the nation will never be able to keep up with escalating health costs. President Clinton has the oppor-

tanity to uther in not only and estal health care but also a commitment to provide bealth care that is humane, inexpensive and beneficial.

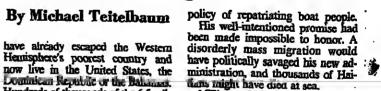
The writer is president of the Nathan Cummings Foundation, which supports programs in health and other areas. He contributed this com-

have already escaped the Western Hemisphere's poorest country and now live in the United States, the Dominican Republic or the Bahamas. Hundreds of thousands of the 6.5 million people left would depart if they

could find a country to admit them. Emigration accelerated after the coup in September 1991 when Haiti's first democratically elected president, the Reverend Jean-Bertrand Aristide. was ousted. Some migrants were persecuted as Aristide supporters; others fled the endemic poverty, worsened by economic sanctions aimed at restoring

Father Aristide to power. After Mr. Clinton was elected, migrants flooded to beaches and boat builders. Suddenly more than a thou-sand wooden boats able to transport up to 200,000 people were visibly under construction. Father Aristide, asked to exhort

his countrymen to stay home, did so by radio, but those waiting to leave were undeterred. At that point, Mr. Clinton embraced George Bush's



Millions of desperate people are willing to undergo great danger and suffering to escape their circumstances. American actions that en-courage them to migrate will commune to lead to large-scale responses. Too often the U.S. government seems blind to the effects of its policies.

Mr. Clinton has pledged to work to install democracy in Haiti. Instead of chaotic mass migration, at least three steps are occeded: full-scale human rights monitoring, greater access to refugee status for genuine refugees in Haiti, and international political and economic pressure — including a threat of military intervention on humanitarian grounds, as in Somalia.

Mr. Teitelbaum, a demographe who has written extensively on migra-tion and refugee issues, contributed this comment to The New York Times

IN OUR PAGES: 100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1893: Cannibals at Sea

HAMBURG - A charge of cannibalism has been brought against the surviving sailors of the Norwegian ship Tekla, who were landed at Coxhaven by the Danish barque Her-mann. According to the Cuchavener Tageblatt, when, after the survivors of the wreck had for sixteen days been in the rigging without food, a Dutch sailor offered to sacrifice himself. The others refused to arrest to a section of the Dutchman. He was killed by the Scandinavians, who preserved his blood, which served as their sustenance antil they were rescued. The survivors, who were half demented and incapable of movement when they were rescued, will be brought to trial in their own country.

1918: Wilson Sits Tight

LONDON - According to special despatches, President Wilson is not afraid of people who are trying to

"rock the boat." Governor Cox of Ohio sent a telegram to Mr. Wilson, saying: "Just sit tight in the boat. The reaction will overwhelm those whose politics has engulied their patriotism."

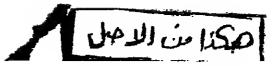
one of the greatest of the war, ended dramatically yesterday [Feb. 2] when the Red Army crushed the last desperate German resistance amid the ruins of the proud Russian bastion on the Volga. It was announced officialthe voiga. It was announced outcast ly today: "The historic Bartle of Sta-ingrad ended in the matter was of the troops. Thus the guns fell silent at Stalingrad for the first time since Fisher Dist of the first time since Führer Hitler huriod a siege army against the city on Ang. 26, their final thunder sounding a requiem to the higgest military sacrifice in history.

Mr. Wilson replied: "Thank you heartily for the message. You may be sure I shall sit tight, for the boat is sound and nobody can overset it." 1943: Russian Requiem MOSCOW - From our New York edition:] The Battle of Stalingrad,

7.11



Cantoon by JUAN BALLESTA in Cambio 16 (Madzid)



OPINION

Adding a B to 'Republican Comeback'

ST. LOUIS, Missouri - Repub-licans have been lucky in their choices of party chairmen. Over the years, to be sure, they have had plenty of mediocritics. But when they have needed exceptional talent, they have found it.

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After the Barry Goldwater land-slide in 1964, they turned to Ray Bliss of Ohio, the nuts-and-bolts technician who healed the party's ideological wounds, rebuilt the state organizations and paved the way for a White House comeback only four years later.

After Gerald Ford's close loss in 1976, the Republican National Committee elected former senator Bill Brock of Tennessee as its chairman. He matched Mr. Bliss's skill in strengthening the state and local infrastructure, while moving the party aggressively behind a call for tax cuts and other issues that powered Ronald Reagan to victory in 1980. Senate Minority Leader Bob Dole of Kansas recalled this history when

Italy Down the Drain?

There is no sense of individual re-

sponsibility toward the community.

People build protective walls around

Bribes are paid for everything.

Taxes continue to rise while the

quality of services deteriorates.

I live in an area of abundant

natural beauty, but I po longer ride

my bicycle or take walks in the

mountains, as the trails and woods

regions against one another, as evi-

denced by the separatist leagues in

This state of affairs is turning

themselves and their families.

Trash containers overflow.

are hornibly littered.

By David S. Broder he told national committee mem-

bers here Friday that it was up to them "to prove that lightning can strike three times." Later that day, hightning struck a rumpled, chummy -year-old lawyer named Haley Barbour and left him as the thirdballot winner of the party's top job. Whether Mr. Barbour becomes

the "Third B" in a politically blessed More of the optimism is rooted in trio of Bliss, Brock and Barbour, no one knows. But Mr. Barbour, who was executive director of the Mississippi Republican Party st age 25, has something of Mr. Bliss's Main Street commonsense. As a former Senate candidate, Reagan White House political director, Washington lobbyist and frequent television commentator, he also has something of Mr. Brock's media savvy and capacity for spotting and promoting political issues.

"Third B" is only one reason that this first major gathering of Republicans since George Bush's defeat remain to be fought, but the mainfound them surprisingly full of hope. Part of it is President Bill Clinton's stumbling start. "You could say he had a bad week," Mr. Dole quipped. "But he's only been there B week."

the fact that 1992 was not a Republican debacle. Republicans gained 10 House seats, held their strength in the Senate and took control of seven additional state legislative chambers. If 1994 brings the usual midterm swing, the Republicans could achieve further gains in the House and the state legislatures, as well as among senators and governors. The third reason for Republicans' optimism is that they are moving with remarkable speed to repudiate the hard-edged ideological rigidity

But the party leaders' hunch that Mr. Barbour will prove to be the of their recent past.

The meeting here clearly sig-naled the beginning of the end for abortion as a litmus test issue for Republicanism. Many skirmishes stream conservatives like Mr. Barbour who now run the party recognize that the party must have a different identity from the Nation-al Right to Life Committee if it is to become competitive again.

The outgoing party chairman, Rich Bond, a longtime Bush opera-Rich Bond, B songume bush opera-tive, put that message bluntly: "Our job is to win elections, not cling to intolerances that zealots call princi-ples. Our job is not to administer fitmus tests on any issue or be the champions of any single issue."

Mr. Barbour, who opposes abortion, put the proposition more tact-fully. Republicans will have their "heads in the sand" if they make abortion a "threshold test" for party loyalty, he has said.

As a pragmatist, with only a generalized conservative inclination, Mr. Barbour is squarely in the Bliss and Brock mold. And his views have broad support. He can point to a poll of Republican voters by the consolting firm Fabrizio, McLaughlin and Associates, released on the eve of the national committee meeting. It showed that Republicans overwhelmingly consider themselves conservatives and put great importance on adherence to traditional values.

But they are deeply divided on abortion. What holds them to their ment. Used Leicas sell at above party is its economic and national security stances.

being repeated at the state level. Pragmatic conservatives have beat-en back takeover efforts by the religious right but managed to enlist the energy of that movement into the Republican cause. The Texas special Senate election in May will provide another test of the Republicans' ability to forge such a coalition. A win there could make the St.

Louis meeting look like a landmark on the Republican comeback trail. The Washington Post.

PC Recipes for the Mother(?) Tongue

N EW YORK - Last month's mangural festivities, with their celebration, in Maya Angelou's words, of "humankind, constituted a kind of official embrace of multiculturalism and a new politics of inclusion: "the Asian, the Hispanic, the Jew/ The Afri-can, the Native American, the Sioux,/ The Catholic, the Muslim, the French, the Greek/ The Irish, the Rabbi, the Priest, the Sheikh,/ The Gay, the Straight, the Freacher./ The privileged, the homeless, the Teacher." The mood of political correctness, however,

The mood of pointcai correctices, nowers, has already made firm inroads into popular culture. Washington boasts a cable television show called "Politically Correct Cooking" that features interviews in the kitchen with representatives from groups like People for the Ethical Treatment of Animals. The Copbet Lunca Incannent of Annuals. Ine Cop-pertone suntan lotion people are planning to give their longtime cover girl, Little Miss (Ms.7) Coppertone, a male equivalent, Little Mr. Coppertone. And even Superman (Superperson?) is rumored to be returning this spring, reincarnated as four ethnically diverse clones: an African-American, an Asian, a Cancesian and a Latino.

Nowhere is this PC mood more striking than in the increasingly noisy debate over language — that has moved from university campuses to the country at large - a development that which both underscores Americans' puritannical zeal for reform and their unwavering faith in the talismanic power of words.

Certainly no decent person can quarrel with the impulse behind political correctness: B vision of a more just, inclusive society in which racism, sexism and prejudice have been erased. But the methods and fervor of the self-appointed language police can lead to a rigid ortho-doxy — and unintentional self-parody — that opens them to scorn and mockery.

for political correctness by saying "ovarinony" instead of "testimony" — as one par-ticipant at the recent Modern Language Asso-ciation convention was overheard to suggest. It is equally hard to imagine people wanting to flamt their lack of prejudice by giving up such words and phrases as "bull market," "Lazy Susan" and "charley horse." Rosalie Maggio's "The Bias Free Word Finder, a Dictionary of Nondiscriminatory

By Michiko Kakutani

phrases." The "pseudogenetic "he," " we learn, is to be avoided like the plague, as is the use of the word "man" to refer to humanity. "Fellow," "king," "lord" and "master" are bad because they are "male-oriented words," and "king," "lord" and "master" are especially bad because they're also "hierarchical, dominator society terms."

The politically correct lion becomes the "monarch of the jungle," new-age children

MEANWHILE

play "someone on the top of the heap," and the "Mona Lisa" goes down in history as Leonardo da Vinci's "acme of perfection." As for the word "black," Ms. Maggio says

it should be excised from terms with a negative spin: She recommends substituting words like "mouse" for "black eye," "ostracize" for "blackball," "payola" for "blackmail," and "outcast" for "black sheep." Clearly, some of these substitutions work better than others. Somehow the "sinister humor" of Kurt Vonnegut does not quite make it; nor does the

dilemmas. Whereas "battered wife" is a gender-biased term, the gender-free term "battered spouse," Ms. Maggio notes, incorrectly implies "that men and women are coually

On one hand, say Francine Wattman Frank and Paula A. Treichler in their book "Language, Gender and Professional Writ-ing," "he or she" is an appropriate construction for talking about an individual (like B jockey, say) who belongs to a profession that is predominantly male --- it is a way of cmsizing "that such occupations are not barred to women or that women's concerns

pronouns rhetorically can underscore ongoing male dominance in those fields, implying the need for change.

pressions and metaphors" like "killing two birds with one stone" or "kick an idea around" actually promote a more harmonious world?

The point is not that the excesses of the word I at point is not that the excesses of the word police are comical. The point is that their intolerance has disturbing implications. Get-ting upset by phrases like "bullish on America" or "the city of brotherly love" tends to distract attention from the real problems of prejudice attention from the real problems of prejudice and injustice that exist in society, turning them into mere questions of semantics. As explemism proliferates with the rise of

political correctness, there is a spread of the portical correctness, there is a spread of the sort of sloppy, abstract language that Orwell said is "designed to make hes sound truthful and murder respectable, and to give an ap-pearance of solidity to pure wind." "Fat" becomes "his-boned" or "differently sized"." "stupid" becomes "exceptional"; "stoned" becomes "chemically inconvenienced."

Such phrases seem cerily reminiscent of the cuphemisms coined by the government during Vietnam and Watergate. Remember how the military tried to shrug off saturation bombing as "terrain alteration," how Richard Nixon's press secretary, Ron Ziegler, tried to get away with calling a he an "inoperative statement"

Calling the homeless "the underhoused" doesn't give them a place to live; calling the poor "the economically marginalized" does Dot help them pay the bills.

Politically correct thinkers would prohibit certain words, phrases and ideas in the cause of building a brave new world free of racism and hate. But this vision of harmony clashes with the very ideals of diversity and inclusion the multicultural movement holds dear, and it is purchased at the cost of freedom of expression.

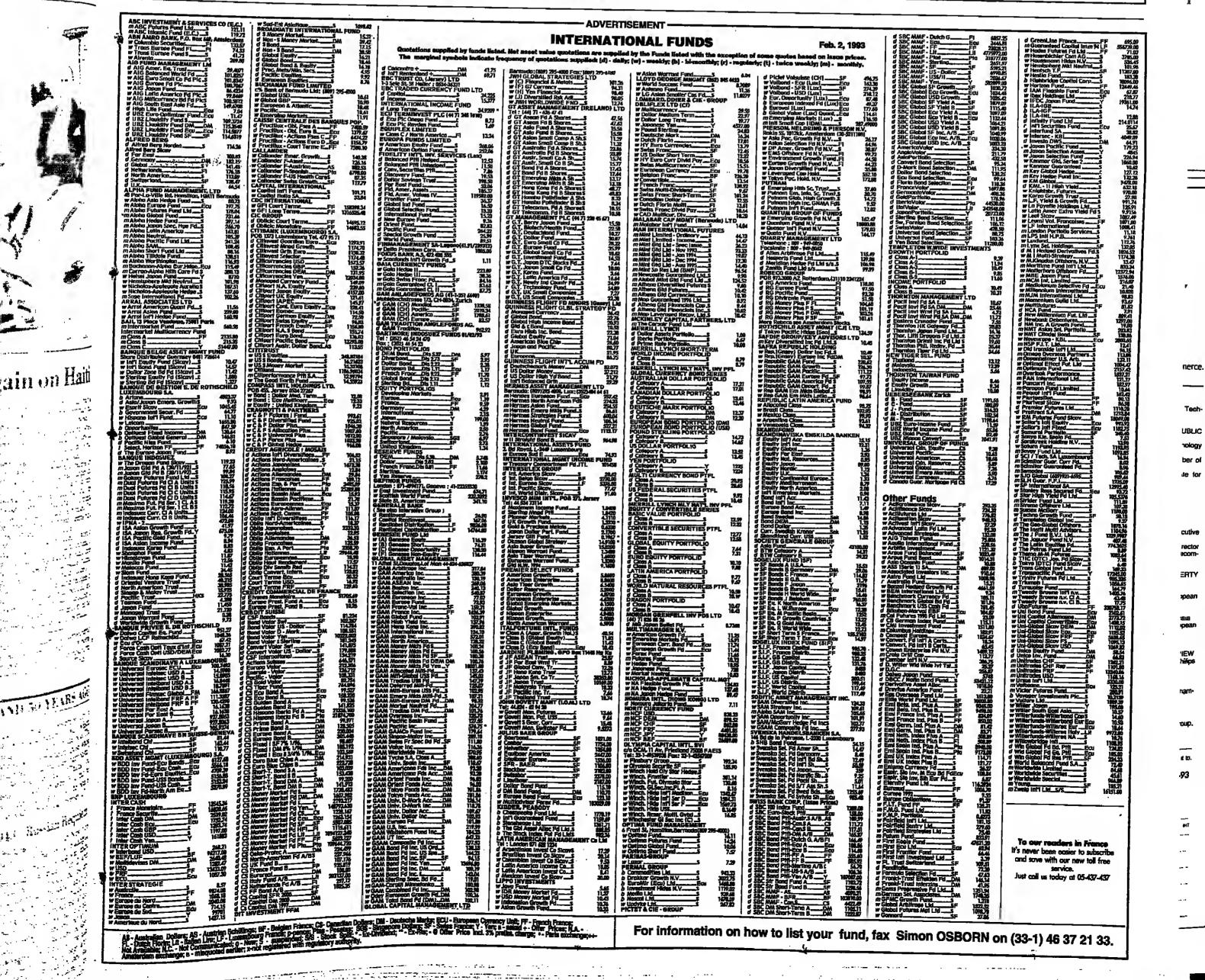
The utopian world envisioned by the language police would be bought at the expense of the ideals of individualism and democracy articulated in Lincoln's Gettysburg Address;

"Fourscore and seven years ago our fathers brought forth on this continent B new nation, conceived in liberty and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal."

The PC police find Lincoln's words hopelessly "phallocentric." No doubt they would rewrite the passage: "Fourscore and seven years ago our fore-

mothers and forefathers brought forth on this continent a new nation, formulated with liberty, and dedicated to the proposition that all ankind is created equal

The New York Times,



the north. Everywhere, one hears the A Liking for the Leica phrase, "What can one do?" As long as this attitude prevails, Italy, which As an American who has lived in Europe for 17 of the past 25 years, mostly in Italy and Germany, I am concerned that Italy is sliding ever Regarding "Leica, Bucking a Trend, Focuses on Germany to Reep Up Its Cult Image" (Jan. 15) by Brandon Mitchener: could be one of the greatest countries on earth, will go on rotting from within. I continue to hope it will wake lecter into an economic and social up and rise to its potential. The Leica camera is not only a abyss. Italian society is permeated BEN D. CALLAWAY JR. cult object but an excellent investwith inefficiency and comption.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Summonte, Italy.

Regarding "Children Need to Hear That Sex Is for Grown-Ups" (Mean-while, Dec. 30) by Ellen Hapkins:

what about killing the flesh of your flesh, which is what abortion is?

Defining Abortion

says of giving up a baby for adoption, "surrendering the flesh of your flesh is wrenching." If surrendering the flesh of your flesh is wrenching, then

Moscow.

their original price. Leica cameras made over 50 years ago are still

Following a paragraph that seems surely it is inaccurate to say that sympathetic to abortion, the writer Leica's "camera bodies and lenses

CHRIS HEARN.

ouite usable.

ens, correcting an editing error.

Yes, I am B fanatic about the Leica. I got my first one when I was 13, more than 50 years ago. But

are made of metal." No, the lenses are made of special optical glass. I believe your writer meant to say that the lens mounts are made of metal.

EDWARD G. AGHIB. Brussels. Editor's note: Mr. Aghib enlight-

It is hard to imagine women earning points

Language" supplies the reader intent on using kinder, gentler language with a detailed list-ing of more than 5,000 "biased words and

"denouncing" of the Hollywood Ten. These rules can make for messy moral

battered."

need to be kept in mind." They add, however, that using masculine

But will making PC changes in language remove the prejudice in people's minds? Should we really spend time trying to come up with nonmale-based alternatives to "Midas touch," "Achilles' heel," and "Montezuma's revenge"? Can the svoidance of "violent ex-

What happened in St. Louis is

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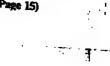
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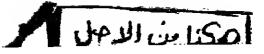
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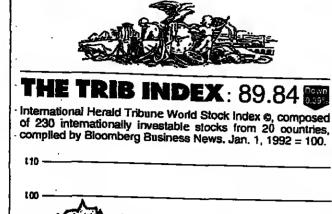
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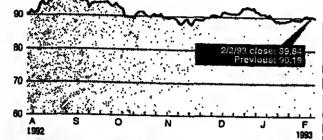
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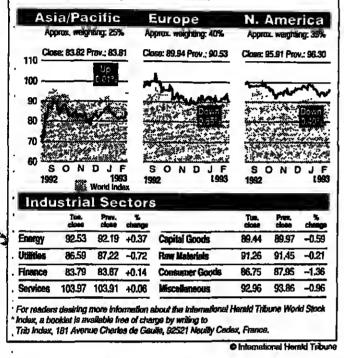
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The index tracks U.S. dollar values of stocks in: Tokyo, New York, London, and Australia, Austria, Belglum, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Italy, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Singapore, Spain, Sweden and Switzerland. In the case of Tokyo, New York and London, the index is composed of the 20 top issues in terms of market capitalization. In the remaining 17 countries, the ten top stocks are tracked.



MEDIA MARKETS

Australian Satellite Station

MIT Economists Descend on D.C.

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By Steven Greenhouse New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - fo the realm of economics, the arrival of President Bill Clinton means that the liberals from Massachusetts have been anointed and the conservatives from Illinois have been banished. In making several sages with doctorates from Massachusetts Institute of Technology the suzerains of economic affairs, Mr. Clinton has endorsed the school's prevailing view that government

has a powerful role to play in the economy. That ends the reign of the free market Chicago school — under the influence of the University of Chicago --- which infused the administrations of President Ronald Reagan and George Bush with the notion that whenever government sticks its nose into economic

affairs it is bound to mess them up. "The Clinton government promises to do exactly the kind of economics that MIT is all about," said Rudiger Dombusch, an economics professor at the school. "That means a lot of belief in the market, hut determined government intervention when there is a occd for it."

occd for it." For example, with the wages of many full-time workers falling below the poverty line, the MIT approach would be for government to help low-wage workers get training for better jobs. Among the MIT crowd descending on Washington: Laura D'An-drea Tyson, a professor at the University of California at Berkeley and the chairman-designee of the Council of Economic Advisers, received a doctorate in economics from MIT in 1974. Alan Blinder, chosen for a second council seat, earned his MIT doctorate in 1971 before becoming a professor at Princeton University. Joseph E. Stiglitz, a Stanford University professor with a 1966 MIT doctorate, is being considered for the council's third seat.

Lawrence F. Katz, a Harvard professor selected to he the Labor Department's chief economist, received his MIT doctorate in 1985, while David M. Cutler, a Harvard professor expected to work for the National Economic Council, received an MIT doctorate in 1991. Not to mention Secretary of Defense Les Aspin, who received an

economics doctorate from MIT in 1965. "We feel very good about all this," said Peter Temin, chairman of MIT's economics department. While faculty members are oot hreak-ing out champagne, they hope MIT's success will help attract topnotch students the way a basketball championship helps a college woo high school all-stars.

Describing the MIT economics philosophy, Mr. Temin said, "We believe the market is good for most things, but not for everything, as opposed to a more Chicago view where they think the market is good for everything."

The Chicago school gets its name from the University of Chicago,

whose faculty included several seminal free-market theorists, includ-ing Milton Friedman and George Stigler. How will the MIT approach translate into policy? While many Chicago adherents support vouchers that would subsidize students to go to public or private school, the Massachusetts crowd would form a dwarfing on a support policy. focus on education as a government function that oeeds to be improved. MIT folks also are far more likely to favor increased deficit spending to pull the United States out of recession.

Chicago schoolers back lower income taxes and capital gains taxes, saying such taxes discourage work and investment. The MIT people are not reflexively negative toward taxes. They are more open to raising taxes on the rich as a matter of equity, but many support an investment tax credit to encourage investing.

It should come as no surprise that these views sound similar to Mr. Clinton's campaign proposals: many of these MIT people advised him during the campaign.

DAF Forced to Seek Protection

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

AN

International Herald Tribune, Wednesday, February 3, 1993

AMSTERDAM - DAF NV was turned over to court-appointed administrators Tues-day, blamiog the Dutch and Flemish governments for withholding aid, but the Netherlands said the truckmaker's failure was the fault of British commercial banks.

Although the company has a chance to remain in husiness, analysts said shareholders were likely to lose much of their investments and the jobs of many of the company's 12,600 employees were at risk.

Among those with large exposures is DAF's biggest stockholder, British Aerospace PLC. It has a 10.9 percent stake, dating from the Dutch company's acquisition of the Leyland truck and van operation in 1987. ABN-AMRO Holding NV, which is DAF's higgest creditor, owns an 8.24 percent stake. ING Groep NV owns 10.63 percent, and the founding Van Doorne family's interest totals 10.33 percent.

Last week, DAF's shares were suspended at 4.55 guilders (\$2.47), and they are not expected to have any value when trading resumes on Wednesday, ABN's stock fell to 51.70 guilders on Tuesday from 52.10, while BAe's shares in

London edged up 1 penny to 275 pence (\$3.99). DAF employs about 12,650 people, includ-ing 5,500 in Britain, 5,000 in the Netherlands and 1,500 in Belgium. The truckmaker had been negotiating with manifold and been negotiating with

creditors, led by ABN-AMRO, and the Dutch and Flemish governments on restructuring its debts. DAF was said by analysts to have too small a share of the fahering European truck market — about 8 percent — to be able to compete with the likes of Fiat SpA and Daimler-

Benz AG. It has had cumulative losses of about 800 million guilders in the past three years. DAF said it filed for protection at the district court of Den Bosch. On Monday, DAF said the withholding of short-term bank credit meant it was unable to meet its bills. It set an ultimatum to its banks, which expired Monday afternoon. In the course of the evening, it emerged that a minority of the bank consortium was not prepared to meet this ultimatum," DAF said.

DAF said its bankers had agreed to cooper-ate in finding a solution to its short-term fund-

The Dutch government cited British banks for the filing.

ing needs while a longer-term solution was worked out. But it said the banks also wanted the Dutch and Flemish governments to contrib-ute an equal amount to the 50 million guilders they were offering, and the governments indi-cated to DAF management that delays in reaching a final solution were unacceptable.

The Dutch government has pledged 200 million guilders, but refused to advance the 50 million Monday for fear that it would have to

pay more while the bank negotiation continued. Economics Minister Koos Andriessen of the Netherlands said the company's filing for court protection from its creditors - which under Dutch law requires the appointment of adminis-trators — was forced by three British banks, which asked for new data about DAF's financial

status and its breakup value. Analysis have said with the European truck market saturated, there may not be much of a market for DAFs assets. "The British banks aren't much interested in things like employment or technology, they look at their risks and their provisions," said Mr. Andriessen, who said be believed the difference to those banks between whether DAF survives or

Page 11

fails was 5 million to 10 million guilders. Mr. Andriessen refused to name or blame the banks. "No-one is to blame, not even the banks." he said. "I can well understand that banks have their responsibilities, they see big figures and say now this doesn't look very scenre." Dutch press reports said the banks were Barciays Bank, Midland Bank and National

Westminster Bank.

Analysts said they were surprised by Tuesday's events because the parties appeared close to agreement. On Thursday, DAF and the Dutch government announced that discussions on re-

structuring had reached an advanced stage. Bert Zijlmans, analyst at F. van Lanschot Bankiers, said the filing reflected a "misjudg-ment from the banks," especially as DAF is "in the black on the operational side."

Mr. Zijlmans said the confidence of DAF's suppliers would have been undermined, even if a rescue plan did emerge. Reports last week said DAF needed 1.8 bil-

lion guilders to survive and a rescue plan envis-aged cutting 2,500 jobs. Under the plan, the Dutch government would have put up 200 million guilders by converting loans to equity and creditors an extra t00 million guilders by taking up new shares.

(Bloomberg, AFX, Reuters)

Soviets Had More Glitter Than Gold

By Fred Hiatt

Washington Post Service MOSCOW --- A former Soviet prime minister said in a newspaper interview Tuesday that the Soviet Union had squandered its gold reserves long before commonly supposed, but concealed

the fact in order to attract Western loans. The former prime minister, Valentin S. Pavlov, who is under indictment for his alleged part in a hard-line coup attempt in August 1991, boasted that he had been able to fool foreign bankers into believing the Soviet Union possessed ample gold reserves. Mr. Pavlov became prime minister in January 1991, when Mikhail S. Gorbachev was general secretary.

"We used to attract huge amounts of private banking capital," Mr. Pavlov told the ultraconservative newspaper Sovetskaya Rossiya. "They brought us their money as if we were a savings bank."

Russia is staggering under the debt incurred by the Soviet Union, especially as its economy declined in the last years of Mr. Gorbachev's regime, President Boris-N. Yeltsin and his reform-minded government have had to devote

much energy and pulitical capital to talks with Western countries oo postponing repayment. But Mr. Pavlov, far from acknowledging any mishandling of the Soviet economy, on Tuesday blamed Russia's troubles on the candor of his reform-minded successors. He said that the economist Grigori A. Yavlinsky, a former adviser to Mr. Gorbachev who pushed for marketoriented reforms, was wrong to reveal Mos-

cow's poverty. "When Yaviinsky gained access to the figures and could not resist the temptation of making himself popular with his 'revelations,' he dealt a deadly blow at the country's economy, its pay-ments balance and its credibility," Mr. Pavlov said. "It instantly worsened our standing as borrowers.'

Mr. Yavlinsky shocked the Western financial world in September 1991, when he revealed that the Soviet Union had only 240 tons of gold in its reserves, then worth less than \$3 billion. The Kremlin since 1926 had kept secret the worth of its reserves, and Western experts had estimated

them at well over 1,000 tons. Mr. Yavlinsky, who in the aftermath of the attempted coup tried to formulate a reform plan

that would hold the Soviet Union together, said that Mr. Gorbachev's regime had sold off twothirds of its gold reserves in 1990 alone. He said the country had been selling 400 tons a year for

several years, far more than it was producing. Mr. Pavlov suggested, however, that the na-tion's reserves were nearly depleted when Mr. Gorbachev took over in 1985. Mr. Pavlov said that from 1986, when Nikolai I. Ryzhkov became prime minister, through his own tenure "the gold reserves did not diminish,"

"We kept secrets from the International Monetary Fund and the Western banks,' Mr. Pavlov said. "We tried to maintain the impression that our gold reserves were solid." Mr. Yavlinsky was said by an aide to be

traveling abroad and unavailable for comment Tuesday. Mr. Pavloy, who is to stand trial in April for his alleged part in the failed coup attempt, was recently released from prison. "We attracted major credits, but not the way

we do it today when we go around panhandling, begging from foreign states," Mr. Pavlov said, "They believed that our claims were supported by gold reserves and that we offered a 100 percent guarantee of repayment."

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Can't Tread on Asian Toes

By Michael Richardson International Herald Tribune

INGAPORE — When Australian Broadcasting Corp. launches an Asian television service via satellite on Feb. 17, it will be entering a vast new market but one that is suddenly

It will be entering a vast new market but one that is suddenly starting to look quite crowded as international broadcasters move in to tap its andience and advertising potential. The corporation's service, known as Australia Television International, or ATVI, will be competing with broadcasters that have also leased channels on one of two operational communication satellites owned by PT Telkom, an Indonesian government tele.

We will not be

providing a censored

an Indonesian government telecommunications agency. They include three leading

American providers: Time-Warner Inc.'s Home Box Office

Warner Inc.'s Home Box Office movie channel, Turner Broad-casting System Inc.'s Cable News Network and the ESPN sports service, which is con-trolled by Capital Cities/ABC Inc. Other broadcasters planning to lannch Asian operations via the Indonesian satellite, probably later this year, are America's Discov-ery information and education channel; Australia's main commer-cial TV network, Channel Nine; and a joint venture news and entertainment venture between Television New Zealand Ltd. and

cial TV network, Channel Nine; and a joint venture news and entertainment venture between Television New Zealand Ltd. and Business News Network of Hong Kong. Victor Kin, regional media director for Asia in the Singapore office of Ogilvy & Mather Worldwide, said he foresaw ent-throat competition as the newcomers battle for viewers and advertisers with strongly entrenched local TV stations. "In the beginning, it will be very tough," he said. "If you are going into regional broadcasting in Asia, you have to take a long-term view." ATVI will broadcast from Darwin in English for eight hours a day, offering a diet of Australian-produced children's programs, language education, drama, comedy, documentaries, regional news and current affairs.

and current affairs.

and current affairs. A number of Australian programs have already proved popular on Asian TV. But Bruce Donald, ATVT's project director, said that to find a permanent place in the region, the new channel would have

See TV, Page 14

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(STR). 00

Retired Workers Pose Huge Burden for GM

By Doron P. Levin New York Times Service

ing grounds in Mesa, Arizona. GM is the biggest of the United States's old-line indus-Acknowledging that it faces trial companies to comply with monumental expenses over the accounting rules that are forc-ing companies to subtract enor-mous future health-care liabilnext 20 years for retiree healthities from their net worths. GM also said it would take an

next 20 years for fenree nearth-care benefits, General Motors Corp. has said that it is taking a \$20.8 billion after-tax charge against 1992 carnings. The accounting adjustment means that GM will post a net loss of about \$23.5 billion for 1992 far grounding the Ametiafter-tax charge of \$744 million in the fourth quarter related to its 81 percent stake in National Car Rental System Inc. 1992, far exceeding the Ameri-can corporate record loss of \$4.97 billion that IBM set just The board also raised the

quarterly dividend on GM's Class E stock by 11 percent, to last week. 10 cents a share from 9 cents. A spokesman said the increase GM's announcement late Monday sent its stock down was based on improved profits at its Electronic Data Systems 62.5 cents to \$37.50 a share in Tuesday afternoon trading on the New York Stock Exchange. On a positive note, GM also Corp. subsidiary.

The \$20.8 billion write-off is B "catch-up" to recognize the total cumulative retiree health-care expenses for working and retired workers, as if the acsaid that recent efforts to control operating costs in its troubled North American automoworking, "We continue to be encouraged by recent trends in our North American opera-tions," G. Richard Wagoner, the chief financial officer, said. counting standard had been in effect during the employee's working years. GM said it would take a separate \$1.4 bil-lion charge to reflect the actuar-The company continues to forecast a break-even financial performance in 1993 before in-

ial increases incurred by work-ers and retirees in 1992 for future health-care liabilities. The size of the auto indus crest, taxes and health-care actry's liability provides stark evi-dence of how expensive retiree counting expenses, he said. The annooocements followed a meeting of the GM

health benefits have become for board at the automaker's prov-American companies.

Feb. 2

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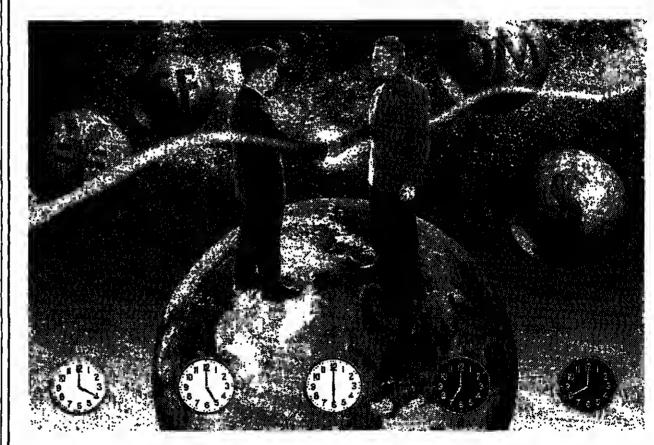
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strongest banks in the world. Our risk-weighted capital ratios are among the best in the industry, and our reputation for

Republic Holdings S.A., with US\$1.1 billion in total capital. achievement has attracted many new customers to the group. In the past four years, client assets have climbed 400%, and now exceed US\$9 billion.

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MARKET DIARY

Pressure on Drugs Hurts Blue Chips

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches NEW YORK - Wall Street stocks were mixed Tuesday, as profit-taking and weak bond prices pressured blue-chip issues, espe-cially drug stocks, but smaller shares advanced. The Dow Jones industrial aver-

age cased 3.51 points, to 3,328.67, but advancing issues outnumbered decliners on the New York Stock Exchange by a 9-to-7 ratio. The Nasdaq index of over-the-

counter stocks rose 3.35, to 705.12,

N.Y. Stocks

just below its record high, and the Standard & Poor's 500-stock index was little changed at 442.55, up 0.03. The Dow Jones transporta-tion average, which has been strong since late last autumn, gained 11.28, to 1,528.78.

Dealers ignored a report show-ing the index of leading indicators advanced by a better-than-expected 1.9 percent in December, as well as a separate report that showed new home sales shot up 6.3 percent in December, the first increase in three months

Despite the positive spin, "all eyes are on the unemployment report" for January, due out Friday, said Alan Ackerman, executive vice president at Reich & Co., since the economic recovery has yet to trans-late into new jobs.

Drug stocks were notable losers on broad selling pressures, while high-technology issues held their own after Monday's conspicuous advances, and retailers showed

RECOVERY: Looking Better

(Continued from page 1) recession year of 1991, indicating this traditional engine of the American economy was responding to lower interest rates.

sterling sales for dollars - sterling Such figures are consistent with the current level of growth just it," said a bank trader in London. Besides its fall against the dollar, the pound dropped to about 2.3702 DM from 2.3855.

Foreign Exchange

above 3 percent, which is barely enough to increase employment. Mr. Wyss forecasts 3.2 percent growth in the first quarter, slacking off to 2.6 percent in the second as consumer spending runs out of steam for lack of job growth. In the final quarter, he foresees the economy returning to higher growth as Mr. Clinton's fiscal stimulus kicks in, which is one reason why the administration is sticking with it even though current statistics make it seem unnecessary.

Dollar Advances

a 4.6 percent rise in Johnson Redbook's measure of retail sales for book's measure of retail sales for January, compared with December. The bellwether 30-year Treasury bond, which eased 4/32 Monday, was down 15/32 to 104 20/32. The issue's yield rose to 7.24 percent from 7.20 percent.

Merck was the most active issue on the New York Stock Exchange, down 11/2 to 37% after Salomon Brothers lowered its ratings on Merck and four other drug issues, citing concerns about the negative psychological impact of anticipat-ed health-care reform under Presi-

dent Bill Clinton. Glazo Holdings was the second-most active issue, down 1 to 18%. The Salomon comment and the

negative feelings about the sector also hit Bristol-Myers, which fell 1% to 58%, and Pfizer, down 2% to 63%

RJR Nabisco was the third-most-active issue, down ¼ to 8%. It said special charges of more than \$160 million brought a 75 percent slump in its fourth-quarter profit. The charges were for debt restructuring and the sale of its cold-cereal business, and its profit fell to \$37 million from \$153 million s year earlier, even though sales were 2.7

percent higher, at \$4.08 billion. In active over-the-counter trading, Dell Computer was down 4 to 45 after the computermaker said revenue in the fourth quarter ended Feb. 1 was below analysts' esti-mates. Still, Dell plans to proceed with a stock offering that was de-

layed pending a six-month investiatvances, and retainers showed in moderate strength. Treasury scentilies weakened in into foreign currency trad-ing that the company says cleared it is the face of strong data on the U.S. economy. They reacted especially to Knight-Ridder, AP, Bloomberg)

ainst European currencies in New

York on Tuesday and sent the belea-guered British pound spinning

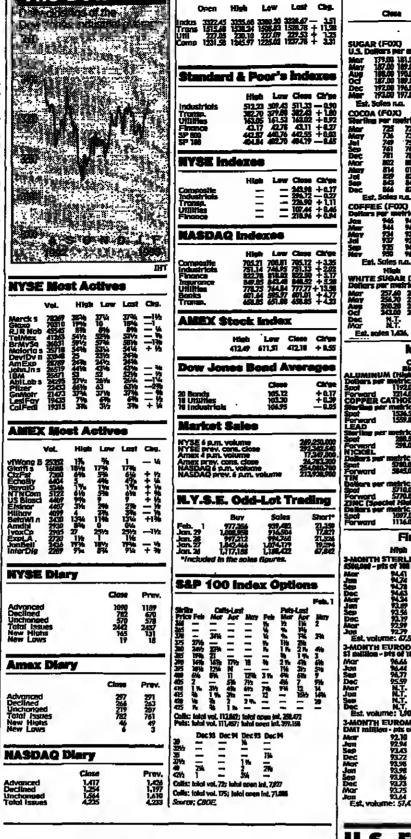
downward, news agencies reported.

sentiment is so fragile now that

players will use any excuse to dump

Despite the dollar's overall

There was a sudden rush of



Feb. 2

Dow Jones Averages

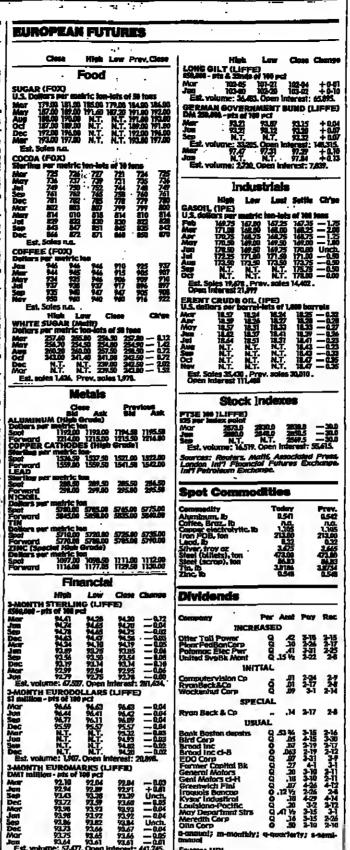
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The Dow

strength, it slipped to 124,650 yen from 125,055. Traders attributed from 125.055. Traders attributed the yea's resilience to a big shift in fund holdings out of marks. The fund holdings out of marks. The

Agence France-Presse

mark slid to about 75.91 yen from Inal quarter, he foresees the economy returning to higher growth as Mr. Clinton's fiscal stimulus kicks in which is one reason why the administration is sticking with it is to administration is sticking with it is even though current statistics make it seem unnecessary.
 Dollar Advances
 The data pointing to U.S. coomic growth source the dollar to Sates, said Lisa Finance, and the dollar to the dollar to advance and the dollar to advance and the dollar to advance and counties are much higher than in the United States, said Lisa Finance, and the curts would "substantially substantially substantialy substantially substantially substantially substantially subs



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Restructuring Hits Pepsi's Earnings PURCHASE, New York (Combined Dispatches) — PepsiCo Inc. stid Tuesday that operating profit of its core beverage business fell 66 percent to \$66.9 million in the fourth quarter of 1992, after restructuring charges. Overall. PersiCo's fourth quarter of 1992, after restructuring charges.

S66.9 million in the fourth quarter of 1992, after restructuring charges. Overall, PepsiCo's fourth-quarter net income slipped 2 percent from a year earlier, to \$265.6 million. Revenue for the food and beverage-company rose 16.3 percent to \$6.79 billion. The company said it recorded fourth-quarter beverage restructuring charges of \$115.4 million for domestic and \$29.6 million for international. Operating profit at the Frito-Lay snack-foods business increased 18 percent in the quarter to \$304.6 million. The restaurant business posted a \$5 percent orbit increase. to \$224.1 million. PersiCo operates the Pizza 65 percent profit increase, to \$224.1 million. PepsiCo operates the Pizza (Reuters, UPI) Hut and KFC restaurant chains.

Hut and KFC restaurant chains. **Tenneco Has Profit Despite Case Unit** HOUSTON (Bloomberg) — Tenneco Inc. said Thesday that it had swing to a \$35 million net profit in the fourth quarter of 1992, after a loss of \$26 million a year earlier, continuing what Chairman Michael Walsh, called a "basic corporate turnaround" begun in late 1991. The diversified industrial company, with interests in natural-gas pipe-lines, farm equipment and shipbuilding, said fourth-quarter income from continuing operations was \$47 million, compared with a loss of \$204 million a year earlier, excluding restructuring charges and asset sales. Fourth-quarter 1992 revenue slipped 8 percent to \$3.31 billion. Tenneco's J.L. Case farm and construction-equipment business nar-rowed its fourth-quarter loss to \$94 million from \$227 million a year, earlier. Tenneco said Case would cut production by 18 percent in the first quarter of 1993 from the year-earlier period. The move, combined with seasonally low sales, will result in a "fairly sizeable" loss at Case for first, quarter of 1993, said Dama Mead, Case's chairman. Case's European division will continue to drag the whole group down. Mr. Mead said. Tenneco is conducting an "extremely intense evaluation"-of options for Case, including the possibility of moving some European production work from Europe to the United States.

Charges Weigh Down GTE Income

NEW YORK (AP) — GTE Corp. reported Tuesday a 19 percent drop, to \$417 million, in fourth-quarter earnings and a \$754 million ammal loss, for 1992. It had earned \$1.58 billion a year earlier. GTE, which specializes in telecommunications, said the drop came from charges related to the sale of its electrical-products group, retire-ment of high-interest debt and changes in accounting rules. Separately, Sprint, the third-largest U.S. long-distance carrier, said, that it had earned a record \$117 million in the fourth quarter, up from \$98-million a year ago. It said it benefited from growing long-distance million a year ago. It said it benefited from growing long-distance revenues and greater use of its services and products.

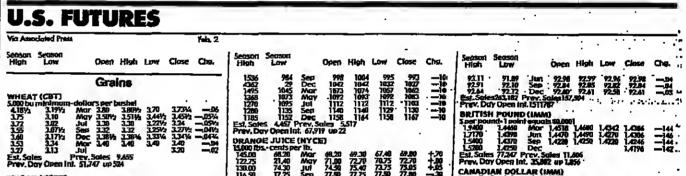
Special Items Slash RJR's Profit

NEW YORK (Reuters) — RJR Nabisco Holdings Corp., the tobacco: and food giant, reported Tuesday a 75 percent simmp in fourth-quarter net earnings, as special charges of more than \$160 million hurt its bottom line. For the latest quarter, RJR said it earned \$37 million, against earnings a year earlier of \$153 million. Sales rose 2.7 percent to \$4.08 billion. RJR said its quarterly results were weakened by restructuring charges-totalling \$162 million to cover the cost of early debt retirement and the sale of its cold-cereal business to Philip Morris Cos.

For the Record

General Motors Corp.'s Allison Gas Turbine Division and United Technologies' Pratt & Whitney unit agreed to jointly develop a propul-sion system for the military's planned AX jet. (AP)-

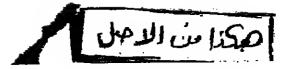
Lockheed Corp., citing improved profits at its government programs, as said Tuesday fourth-quarter earnings rose 15.5 percent to \$119 million. Kenneth D. Brody, a former partner at Goldman Sachs & Co. who was, one of President Bill Clinton's biggest fund-raisers, has been named to head the Export-Import Bank. (WP)



MONTH EURODOLLARS (LIFFE)

nomic growth spurred the dollar to strom, currency analyst at Lehman produced by OPEC members. The benchmark North Sea Brent crude its third consecutive daily gain Brothers. (Reuters, Bloomberg) traded Tuesday at \$18.52 s barrel, virtually unchanged from Monday.	WHEAT (KCBT) 114.50 77.25 580 77.30 77.35 77.30	
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German Carmakers Gloomy

Bloomberg Business News

FRANKFURT --- After a year of record sales and production, German carmakers are braced for recession in 1993, with sales expected to drop between 8 percent and 10 percept, industry officials said Monday. Achim Diekmann, a director of the German automakers' associa-tion, VDA, said car production was expected to slump 15 percent to 20 percent from record levels of 1992.

He was speaking at the traditional auto-industry outlook news confer-ence on Monday night,

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'As a result, the German auto industry, which accounts for more than 11 percent of the country's gross domestic product, plans dras-tic job cuts this year. In 1992, it shed more than 40,000 of its 773,000 jobs. "I figure that at least that many jobs will be lost in the car industry this year," Mr. Dickmann said. "An end to that trend isn't yet in sight."

Last year, German automakers increased overall production by 3 percent to 5.19 million vehicles. Passenger cars accounted for 4.86 million of the 1992 total, up 4 percent from 1991. Production of light commercial vehicles fell 7 per-cent to 188,057 units; production of heavy trucks fell 8 percent to 142,163.

German automakers posted re- DM. Sales in Germany were uncord exports in 1992, despite rising changed in nominal terms and fell a output costs and the strengthening of the Deutsche mark. Exports rose price-adjusted 3 percent to 128 bil-lion DM. 16 percent to 2.73 million units.

"Exports will decline this year," As often, new registrations indi-Mr. Diekmann said. "Originally we had projected 1993 exports to Western Europe to decline 1 percated the future trend, while production ran at record levels. In 1992, new car registrations in Germany fell 5.5 percent to 3.93 million. Mr. Diekmann expects 1993 reg-

istrations to fall about 17 percent to 3.25 million vehicles. "Only in Sales are expected to drop by the second half of the year can we expect some improvement," he as much as 10 percent in 1993.

German producers defended their dominant position in the domestic market in 1992, accounting cent; but now it looks more like 5 for 65.4 percent of total registraperceni." Sales to Western Europe tions, up from 64.6 percent in 1991. account for 84 percent of Germa-Japanese automakers were the biggest losers of market share.

They accounted for 13.3 percent of total 1992 registrations, down from 14.7 percent in 1991. Yet German manufacturers are painting a gloomy picture for their 1993 prospects. "Labor and pro-duction costs are throttling us,"

rose 6 percent from 1991. said VDA's president, Erika Em-Most of last year's increase remerich. "On top of that the burden sulted from a rise in exports, up a from taxes and environmental reg-nominal 14 percent and a price-ulations is higher than in most othadjusted 12 percent, to 109 billion er countries."

Slovaks, **Czechs Split**

Currencies Compiled by Our Staff From Dupor

PRAGUE - The Czech and Slovak legislatures on Tuesday approved the aboli-tion of the Czechoslovak koruna as the common currency of their two republics, in favor of separate koruna currencies.

Officials said 173 of the 189 deputies present in the Czech legislature voted in favor of the bill, with 16 abstentions. In Bratislava, the Slovak deputies adopted a similar bill with 116 for and 16 abstentions.

The technical separation of the two currencies was expect-ed to begin Thursday. Starting then, bank and post office counters in both republics will exchange for every adult a maximum of 4,000 Czechoslovak koruny (\$138) for stamped currency valid in each country as of next Monday.

Thousands of government employees have been busy for weeks stamping Czechoslovak federal banknotes with Czech and Slovak markings. Both countries plan to introduce new banknotes later in the year. Bank accounts and savings deposits will be recognized in both republics automatically

The initial exchange rate will be 1 to 1.

But Slovakia, burdened with obsolete industries built during the Communist era, is expected to devalue the currency by between 30 and 50 percent as a way of boosting (AP, Reuters) CEDOTIS.

Profit Low, for Now, Investor's Europe At Matra-Hachette

Reuters PARIS - Matra-Hachette, the newly merged defense and publish-ing conglomerate, said Tuesday

Hachette, best known for its stathat it expected profit for 1992 to ble of glossy magazines, including Elle and Woman's Day, posted a be around 350 million francs (\$64 million), at the bottom of the range loss of 1.93 billion francs in 1991 that was forecast before its merger after a profit of 492 million francs

in 1990. The loss reflected the col-But the company said its profit was likely to rise substantially in 1993 and could exceed 1 billion 3.54 billion frances over the last two tion, which has cost the company

Matra.

francs by 1996. years. Jean-Luc Lagardère, the chair-man, said Tuesday at a news con-Matra reported a profit of 252 million francs in 1991, down from ference that he expected profit to 606 million in 1990. rise by 30 percent a year on average The nine operating subsidiaries during the period from 1993 to 1996, while sales should increase by

of the conglomerate will include units focusing on space, defense, telecommunications, transport. automobiles and books.

both Hachette, whose earnings

have eroded in recent years, and

The improved 1993 results would reflect tighter management, better profitability in its North American operations and lower fi-The company estimated sales of about 55.1 billion francs for 1992, up 3.7 percent from 1991. nancial costs due to an improved

Mr. Lagardère, who has a fondbalance sheet, the company said. ness for boxing metaphors, said that the round involving La Cinq Last year, company officials had estimated that the merged concern was now over and that a new match would earn between 350 million had begun. "I've lifted myself back up and that round is over," he said. "I want to fight. I didn't pick my-Profit in the course of 1992 has

self back up to shadow box.

Jaguar Unveils New XJ-12

AMSTERDAM — Jaguar, the unprofitable British hxury carmaker, mweiled Tuesday its redesigned XJ-12 model at the Amsterdam motor show, saying the new version was more powerful, more economical and more refined than its aging predecessor. Jaguar, a subsidiary of Ford Motor Co., ceased production of the old series in December after a 20-year run of 52,210. The new car there the performe of earlier models and is outwardly

The new car shares the pedigree of earlier models and is outwardly similar to the XJ-40, a redesign brought out in 1987. Jagnar hopes the price tag of £46,000 (\$67,000) in Britain will make it competitive at the top of the huxury car market worldwide.

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Very briefly:

Sources: Reuters, AFP

Lufthansa said it had taken delivery of the first four-engine A-340 Airbus, built by the Enropean consortium to compete with U.S. longrange passenger jets.

· Swiss Bank Corp. said parent-company profit in 1992 rose 6.6 percent to 805 million francs (\$533.64) due to strong trading volume.

• France's new car registrations fell 36.2 percent to 114,000 in January from the same month in 1992.

• Pechiney said it had acquired a 51 percent stake in Strojobal, a Czech packaging company, but it did not disclose the price.

• Kolbenschmidt AG, an automobile supplier belonging to Metallgesells-chaft AG, said it had a group loss of 90 million DM (\$55.2 million) in the year ended Sept. 30, after a profit of 9 million DM the year before.

• Medeva PLC said it had conditionally agreed to purchase Institut de Recherche Corbière, a French pharmaceuticals company, for 93.75 million francs (\$17.03 million).

Bloomberg, AP, AFX, AFI

EC Assails U.S. Over Export Curbs BRUSSELS --- The European Community on Tues-

ny's auto exports.

Mr. Diekmann's forecast for

overall 1993 sales to fall between 8

percent and 10 percent, comes after a price-adjusted increase of 4 per-

cent in 1992 to 237 billion DM (\$145

billion). In nonadjusted terms, sales

day criticized U.S. moves to curb EC exports, which have raised fears of increased protectionism by the administration of President Bill Clinton. EC trade ministers denounced what they called pro-

hibitive U.S. anti-dumping duties imposed last week on steel exporters in seven EC countries and expressed grave concern about Monday's threat to ban bids by EC companies for U.S. government contracts.

The ministers said the U.S. action on steel exports was unacceptable and asked the commissioner for external economic relations, Sir Leon Brittan, to say so forcefully when he meets the U.S. trade representative, Mickey Kantor, in Washington on Feb. 11.

A statement after the trade ministers' regular meeting did not say what the Community would do if the United States kept to its present positions, but said: The council reserves its full rights to take whatever action is necessary."

The French foreign trade minister, Bruno Durieux, said that the only weapons the United States knew show to use in international trade talks were intimidation and unilateralism.

He said the steel trade duties announced by the U.S. Commerce Department might have been in the pipe-line from the days of President George Bush, but Mr. Clinton was clearly responsible for the move to bar EC companies from competing for federal public-utility contracts.

The United States imposed the duties, of up to 109 percent, on 2 million tons of annual EC steel exports worth \$1 billion.

EC Fails to Bolster Defenses

The Community failed to reach agreement Tuesday on strengthening its powers to impose anti-dumping tariffs and other protectionist measures against cutprice imports, Agence France-Presse reported from Brussels.

A meeting of EC foreign and trade ministers could not muster majority approval for a proposal from the EC Commission that would have made it easier to impose the trade restrictions.

Diplomats said the five free-trade-oriented EC members, Germany, Britain, the Netherlands, Den-mark and Luxembourg, had blocked the proposal. It had been aimed particularly at imports from such countries as China and Eastern Europe.

TOKYO: Government, Quietly, Bolsters Stock Market

(Continued from page 1)

longer the government will - and can — keep it going. Some analysis fear that pressure is building for a new crasi

At stake is much more than just fraudulent." the profits of investors in Japamese . companies, for the Tokye-stock government to ease up its PKO market's performance has the po-, activities soon, because the market tential to affect overseas markets support is threatening to drive -and, in the process, the health of some of Tokyo's smaller stock bro-

"unrealistically high level," nobody from intervening. Ministry execuwants to buy shares any longer, said Craig Chudler, strategist at UBS Phillips & Drew Ltd. "People look at the market and feel it's a bit But pressure is mounting for the

functioning market like Tokyo's. But after that bracing experiment in free-market theory, the ministry changed its mind when the

Nikkei plummeted through the 15.000 barrier all the way to 14.309

as valid in the new currencies.

the world economy.

Traders and analysts jokingly call the market-boosting effort the "PKO" — a play on the acronym for the United Nations peacekeeping operations that Japanese forces recently joined. It is hardly a secret, a state of torpor, so trading has It is part of a government package dried up.

Japan's slumping economy. So far, the PKO has put a floor under the Nikkei stock average be-COTT tween 16,000 and 16,500 points, comfortably above the 14,000-point barrier it was approaching last August. On Tuesday, share prices on the Tokyo exchange rose slightly. The 225-issue Nikkei aver-age rose 52.67 points, or 0.31 per-cent, closing at 17,186.31 points. Because stock prices are at an

kerage firms into bankruptcy. on Aug. 18. "The brokers are screaming." market participant said.

At that point, the decline in share prices was threatening to se-The floor under share prices, combined with the lack of buying verely affect the health of Japanese banks by croding their capital base. interest, has helled the market into The ministry acted as it did for the sake of the national economy, a

As a result, securities houses — many of which were already losing and forth," he joked. "First free market, then PKO, then free marmoney last year --- cannot carn ket, then PKO." ssions. Average daily trading volume on the Tokyo Stock Exchange has shrunk to 193 million But going back from PKO to free market this time may be dicey. shares so far this year, a fifth of the

When the Nikkei average fell said Shigenori Kato, general man-ager at Sumatomo Life Insurance. February, the ministry decided af-ter long, heated debate to refrain

"Some people say that without volume during stock market "bub-ble" years of 1987-89.

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TRADE: Flurry of U.S. Steps Masks a Policy Vacuum A (Continued from page 1)

tion, and could still become protectionist.

The new team lacks the ideological anchor of a strong, publicly expressed belief in free trade, and is backed by a Democratic Party that is deeply divided on trade policy. This combination could force Clinton aides to confront a succession of domestic industries allied with Democratic factions without a clear, consistent set of rules for rejecting requests for help.

The inauguration of a Democratic administration has helped embolden ailing industries to seek protection from imports. For example, manufacturers of types of steel not covered by last week's decisions are considering whether to petition the Commerce Depart-

ment for tariffs. Six-year-old world trade talks in Geneva would, if completed on their current terms, limit the ability of countries to protect ailing industries through such tariff cases. But Mr. Clinton largely ignored the talks during the campaign and has done nothing so far to rejuvenate

The president "is not a protectionist, but he has got to get off the feace," said Jagdish Bhagwati, an echnomics professor at Columbia University and a special adviser to Arthur Dunkel, the director-general of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, which oversees free-trade rules.

Yet, to the quiet veration of freetrade critics in Congress and orga-nized labor, the Chinton administration has so far followed these Bush administration policies:

The new administration has ignored suggestions by foreign govsumments and steel-makers that it timinate steel import tariffs and replace them with himits on import tonnage. The Bush administration abolished the tonnage limits, which allocated steel market shares through a political process, and encouraged the domestic steel compa-nies to try their luck in the Com-

merce Department's tariff process. ambiguous on trade policy; you People involved in the steel case can't get any sense at all of what can't get any sense at an or what they're going to do," said Gene M. Grossman, a professor of econom-ics and international affairs at Princeton University's Woodrow Wilson School of Public and Interpredicted in interviews on Inangu-ration Day that work done under the Bush administration on the steel cases would result in steel import tariffs averaging about 25 per-cent. The final figure, after further national Affairs. Mr. Bhagwati of Columbia Uni-

calculations, was 27 percent. • Mr. Kantor's predecessor, Carla A. Hills, complained about the European Community's proversity, who supports free trade, pointed out that Mr. Clinton could not have blocked the steel tariffs without violating U.S. laws that lay curement rules for several years while they were being drafted. The U.S. retaliation on Monday closely out timetables and rules for calculating tariffs. resembles what she envisioned.

• The Clinton administration which would climinate trade barriers among Canada, Mexico and the

United States. Its support has not flagged despite the hostility of ortue loday for a com anized labor and a vitriolic dem-**STEINSERG'S** onstration by opponents when Mr. Clinton met last month with President Carlos Salinas de Gortari.

They have been remarkably

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He said any protectionist image the administration might be acquirhas so far supported the North ing was a result of maction. American Free Trade Agreement, CHOICEGUALITYANDRAREGOLD CONSOFTHEWORLD

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Page 14	IN	TERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUN	E, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1	993	**
TV: Australian Satellia (Coatinued from first finance page) to provide a service that was "inter- esting, fresh and relevant." Gareth Evans, Australia's for- eign minister, said that by giving Asians a better appreciation of Australian values, lifestyles and ca- pabilities. ATVI would "help to overcome some of the inadequate, outdated or misleading perceptions the region has of Australia." The Australian government paid for half of ATVI's start-up cost of {1 million}. Some Australian politicians are wonried that ATVI, by reporting news and views that regional gov- ernments may find offensive, will rekindle tensions between Austra- lia and Southeast Asian countries.	te Broadcaster Will Have t alia's Northern Territory, parent corporation's news in ahad a history of offend- in ations, especially Indo- d Malaysia. He warned akarta found ATVI pro- ere biased or intrusive, it mply "throw the switch" the satellite service. event such a move, ATVI win up a set of editorial is to take account of what aultural and political sensi- in Asia. "We will not be g a censored news service, ill be sensitive to our audi- r. Donald said. me years, Indonesia has ng space on its satellites to e, Malaysian and Thai that are primarily interest- proving their national cov-	a decided to nedia as well ellite system. te used by Kong, which hole of Asia, above Indo- "footprint," sters believe popealing and rket for ad- om the Indo- r Southeast kong and the fastest gion in the ladove structure information and entertain- ment and prohibit individuals from having dishes. ATVI will try to extend its andi- ence reach in Asia by broadcasting an uncoded signal for viewers with satellite receiving dishes to pick up free of charge. But it will also seek entry into the region's expanding pay-TV network, much of which is under government control. ATVI is seeking paid sponsor- ship for its programs from Austra- hian companies and institutions to	NASDAQ prices as of 4 p.m. New York time. Thesday's Prices NASDAQ prices as of 4 p.m. New York time. This list completed by the 4P, consists of the 1,000 most traded securities in terms of dollar value. It is updated twice a year. Weint Low Sect This list completed by the 4P, consists of the 1,000 most traded securities in terms of dollar value. It is updated twice a year. Weint Low Sect This list completed by the 4P, consists of the 1,000 most traded securities in terms of dollar value. It is updated twice a year. Weint Low Sect This list completed by the 4P, consists of the 1,000 most traded securities in terms of dollar value. It is updated twice a year. Weint Low Sect Antimities in terms of dollar value. It is updated twice a year. This list colspan="2">Constant of the 1,000 most traded securities in terms of dollar value. It is updated twice a year. This list colspan="2">Constant of the 1,000 most traded securities in terms of dollar value. It is the 1,000 most traded securities in terms of dollar value. It is the 1,000 most traded securities in terms of the 1,000 most		
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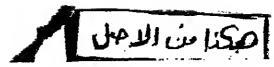
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Hong Kong Land Sale

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Seen as Test Bloomberg Business News

HONG KONG - Investors in the Hong Kong stock market will be watching the outcome of a govcrament land auction Wednesday as a test of business confidence.

The site expected to attract most interest is in Diamond Hill, Kow-loon, which is set aside for housing and offices. It is close to Tsim Sha Tsui, a major shopping area. The other piece of land is an industrial/warehouse site in Fanl-

ing in the New Territories. Diamond Hill "is the largest resi-

dential property that has ever been placed at anction in Hong Kong," said Nicholas Brooke, senior part-ner at Brooke Hillier Parker, real estate consultants. "That will be the hot one."

Estimates for the sale price run between 3 billion to 4 billion Hong Kong dollars (about \$390 million to \$520 million). The sale is not only a barometer

on business confidence," Mr. Brooke said, "but also a signal of the development community's own caution, particularly with regard to government regulations on mortgages." Hong Kong's residential market has been sagging since the govern-ment imposed a 70 percent ceiling ton mortgages to curb speculators. Developers will meet with Fi-nancial Secretary Hamish Macleod on Wednesday to try to get the ceiling rolled back.

Analysts said the restriction on mortgages had been a factor in the 15 percent drop in residential prices since last year.

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JAL Helps Executives Search Rising Jobless Toll

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

TOKYO - Times are so tough in the Japanese airline industry that Japan Air Lines Co., the country's largest carrier, is willing to pay its highlevel employees to leave,

JAL is seeking to give some executives and senior managers a paid leave of absence to look for jobs outside the company. The move is part of the carrier's plan to cut costs and push the company back into profit.

JAL is forecasting a 500 billion yen (\$400 million) pretax loss this year. Like most Japanese companies, JAL is loath to

lay off a single employee. In the recession, many companies are skirting this problem by applying subtle pressure to workers. Female employees are being asked if it is not time they considered mar-riage; new employees are encouraged to consider a career change.

Luring excess managers out from a company's upper limbs, however, takes a little honey. JAL said it was offering an undisclosed number of its 500 managers and executives as much time as they. would like to find a new job.

"This is a fairly open-ended arrangement for a dismi small number of managers," said Geoffrey Tudor, said.

a spokesman at Japan Air Lines. The managers are trusted to move on as quickly as possible, he said. In a similar labor market development, Eastman Kodak (Japan) Co. said Tuesday that it was seeking early retirements from almost two-thirds of the 110-member work force at the group's main research facility in Japan. The spokesman said the subsidiary, one of the

four main units of Kodak in Japan, was offering retirement allowances and additional payments to 70 employees at the research facility set up in Yokohama in 1989.

Separately, the audio-equipment maker Pioneer Electronic Corp. is backpedaling on its plan to dismiss 35 managers if they refused a company

request to take early retirement. The plan shocked many Japanese, with its hint that the nation's lifetime-employment system for salaried workers might be crumbling.

A Pioneer spokesman said an unspecified num-ber of the managers, all between the ages of 50 and 60, had agreed to take early retirement, but that others had not yet been persuaded. "Eventually we think they will leave the company, but we will not dismiss them before they have been persuaded," he said. (Bloomberg, AFP, Reuters)

Nintendo Eyes Satellite Business

TOKYO --- Japan's high-flying computer-game maker, Nintendo Corp., is considering a move into the satellite data-broadcasting business after re-ceiving a request for financial help from a troubled company, a Nintendo spokesman said Tuesday. Nintendo got a distress call from Satellite Digi-

tal Audio Broadcasting Co., a Tokyo-based operator of radin and fax information satellites. The broadcaster, with debt of more than 5 billion yen (\$40.32 million), is suffering because of a low number of subscribers.

Nintendo said it would submit restructuring plans to Satellite Digital and would offer financial aid to the company if the plans were accepted. Nintendo said it was not considering using satel-

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lites as a means of transmitting game software to users or dealers, as had been suggested.

Japanese press reports have speculated that Nintendo was looking at data transmission as a way of improving distribution of its products and retaining control over dealers and the 16 million users of its game machines in Japan.

Such a method of distribution would be technologically possible by giving dealers a computer and communications software, and a security code to allow them access to the game program data. How-ever, the official cited difficulties over payments as the main obstacle to implementing the idea.

Nintendo recently became Japan's third most profitable nonfinancial company, overtaking Matsushita Electric Industrial Co.

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13 Month High Low Stock

Disturbs Japanese

Compiled by Our Staff From Dupotches December showed anemploy TOKYO - In the latest sign ment hitting 2.4 percent, the highest level since May 1989. that Japan's prolonged coo-nomic slowdown is taking a social toll, the government an-nounced Tuesday that the worse than we had anticipat-ed," said Mineko Sasaki-Smith, economist at Crédit Suisse. jabless rate in 1992 climbed for the first time in six years.

Economists said unemploysaid the figures showed that the ment, a severe problem in the slowdown, which has crippled West but little known here, was consumer demand and left quickly becoming a sensitive iswarehouses packed with unsold sue for Japanese politicians. They said this could force the goods, was slowly but surely cating away at Japan's vaunted ifetime-employment system. "During much of the down-turn, companies have done ev-crything to keep employees on the books," Ms. Sasaki-Smith government to take bolder steps in this likely election year to end the two-year slowdown.

Despite the crunch, however a senior Bank of Japan official dampened rampant speculation that the central bank would said. "But it oow looks like they can't continue to protect emvery soon lower its key interest rate as part of attempts to get

ployees." Anthony Nafte, an econo-mist at the market-analysis firm the economy moving again. Yutaka Yamaguchi, head of the bank's policy planning de-partment, told reporters that IDEA, said that, with the construction sector receiving a boost from government public-works projects, most of Japan's Japan's economy would not al-low the bank to cut its official job market weakness was in discount rate now. The rate curmanufacturing. rently stands at 3.25 percent. In December, the total of Although overall joblessness

manufacturing jobs fell 0.3 per-cent from a year earlier to 15.57 is still the envy of the world, the data are unnerving for Japanese million, while employment in used to virtual guarantees of construction rose 4.8 percent to work in an ever-expanding 6.31 million. economy. According to the Management and Coordination Agency, the monthly jnbless rate climbed an average 2.2 per-

cent for calendar 1992 from 2.1 percent in 1991. And figures for

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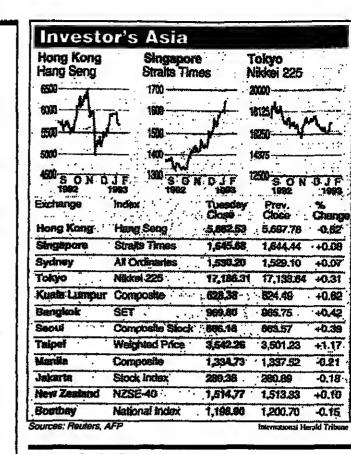
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In a separate report, the Eco-nomic Planning Agency said private sector capital spending was forecast to fall by 0.4 percent in the first quarter. (Renters, AFX)

Year Revenue _____ Net Inc. _____ Per Share ____ a: Lass.

"Labor adjustment here is

She and other economists



Very briefly:

 China considers "unfair" Japan's decision to slap an anti-dumping to on China's silico-manganese exports, the China Daily said, quoting the Foreign Trade Ministry; its spokesman said some Chinese companies were refusing to pay the taxes and were considering retaliatory measures.

• Dailantsu Motor Co. has agreed to make 660 cc minicars with Mitsui & Co. and four Malaysian companies in that country's second national car project, turning out an initial 20,000 vehicles a year.

• Singapore's Economic Development Board said the nation attracted a record 3.48 billion Singapore dollars (S2.12 billion) in investment communents in 1992, up 21 percent from 1991.

• Dusit Thani Corp., Thailand's largest domestic hotel company, said its net earnings for calendar 1992 fell 13.1 percent to 217.7 million baht (\$8.6 million) as the result of the glabal economic slowdown, domestic political turnoil and Bangkok's worsening environment.

• PTT Exploration & Production, an affiliate of the Petroleum Authority of Thailand, will make its initial public offering in mid-March, floating 40 million shares, or 15 percent of total equity.

• Bangkok Land Co., Thailand's largest publicly traded real estate developer, said consolidated net earnings for the quarter to Dec. 31 were 1.25 billion baht, up 30.8 percent from the year-earlier period.

· Barma's Trade Ministry has eliminated the import duty on fertilizers, insecticides and farm machinery, state-run Radin Rangoon said.

Bloomberg, AFP, Reuters

Pohang Net Profit Up 27% in 1992

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

SEOUL - Pohang Iron & Steel Co., the world's third-largest steelmaker, said Monday it had recorded a 27 percent rise in net profit for 1992, to 185.1 billion won (\$232.6 million).

A company spokesman said that exports to China and to Southeast Asian countries had been brisk, while exports to the United States remained shuggish.

"POSCO diversified its export markets and reduced its dependence on the U.S. because of expected anti-dumping charges." said Jang Byung Hyo, a POSCO spokesman. The United States last week announced anti-dumping duties of up to 30 percent on steel products from South Korea.

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th Quar. 1972 Revenue _____ 1474 Oper Net _____ 128,00 Per Share _____ 142

read THE MONEY REPORT every Saturday in the IHT

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SPORTS BASEBALL

Bo Jackson: Larger Than Life - One More Time?

By Claire Smith New York Times Service

CHICAGO - From Birmingham, Alabama, to Kansas City, to Chicago, it has always been different, this thing called the Bo Show. And now more than ever, the saga of Bo Jackson is more discomfiting and

compelling. Discomfitting because Jackson, once able to defy logic by playing two professional sports, is trying to shatter all boundaries for a world-class athlete by trying to play for the Chicago White Sox again despite having a metal and plastic implant where his left hip used to be.

A foreign object within a foreign object, wryly observes Jackson, a man used to being looked upon and marketed as an odd, uncanny athlete.

The story is compelling because Jackson, having proved to be mere flesh and bone after a tackle in a 1991 National Football League game wrenched his old hip apart, is inching closer and closer to completing a back unlike any other in professional team Sports.

Spring training is just over three weeks away, and Jackson is making the White Sox rethink the possibili-ties. He is front and center in thoughts from which be

had all but faded less than a year ago. Gene LaMont, manager of the team, certainly is having his bead turned. In Chicago for the kickoff of a White Sox publicity caravan, he watched the outfield-er who once boasted of world-class sprinter's speed work out.

Jackson ran the distances from home to first, home to second, home to third io times like 3.8 seconds, 7.0 and 10.1 seconds. And, after watching the distances gobbled up, LaMont shook his head and said he doesn't even dream of running that quickly. "I don't think it was full speed," said LaMont, who

knows the old Jackson used to run 100-yard dashes in 10 seconds and under. "But to me, he could play at these speeds."

Jackson, not surprisingly, agrees. "I'm probably running as fast as I need to run right now," he said after running a series of sprints in the concrete tunnels beneath the Comiskey Park stands. "I'm not full speed yet, but I'm not slow-poking around."

Nor is be running with a limp or the obvious hop-along style present in his previous comeback attempt, in the 1991 baseball season.

The initial injury occurred when Jackson was cut down by a tackle while running for the Los Angeles Raiders in a game against the Cincinnati Bengals on Jan. 13, 1991.

No one who has watched Jackson's comeback figures be has shown how far be can go, knowing just how far it is he's actually come. After all, it was just last March that Jackson, a man who never acknowledged

ONDON — How long can Paul Gascoigne last in the court of Italian strangers?

The question runs deeper than the idioitic little burp with which Gazza chose to express his public feelings on being dropped from Lazio's team last week. From the Senate to the streets, Italians

chorused shock-horror at "Il commento gastrico,"

This was gut reaction to a gut reaction. Gas-

whether it is true

that he was fined a

week's salary, he

coigne tried to amuse but it came out vulgar. And

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as La Stampa headlined it.

Rob

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human frailty might be catching, admitted his professional career might be over.

That brief concession came after he stroked n single during a spring training game, then told team officials that the pain was no longer tolerable. X-rays confirmed what Jackson's body was signaling - the hip, riddled with avascular necrosis, a degenerative disease in which blood flow is cut off to needed areas, was

dying. "At that point," said Herman Schneider, the White Sox trainer, 'I knew we had to do something just for his quality of life. After all, here was a 29-year-old walking around like he was 60. He deserved better than that."

Less than a day later, a decision was reached.

Less than a day later, a decision was reached. Surgery was performed April 4 at Palos Community Hospital by Dr. Robert Daley. Five to six months later, Jackson was running and playing with his chil-dren. He was also daring to dream the dream again. "After I had my surgery, started working out, start-ed my rehab, after 1 got to the point where I was walking himp-free with no pain, I got with my doctors and my trainers, sat down and started talking about rehabbing for baseball," Jackson said. By January, Jackson was back on center stage, whipping the body into shape and the story into a miracle comeback.

miracle comeback.

And even if the White Sox are not yet penciling him in for a key role, the team that has benefited from Jackson's presence in games only 23 times since signing him in 1991 is promoting the player as bigger than life once again.

The team's approach, in fact, is as unsubtle as a Jackson power run on the football field once was or his rocket sprint into the left-center gap used to be. The White Sox have built a season-ticket campaign around

It jumps out at you from billboards around Chica-go, picturing a reclining, uniform-clad Jackson. Giant-sized advertising copy, blanketing the player like the top part of a body cast, sings out the theme of the team's latest advertising come-on: The Hip Season Ticket.

Number of games: 20. Package cost: \$160.

The White Sox are under contract to pay Jackson \$910,000 this season, the result of a contract signed last March that included option years for 1993 and 1994. The team does have an option to buy him out for \$150,000, a decision that must be made by March 10. Should Jackson sprint by that deadline, this still is likely to be Chicago's last attempt at helping him salvage a career, and Jackson's last attempt to pull off a miracle comeback.

As a handful of teammates and club officials watched, Jackson moved like the wind on a cold Chicago day. It was obvious that no one was ready to give up on either dream, yet.



'After I had my surgery, started working out, started my rehab, after I got to the point where I was walking limp-free with no pain, I got with my doctors and my trainers and started talking about rehabbing for baseball.'

SIDELINES

Little League Fraud Cited in Manila

MANILA (AP) — A Senate committee on Tuesday accused Philippine Little League officials of faking identities of at least five players on the team that was stripped of the Little League World Series title last year. The Committee on Youth and Sports recommended legislation to prevent fraud in sports competition and called for administrative charges to be filed against several officials. Little League International stripped the team of the title and awarded it to a Long Beach, California, team, which lost, 15-4, in September in Williamsport. Pennsvivania.

which lost, 15-4, in September in Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

which lost, 15-4, in September in Williamsport, Pennsylvania. Identities of the players was not an issue in the decision to take away the title. The title was removed after Filipino officials admitted that several players came from other parts of the Philippines in violation of league rules. In its report, the Senate committee said officials faked birth certificates, school records and other documents to hide the identities of five of the 14 players older than the regulation 12 years.

Van Basten Named '92's Top Player

ESTORII, Portugal (Reuters) - Marco van Basten, AC Milan's star

ESTORIL, Portugal (Reuters) — Marco van Basten, AC Milan's star Dutch striker, has been elected the world's best soccer player of 1992. Van Basten, 29, finished ahead of Hristo Stoichkov of Bulgaria, who was second and Germany's Thomas Hässler, who was third, in a vote by 70 national team coaches. Lothar Matthäus won the award in 1991 after leading Germany to victory in the World Cup. Van Basten was named European player of the year in 1988, 1989 and 1992.

Czech-Slovak Soccer Unity Until '94

ZURICH (Reuters) — Czechoslovakia, which split into the Czech Republic and Slovakia on Jan. 1, will be known as RCS, or Representa-tion of Czechs and Slovaks, until the FIFA congress in June 1994, world

soccer's governing body said on Tuesday. The Czechoslovak Football Association will field a joint team if they qualify for the 1994 World Cup.

FSU's Ward May Be Out for Season 4

TALLAHASSEE, Florida (UPI) - Charlie Ward, Florida State's football and basketball star, is expected to miss the next two weeks and possibly the rest of the basketball season with a dislocated left shoulder, the school announced Tnesday.

Ward, who is the quarterback of the school's football team and the starting point guard on the basketball squad, partially dislocated the shoulder in Florida State's 96-77 victory over Georgia Tech on Sunday. Ward led the football team to an 11-1 record and the No. 2 ranking in the country. Florida State's basketball team was 6-1 with Ward in the. starting lineup.

For the Record

Irina Privalova, the Olympic 100-meter bronze medallist, broke Mania Koch's 13-year-old women's 50-meter record with a time of 6.05 seconds. at an indoor meet in Moscow on Tuesday. Koch, a German, set the

at in induct in wisecow on Tuesday. Noch, a Gernan, set day previous record of 6.11 seconds in Grenoble, France, in 1980. (AFP). Super Bowl XXVII was watched by an estimated 1334 million people on Sunday in the United States, making the National Football League title game the most-watched show in U.S. television history. NBC, the network that broadcast it, said Tomotow The most-watched show in U.S.

Thesday. The previous record was, held by the 1986 Super Bowl, be-tween the Chicago Bears and the New England Patriots, which was, watched by an estimated 127 milhon viewers.

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There has been one marvelous goal — a run past defenders, swaying from the hips, the shoulders to unbalance opponents like a matador teasing the There was a purple 20 minutes in a cup match days after the beich. La Gazzetta dello Sport

switched from derision to a drooling eulogy: "Lord Gascoigne." Alas, Gascoigne hasn't yet the self confidence to

when asked if be had a message to Norway recent-

lifts them to fantasy, but Gazza has only fleetingly

Italy will forgive much while the performance

ly was another.

delivered.

needs to learn quickly that Rome put on repeat performances, and by Sunday he will tolerate him only as long as his capacity to was substituted again - his fate in all but a handful of games this season. Lazio's manager, Dino Zoff, tries to be patient. "Paul is the complete footballer," he says. "We must wait until the last part of the season for the best of him." Yet even Zoff is bemused. On Thursday he thought he glimpsed "the great champion we had been waiting months to see: a fantastic show of aptitude, speed, foresight, passing skill and incred-ible footwork."

mind. Gascoigne's use of the f-word on television but a price for that is we seldom see the cheek that has in the past defied logic. Perhaps for that, he must live on the edge, be again "the dog of war with the face of a child," who appealed to Gianni Agnelli, Fiat and Juven-

In the Face of Gascoigne's Antics, Refined Romans Are Not Amused

tus owner, at the 1990 World Cup. When they hand the No. 10 shirt to a foreigner, Italians are looking for something exceptional.

Gascoigne tried to amuse but it came out vulgar. And whether it is true that he

was fined a week's salary, he needs to learn quickly that Rome will tolerate him only as long as his capacity to enchant on the field exceeds his buffoonery off it.

the likes of Ireland's Liam Brady and France's Cragnotti's next words were music to the Italian Michel Platini. Italians adore men who "invent the game," and

it matters not where they come from. It was ever thus, from Juventus's 1930s Argentine, "Minno" Orsi, to Milan's "Gre-No-Li" Scandinavian trio of the 1950s: Gren, Nordahl and Liedholm,

All that is asked is that they observe Italian culture off the field, and transcend it in perfor-mance. And Trevor Francis's impeccable manners at Sampdoria provided proof that the English can conform as well as any.

Gascoigne, alas, clings to ill advice and dubious company. His girlfriend has left his Rome villa, but skinhead, tattooed English friends and family remain; they breath cigarette smoke over the suits of Italians in the posh seats at Stade Olin

ear, the crux of the matter: "That sort of thing may be acceptable in Britain, but not here."

He speaks to a nation where soccer is classless about an immature 26-year-old from England where the sport's roots are working class.

because I know he is as eager as a puppy to please, I hope Italy keeps smoothing away his roughness.

not crushing.

As Rome is well aware, however, Gazza's advisare a world away from Italian style. Ao

Because there is no malice in Gascoigne, and

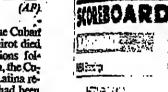
H SKILL IS of the highest, rarest beauty. It springs from the same instinct that produces his humor -- and both need careful channeling,

The 7-day-old haby of the Cubart track star Ana Fidelia Quirot died, Monday from complications fol-lowing her premature birth, the Coban news agency Prensa Latina reported. The baby's birth had been induced after her mother, the Olympic 800-meter bronze medalist, was severely burned in a domestic accident. (Reuters

Tickets for the first and second rounds of soccer's 1994 World Cup in the United States will cost from \$23.75 to \$80 per game, according to applications mailed by tourns

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enchant on the field exceeds his buffoooery off it. It is a challenge beyond sport. Some Italians wish to take this coarse but gifted Englishman and refine him into something resembling a gentleman.

The examination cuts two ways. If Gascoigne improves - and in dress sense the signs are encouraging - will the Eternal City be patient with his struggle back to full fitness after his devastating knee injury? He might be seen like the fat lady squeezed into a

corset for the sake of appearance. The tricky part is removing the stays, letting the essence flow without the excess that makes Italians throw a wobbly. The belch is a mere symbol of his child-like

I have a suspicion that there are too many restraints to give rein to the man-child that makes Gascoigne memorahle. Referees have not, so far, had to admonish his naughtiness, which is good;

The wearer should be the team leader, not in the sense of captaincy, but in play-making.

dona --- and then became a European thing, with are wearing the Lazio uniform."

Lazio tries to wean him slowly away from such nying his star last summer, Mel Stein cut one of the hangers on. The club tries not to judge a man by stranger sights of the Eternal City: He wore a the company he keeps, yet Sergio Cragnotti, who became Lazio president after Gazza was signed, atory middle aged English colonial gents' sandals has his own appearances to keep up.

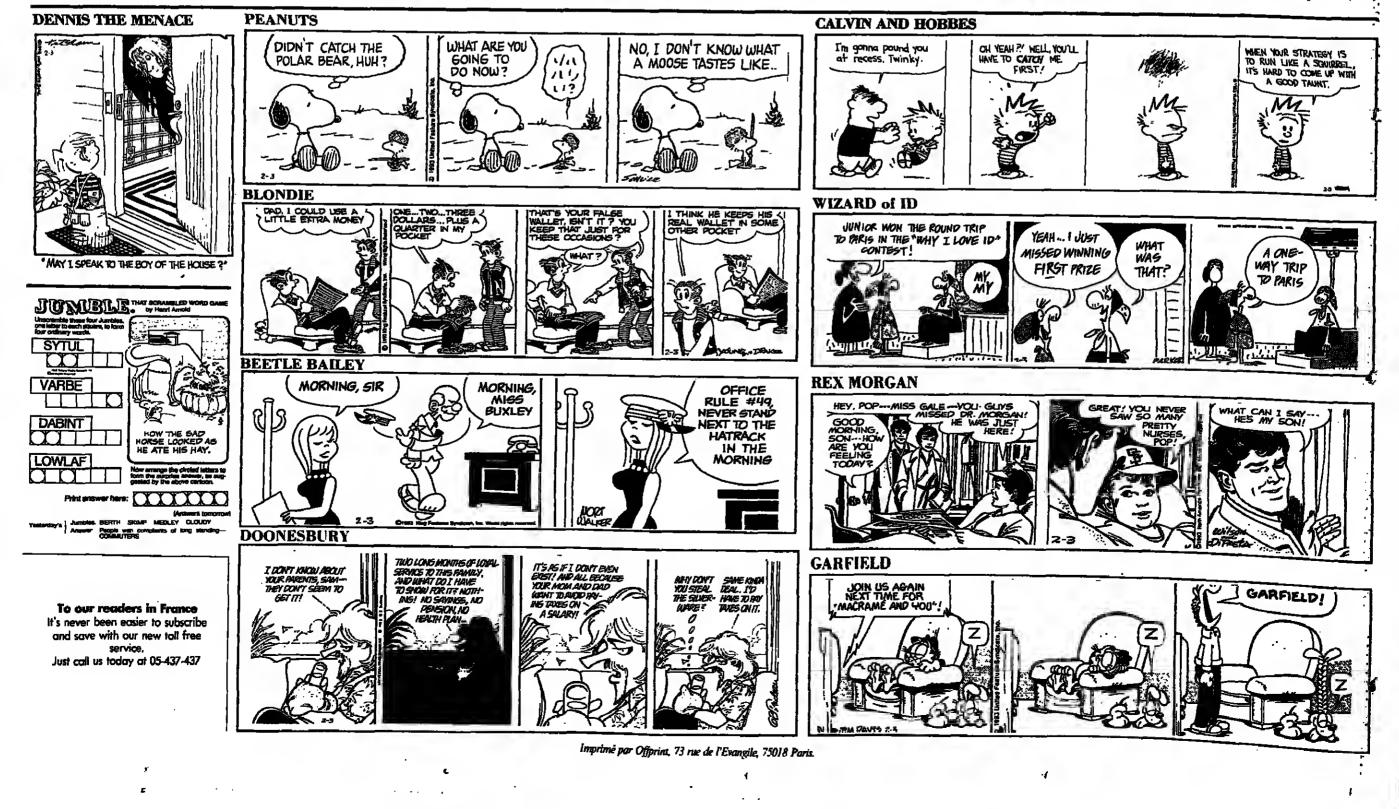
Cragnotti, a financier, is elegance personified. His business, as well as his supremely groomed persona, has become far more widely known throughout Italy since he took on Gazza. And he struck the expected presidential tone last week. "I like Gascoigne a lot, but to be a leader

Italian people are in awe of a soccer player's skills; The No. 10 is a gift to the gods, a fixation that he has to learn that it is all right to do that sort of and that many people in England are ashamed of came from Latin Americans — from Pelé to Mara- thing among ourselves, but oot in public when you hooliganism and eninge at the antics that Gascoigne's agent seems to think are admissible.

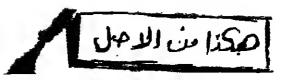
ment organizers. and brown socks.

The American skier Erik Schopy, 20, was in serious but sta-ble condition with an injured spine. And from London last week, Stein reportedly said of the belch: "Italians have no sense of after losing control during a down hill training run at the world skiing championships Tuesday in Shizahumor. It was just a joke. If he had done in England, everybody would have laughed." Not everybody. It is a fact that fewer English than kuishi, Japan

The 1996 cycling world road championships will be held in Mo-naco, the International Cycling Union said Tuesday. (AFP).



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accolades or whatever. It's people

thinking they didn't get their just due. We're all subject to that kind

of feeling, and it's something you try to combat. At least if you know the problem, you can address it."

Aikman had slept "about an

hour" when he showed up to accept

the keys to a new car for winning

the most valuable player trophy. He burned the Bills with four-touchdown passes, including two

to Michael Irvin in an 18-second

stretch of the second quarter, and

was the point man in an offense that gained 408 yards and took ad-

vantage of a record nine Buffalo

"It really hasn't sunk in," said

Aikman, who was up at 3 A.M. for appearances on morning television news shows. "I don't think anyone

realizes the magnitude of the way

we were able to do this. Once we kind of relaxed, things started to click. Really, the credit goes to our

defense because they stopped them

right from the start and got some

turnovers that broke it open. I grew

up watching Dan Marino and John

feels strange to have them watch

While Aikman, Irvin and others departed for the Pro Bowl in Ha-

waii, the rest of the squad flew

home for vacations. City officials

plan a celebratioo parade through

downtown Dallas soon, but, mean-

Elway play in the Super Bowl and it

turnovers.

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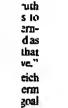
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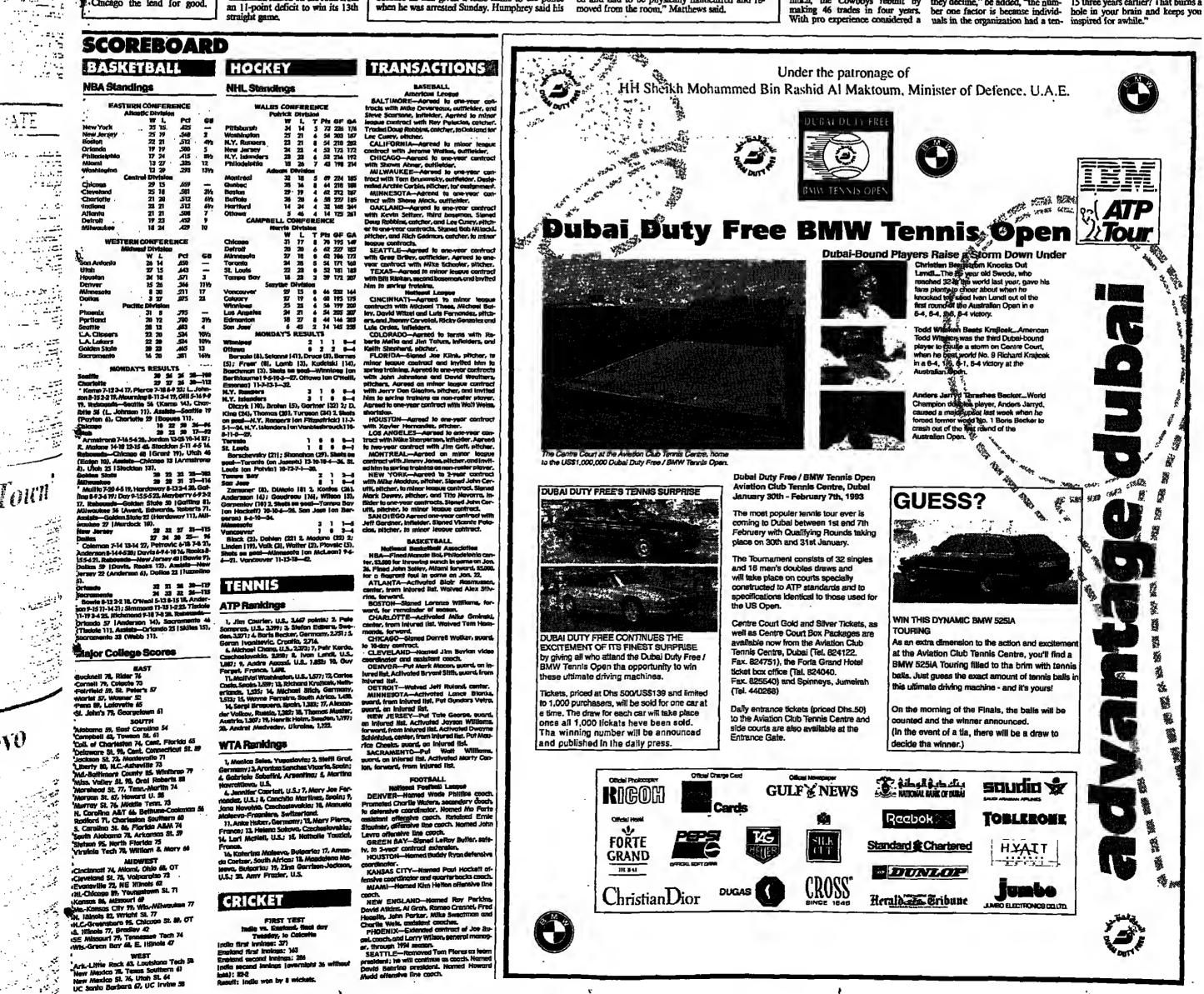
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while, it's a time of relaxation. Johnson said he was planning to visit a place "where the water's clear, the beaches are warm and — a iore there's a few cold ones." ster Tomorrow's problems will be addressed tomorrow. :dly "I have a lot of confidence in our ;ov ong

ability to compete and get in the playoffs next year," Jones said. "How many of these teams went 1-15 three years earlier? That burns a hole in your brain and keeps you inspired for awhile."





. The St. John's players did not crack, no matter how much pressure was put on them. First, it was Georgetown's de-

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THE STATE B

COLLEGE BASKETBALL

Jordan Puts Losing-Streak Queries to Rest

The Associated Press SALT LAKE CITY -Thanks to Michael Jordan, the Chicago Bulls won't have to answer any questions about their longest losing streak in almost two and a half years.

Jordan scored 20 of his 37 points in the fourth quarter Monday night to help Chicago complete a comeback from a 20-point second-half deficit as the Bulls beat Utah, 96-92.

Had Chicago lost, il would have made for a three-game losing streak, its longest since the start of the 1990-91 season.

Karl Malone had 17 of his 40 points in the third quarter, when the Jazz used a 19-7 run to post a 64-47 advantage with 4:36 left. A pair of free throws by John Stockton lifted Utah to a 20-point lead, its largest. Then Jordan took over.

He made a pair of put-backs to trim Utah's lead to 10 with 5:46 to go, and the Bulls scored 12 of the next 14 -with Jordan hitting for 10 points --- to make it 87-all with 2:16 remaining.

B. J. Armstrong's 3-pointer with 53 seconds to play gave Chicago the lead for good.

the 23d-ranked Hoyas in New York. Then came the reporters, with question after question about being alooe in first place, halfway through the Big East season, after being selected ninth in a coaches' preseason poll. Each gave the answer coaches love to hear.

fense. The Redmen responded with a 16-0 run in the second half Mon-day en route to a 79-61 victory over day en route to a 79-61 victory over field and had 19 points. "We could

lose five in a row at any time." St. John's (12-5, 7-2) has won seven of eight, and seven confer-ence victories would have been considered a good total for the entire season. Three four-year starters were gone, and so was the Hall of Fame coach, Lou Carnesecca, The trademark halfcourt defense remains, though, and that is as big a reason as any for the surprising success under Brian Mahoney. Georgetown (12-5, 5-4) and St. John's were tied 42-all with 11:33

to play, even though the Hoyas committed 15 turnovers in the first half and were badly outrebounded. But St. John's then went on a 16-0 run, holding the Hoyas scoreless for 7:07 and taking command.

The run started and ended on a 3-pointer by seldom-used sopho-more forward Sergio Luyk. Luyk had made just three of nine

3-point attempts in conference play this season. He finished with a career-high 11 points, and was 3-for-4 on long-range jumpers.

No. 3 Kansas 86, Missouri 69: Eric Pauley scored 18 points as the Jayhawks beat cold-shooting Mis-souri for the fifth straight time and extended their Big Eight home win-ning streak to 19.

Steve Woodberry added 17 points for Kansas (18-2 overall, 5-0 Big Eight). Mark Atkins led Mis-souri (13-6, 3-2) with 30 points.

No. 4 Cincinnati 74, Miami, Obio 68 (OT): Nick Van Excluted it in regulation with a layup, then scored nine points in overtime as Cincinnati rallied on the road from an 11-point deficit to win its 13th



Dolphins' Humphrey, Free on Bail, Wanted by Police

The Associated Press COLUMBUS, Georgia - The police have issued a warrant for the arrest of the Miami Dolphins' running back Bobby Humphrey, who had been released on bond after being charged with

possession of cocaine and aggravated assault. A Columbus police officer, Robert Matthews, said the police were looking for Humphrey again because he had given a false name to the police when he was arrested Sunday. Humphrey said his

mate, Matthews said. The police found less than a gram of cocaine in the room. "He didn't resist, but he was high and intoxicated and had to be physically handcuffed and re-

moved from the room," Matthews said.

Cowboys Ride High Again 4-Year Surge Renews the Dallas 'Tradition' must, Jones hired Jimmy Johnson, dency to say they didn't get their a college coach, and filled a staff fair share, whether it's in money or By Richard Justice

with people who barely knew the National Football League. In a di-

vision built on muscle and strength,

And in a league where change

comes gradually, the Cowboys made the quickest turnaround in

the Cowboys went for speed.

'It never crossed

my mind we

Washington Pass Service LOS ANGELES - On the morning after winning Super Bowl XXVII, the Dallas Cowboys' owner, Jerry Jones, kept remembering the final game of the 1989 season. In the first eight months after buy-ing "America's Team" and removiog Tom Landry and Tex

history, rising from the ashes of a 1-15 1989 season to go 7-9 in 1990, 11-5 in 1991 and 13-3 in 1992. They Schramm, he had been vilified in the press, beaten on the field and ridiculed by his new colleagues. finished their rebuilding by rolling Then, with a 1-15 season mercifully ending. Jones was awakened at 4 A.M. on Christmas Eve to be told that an ice storm had frozen the plumbing at Texas Statium. Pipes had burst. Restrooms weren't working. And a seasoo finale against the Green Bay Packers was going to be a logistical nightmare.

"I'm lying there in bed wonder-ing what I'd gotten myself into," he recalled, a few hours after his Cowboys crushed the Buffalo Bills, 52-17, in the Super Bowl. "There weren't many times I had regrets about getting into this. But that one made me think."

Times have gotten better. After celebrating the game into the wee hours, Jones awoke with a raspy voice and eyes resembling a Tequila Sunrise as he reflected on a remarkable four years.

"It never crossed my mind we wouldn't win football games," Jones said, "but I now understand just how hard it is. I respect what Coach Landry and Tex did more than ever. There's two Super Bowl trophics back in Dallas, and in a lot of people's minds the Dallas Cowboys are something bigger than life. This is another step in the tradition of the Cowboys. I'm not going to take anything away from what Troy Aikman did and what Jimmy Johnson has done, but it's another chapter in the tradition of the Dalstarts to set in."

"All studies of organizations that In a league that doesn't trade have had success show that when much, the Cowboys rebuilt by they decline," be added, "the nummaking 46 trades in four years, ber one factor is because individ-With pro experience considered a uals in the organization had a ten-

name was Robert Humphries. Giving the police a false name is a misdemeanor in Georgia. Humphrey, 26, was arrested in a Columbus hotel early Sunday when police found him fighting with Vantreise Davis, a former Alabama team-

las Cowboys."

wouldn't win football games, but I now understand just how hard it is.' Jerry Jones, Cowboys' owner

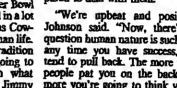
up an 23.7-point average margin of victory in the playoffs and winning the third-most lopsided Super Bowl

in history. As Jones, Johnson and Aikman attended a press conference sounding tired but looking happy, all spoke cantiously about the future. All are aware of the problems

pared to deal with them. "We're upbeat and positive," Johnson said. "Now, there's no question human nature is such that

any time you have success, you tend to pull back. The more times people pat you on the back, the more you're going to think you're pretty good and complacency

teams have had in their post-Super Bowl seasons. All say they are pre-



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OBSERVER

The 'Military Culture'

By Russell Baker

NEW YORK - "Twenty-One Dollars a Day Once a Month" was the title of a song popular just interracial personnel man before Japan's Pearl Harbor attack policy with great success. pushed the United States into World War II. It referred to the salary of newly drafted buck privates. Even in that age of the iron dollar. \$21 a month was hudicrous pay, and the song's popularity re-flected public acknowledgment that Uncle Sam was entitled to serious sacrifice.

If this were still so, there would be no public uproar about admitting homosexuals to the military or giving women the right to be simed and killed in combat. These quarrels are evils caused by turning military service into professional careers for the millions.

In this new professional military the pay is good, the educations opportunities are bright, socialized dicine climinates the civilian's health-care nightmare, and retirement benefits can be collected early in life. What's more, since benefits are underwritten by the government, military pensioners don't have to worry that their pensions may be plundered by some swashbuckling capitalist.

These are highly desirable jobs. Why shouldn't homosexuals insist on getting a fair chance at them? Women, having observed that combat qualification is essential to reaching the top, to winning the big CEO office, quite naturally demand the right to be shot at, and possibly shot up, in combat.

Why shouldn't women have a fair chance at the top jobs with fancy general-and-admiral salaries, swell pensions, chauffeured cars, flunkeys to snap heels and run errands, plus the best housing on the base? It is hard to see what logical or

legal grounds the brass can claim for denying fair and equal treatment in the workplace because of an applicant's sex or sexual orientation. Well, there is talk about the "culture" of military life. Changing this "culture," some say, would reduce corporate efficiency. Really? Military "culture" is al-

ways changing. It changed spectac-ularly after President Truman or-dered an end to its policy of unfair and unequal treatment on grounds of color, What's more, it has han-

dled the change so well that it is widely admired as an example of how large institutions may handle interracial personnel management

The "culture" also changed when the government stopped drafting reluctant citizens for the military. In the present "culture," the ties between citizen and military have been broken, with very unhappy results. These showed up in the hostility that flared between military professionals and civilians while the Vietnam War was going from bad to worse.

Π Once upon a time when most American civilians had served a couple of years in the military, the essionals and the draftees developed an understanding of each other. It was rather like a marriage. Each party had had to learn patience with the other."

The citizen army dwindled, then ceased to exist, the old bonds of understanding withered, citizen and military looked at each other in hostility, and the military gave signs of feeling unappreciated and

A military that feels isolated and misunderstood is bad business for any country. During the Gulf War we saw a small example of Pentagon willfulness in its successful ef-fort to control news coverage. This flowed from the military's conviction that a hostile press had contributed to the Vietnam defeat.

The end of citizen military service was another unhappy result of Vietnam. The draft had become so corruptly tilted against the un-schooled poor that the educated d poor that the educated elite, who might have profited from military service, were excused from it. This left them with unhealthy guilt feelings about the whole thing, which fed their hostility to-ward the military.

In the end somebody thought it would restore public happiness to abandon citizen service and go corporate with the military. Now no-body understands it but the insiders. That's bad for the United States. What's bad for the military is that a government bureaucracy with sweet jobs to offer can no longer hunker down pleading "culture." It has to get off the beach and move inland.

New York Times Service

In Ballet, Young Rebels With a Cause

ists. In 1979, beginning pay was \$300 for 40 weeks. (Basic

salary for company musicians is \$982; in 1979, it was

Ballet training, with all its competitive drive for techni-cal excellence, is demanding to the exclusion of much of what passes for a normal life, and it starts at a very early

age. Single-mindedness is a prerequisite for a career in

But today more dancers are married. Marriage, says

Cynthia Gregory, intensifies a dancer's quest for security. "Practically all the principals and soloists and some corps dancers are married now," Gregory says. "You can have a family and career. And I suppose that's one more reason

why dancers have become more interested in their fi-

nances and in the security of their professional lives."

about going to college during their performing lives. But 26 dancers from City Ballet and one each from Ballet

Until recently, ballet dancers also tended not to think

By Jennifer Dunning New York Times Service

New York Tunes Service NEW YORK — Ballet dancers' brains are in their feet, the satisfier areas N the saying goes. Everyone knows that dancers — or "boys" and "gris," as they are called inside the theater and out — will do anything to dance, from living lives of strict submission to just about everyone they face in the rehearsal studio or classroom to enduring long hours for less pay than the stagehands, designers and musicians who help get their show on the stage. But times have changed. Today's ballet dancers see themselves as valuable professionals with lives of their own.

No longer exotics who trail swan feathers wherever they go, dancers are standing up to management, demanding better wages, benefits and working conditions. They are asking hard questions of the union that represents them. And, while still as committed as ever to their careers in dance, they are going to college, marrying, raising children and buying cars and houses, just like the folks next door. The boys and girls are growing up.

One sign of the change was the appointment in October of Kevin McKenzie as artistic director of the American Ballet Theatre. Dancers have served as ballet company directors before, most notably Mikhail Baryshnikov, who led Ballet Theatre from 1980 to 1989. But for the most part they have been superstars or artists intent on creating a company of their own. McKenzie is from within the ranks, an American-born dancer better known as an elegant 19th-century prince than as a corporate policymaker.

Another sign of a new maturity and toughness on the part of dancers is the class-action suit brought a year ago against the American Guild of Musical Artists, which represents ballet and modern dancers in larger companies, as well as Broadway dancers, singers and stage managers. The suit has been filed by nine current and former princi-pal dancers from Ballet Theatre, the New York City Ballet, Dance Theatre of Harlem and the Joffrey Ballet.

It seeks \$20 million in damages and a change in the union pension plan that would enable dancers to obtain benefits when they retire from dancing, almost always long before the plan's minimum retirement age of 65. The suit is pending in United States district court.

McKenzie organized a benefit, during the second of two labor disputes that resulted in lockouts at Ballet Theater, in 1979 and 1982. The disputes — watersheds in the dancers' slow progress toward greater independence — gave the dancers a heady and unaccustomed taste of self-reliance. The first of the disputes was particularly public and bitter, but groundbreaking gains in wages and working conditions were won. Those who led the battle still talk of it with pride.

"I think dancers grew up a lot during those lockouts," McKenzie says. But the process, suggests the 38-year-old director, was one that was waiting to begin. "Dancers are men and women portraying men and women. They have a hig responsibility to be a performer. No one's going to do it for you, You have to get up and dance yourself. You learn that quickly."

The way had been prepared well before the lockouts. When Rudolf Nureyev defected from the Soviet Union in 1961, he brought new ideas about classical ballet to the West. Ballet, as his exciting pyrotechnics proved, was accessible entertainment, Ballet was also not necessarily a woman's art, and the fact that men have an easier time going into the field today may well have helped legitimize it as a profession.



iplined," he says. Jenifer Ringer, one of City Ballet's most promising youn-ger dancers, is a Fordham stadent. "I always enjoyed school I have a state of the second state of the seco normal people. My focus is on ballet. But if I have a hard day, I can always go think about cells dividing."

Will dancers' growing independence dilute their con-centration and diminish artistry? Choreographers who remember the pre-union days tend to grumble about clock-watching. "An artist simply cannot count time," says Agnes de Mille. "That is the one thing he has to give, and he gives it."

But Carl Corry, a principal dancer with the Joffrey, believes that independence enhances performing. "The union for ballet dancers is not very strong," Corry says, "but at first it added another voice so that dancers could concentrate on their work. It freed them from the expenditure of emotional energy needed to fight for some basic stuff.'

PEOPLE Woody Allen Update: The Global

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What Did Nanny Say? Woody Allen's lawyers say a nan-ny who worked for Min Farrow has testified that the actress pressured her to support charges that Allen-molested their 7-year-old adopted daughter, Dyim. The namy, Monca Thompson, resigned on Jan. 25, after being subpoenaed in the custody battle between Farrow and Allen. She said in depositions that another baby sitter and one of the couple's adopted children, Moses, said they had serious doubts about the accusations. Farrow's attomey, Elessor Alter, said she thought Thompson had "totally recanted" the statements attributed to her and noted that Allen paid Thompson's salary of more than \$40,000 a year. : D

Marisa Berenson is setting up a program to help disabled artists around the world under the UN's educational, scientific and cultural arm, Unesco. She said she would organize benefits in Los Angeles and New York and form an international committee to help raise funds for the cause. Berenson, who has just finished making two movies in Italy, including Chekhov's The Cherry Orchard," has joined the council of Unesco's International Fund for the Promotion of Culture,

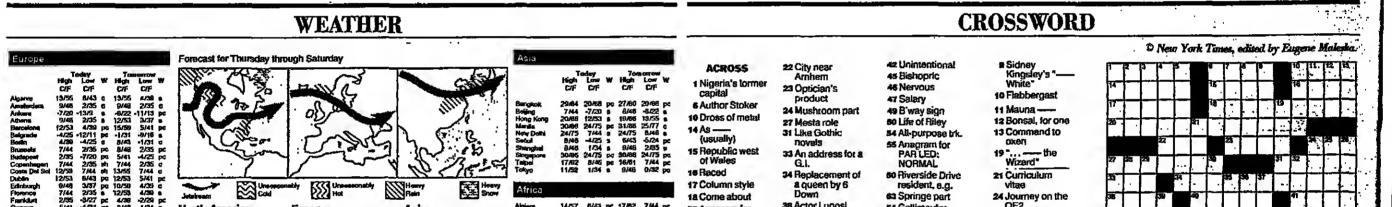
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Jack Mitchell for The New York Times

Lise Marie Presley, the daughter of Erris Presley, has turned 25 but won't take over her father's estate as provided in his will. She is leaving management of his mansion, Graceland, and other parts of El-vis's estate to Jack Soden, head of Elvis Presley Enterprises Inc. The estate, worth \$4.9 million when Presley died on Aug. 16, 1977, is. now estimated to be worth \$50 million to \$100 million. Π

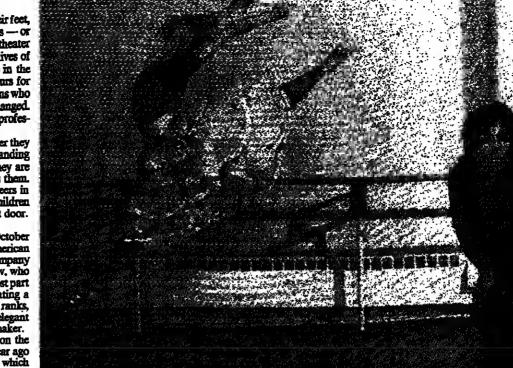
Willie Nelson appears to be on the road again - to financial recovcry. After a year of negotiations, the Internal Revenue Service will accept \$9 million to settle his \$17 million tax debt, according to his lawyer. The IRS will be entitled to money from sales of Nelson's "Who'll Buy My Memories?: The IRS Tapes" and any judgment he might win in a suit against his former accountant.

INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED Appears on Pages 4 & 6



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and Ideals in a Depression Decade

By Richard A. Reiman. 253 pages. \$35. University of Georgia Press.

Reviewed by Herbert Mitgang

FRANKLIN D. Roosevelt's New Deal echoes down to our time because, once again, there's talk of action in the first hundred days after Jan. 20 to spur the econ-omy and provide jobs by government intervention

tration); CCC (Civilian Conservathe Depression and to lift spirits. The NYA (National Youth Administration) is the subject of "The New Deal and American Youth." Richard A. Reiman's well-docu mented book is an object lesson in what happens when a daring program has to leap legislative and administrative hurdles. Reiman writes that ag ies like the National Youth Administration were considered dangerous and un-American by their oppo-nents. Yet the National Recovery

Act in 1933 and the NYA in 1935 were in the American grain; advocates of change could point to the Morrill Land Grant Act in 1862, which established more than 70 land-grant colleges, laying the organization foundation for government-spon- At first, At sored higher education.

of 18 and 25. But what kind of help and toward what end? One group of officials in Washington considered it to be just an-other relief agency, with make-work jobs in schools and community centers. Another group saw it as a

teaching tool to educate the young about how to function intelligently in a modern democracy. Unlike the Civilian Conservation Corps, whose young men worked on specific projects to plant forests and clean rivers, the youth agency was treated with susp ición as a form of regimentation. Many Americans were aware that in Nazi Germany, millions of marching students served in the Hitler youth At first, Aubrey Williams, execu-

tive director of the youth agency,

cation were combined. The agency began to fill the educational void, with training as well as aid programs for high school and college students. Through the NYA and other agencies, the Roosevelt administration started down the road toward transforming the federal government from a financier of schools to a schoolhouse itself.

The author points out that the youth agency came into existence by executive order, not legislative ac-tion. Needless to say, Eleanor Roosevelt worked behind the scenes to bring the the agency to life. The Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1935 had allocated

nearly \$5 billion for relief. From that pie \$50 million was sliced for the NYA.

One of the little-known facts

agency was used as a conduit to aid a small number of refugees from Hitlerism; through the agency, they were promised the private sponsor ship and support that was necessary to enter the United States. But Roosevelt and the State De-

partment stepped gingerly. "The New Deal and American Youth" would have been a stronger book if the author had gone beyond the libraries and archives and interviewed a number of people who, as young men and women, had been sisted by the National Youth Administration. Nevertheless, there's enough here to recommend the book for the new president's night

reading Herbert Mitgang is on the staff of

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The New York Times.

Weeks on list are not FICTION 1 THE ARIDGES OF MADI-SON COUNTY, by Robert 2 DRAGON TEARS, by Dean 3 DOLORES CLAIBORNE, by 4 THE PELICAN BRIEF, by John Grisham 5 DEGREE OF GUILT, by Richard North Patterson 6 TERMINAL, by Robin Cook 7 CLOSE COMBAT, by WEB Griffin 8 THE GENERAL'S DAUGH-TER, by Nelson Demille 10 MIXED BLESSINGS, by

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